

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE PERIOD

01/01/2015 - 31/12/2015

(according to regulations of Article 4 of L.3556/2007)

Societe Anonyme Registration Number 1343/06/B/86/35 General Commercial Reg. Number 264701000



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A. Statement by the Members of the Board of Directors

(in accordance with the article 4, par. 2 of Law 3556/2007)

Hereby, it is confirmed that to the best of our knowledge, the annual company and consolidated financial statements of "CORINTH PIPEWORKS SA", for year end 2015 (1/1/2015 - 31/12/2015), have been prepared in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standards and provide a true and fair view of the assets, the liabilities, the equity and the financial results of the company and the entities included in the consolidated financial statements, taken as a whole.

Furthermore, it is confirmed that to the best of our knowledge, the annual Board of Directors' report presents in a true way the progress, the performance and the net equity position of the Company as well as the companies included in the consolidation as a whole, with a description of the major risks and uncertainties they confront.

Moreover, the full year Board of Directors' report contains the Statement of Corporate Governance, providing information as stipulated in the paragraph 3d article 43a of Codified Law 2190/1920.

Athens, March 7, 2016

The Chairman of BoD Vice Chairman of BoD A member of the BoD

Konstantinos Bakouris Meletios Fikioris Ioannis Stavropoulos



B. BOARD OF DIRECTORS REPORT of the Company "CORINTH PIPEWORKS S.A." on the consolidated and the Company Financial Statements for the period 1/1/2015-31/12/2015

Dear Shareholders,

Pursuant to the provisions of Law 3556/2007, of Law 2190/1920, the decision 7/448/11.10.2007 of the Hellenic Capital Market Commission and the provisions of Law 3873/2010 we submit the Annual Consolidated Board of Directors Report of the company "CORINTH PIPEWORKS S.A." for the Consolidated and the Company Financial Statements of FY 2015.

1) Group Financial performance

A) Significant events during 2015

Operation analysis - financial data

During 2015, the international business environment within the Group operates, was negatively affected by the drop in the prices of oil and natural gas, which resulted to the postponement of a number of energy projects worldwide. Despite all that the Group achieved significant improvement of its results, since it has implemented with absolute success the three energy projects assumed in the USA and at the same time it has completed the sizeable investment plan, which commenced in 2013 and was mainly related to the construction of the new production unit for special large diameter pipes for deep off-shore pipelines (using the LSAW method), the new unit for the production of 24 meters diameter pipes, as well as the units for internal and external coating of 24 meters diameter pipes.

Sales: Consolidated turnover amounted to EUR 296,2 million (2014: EUR 188,2 million), marking an increase of 57,4%. Sales of energy sector amounted to EUR 268,3 million (2014: EUR 160,6 million) increasing by 67,0% while sales of structurals amounted to EUR 27,9 million, that is 1,1 % higher than 2014 (EUR 27,6 million).

Gross Profit: Consolidated gross profit amounted to 69,8 million versus 19,2 million in FY 2014. The increase in relation with prior year in due to an important increase of sales and the increased added value projects completed in 2015. At the same time, gross margin was 23,6% versus 10,2% in FY 2014.

Administrative Expenses: They decreased by 4,9% and amounted to EUR 5,8 million, versus EUR 6,1, million in FY 2014.

Selling Expenses: They amounted to EUR 46,4 million versus 21,9 million in FY 2014.. That is the result of losses from derivatives recorded by the Company in 2015 through the protection against the exchange rate risks(foreign currency hedging), and higher direct selling costs (freight, fees to third parties etc.) due to correspondingly higher sales and the specific terms of delivery included in the projects realised in 2015 compared with those of 2014.

Financial Expenses (net): They are amounting to EUR 7,9 million versus EUR 3,0 million for FY 2014. The increase is mainly due to higher needs in working capital for the execution of orders within the year as showed by the important increase of the turnover, and the exchange differences from valuation of investment capital.

Regarding the Russian energy market, unfortunately due the problems that the Russian economy is facing and the dramatic decrease of the parity between the euro and the ruble in 2015, the profitability of ZAO TMK-CPW showed an important decrease. 49 % of ZAO TMK-CPW is held by HUMBEL Ltd.. The aforementioned company operating in the Russian energy market generated earnings after tax of EUR 2,5 million marking a decrease of 33,7 % versus FY 2014.

Based on a significant improvement of the indicators as analysed above, the consolidated profits before tax amounted to EUR 12,1 million in FY 2015 against losses EUR 4,9 million in FY 2014. The consolidated profit after tax amounted to EUR 7,8 million against losses after tax of EUR 5,6 million in FY 2014.



Net borrowings are amounting to EUR 116,2 million against EUR 107,7. The long term loans are amounting to EUR 76,6 million in 2015 against EUR 76,8 million in 2014 while the short term loans increased to EUR 59,0 million (2014: EUR 32,3 million) due to higher need in working capital. Equity is amounting to EUR 149,4 million showing a decrease against FY 2014 (EUR 139,8 million).

In 2010, the Company has made an impairment to a receivable of (\$ 24.864.102 or \$ 18.627.586) due to its overdue status. On 31/12/2015, the same amount is valuated \$ 22.756.820. While Company's judicial actions, both in Greece and other jurisdictions, for the collection of the aforementioned debt are on-going and while no final judgments have been issued, the Company considers that for the moment there is no reason to revise the provisions amounting to \$ 11.417.597 (2014: \$ 10.258.936) that has formed in its financial statements. Management estimates that potential loss will not exceed the impaired amount.

The Court of Cassation in Dubai upheld the appeal of the Company and decided to cancel the judgement of appeal, in its capital that recognized the fictional counterclaim of Company's customer raised in the context of the action brought against him by the Company and ordered the set off to be carried out with Company's claim recognized irrevocably, and to refer back the case to the Court of Appeal to review the validity of the counterclaim with new panel. Based on assessment of the lawyers handling the legal case before the civil courts of Dubai, most likely the appellate court would dismiss the counterclaim raised by Company's customer. Therefore, the Company believes that the likelihood of an outflow of resources from the outcome of the counterclaim of that customer versus the Company is remote.

In addition the Company to ensure its rights under the decision of the First Instance Court of Athens issued in interim proceedings imposed precautionary seizure and has registered mortgage liens, on third party property involved in the abovementioned case.

Up until 31/12/2015 there were no changes regarding the collection of the due amount.

The following table illustrates the evolution of the key financial ratios:

RATIOS	GROUP			
	31/12/2015 31/12/2014			
General Liquidity Short term assets / Short term liabilities	1,47	1,45		
Own Capital/Total Assets	44%	39%		
EBITDA/Sales	8,91%	1,92%		
Earnings per share	0,0625	-0,0447		

(EBITDA = Earnings Before Interest Tax Depreciation and Amortisation

2. Risks and uncertainties

Due to the nature of its activities, the Group is exposed to a series of risks: financial and business ones. In order to manage these risks, the Group has developed and applies a procedure that addresses company's risks in order to ensure a proper and viable development for the Group.

More specifically:

i) Macroeconomic and Operating Environment in Greece

By Legislative Decree on 28/06/2015, the Greek Banks will remain closed while at the same time controls were imposed on capital movements. The bank holiday ended on July 20, 2015 while the capital controls remains in effect.

A return to economic stability depend, to a high extent, upon the implementation of the agreed terms and conditions of the third bail-out program.

The continuing instability and volatility of the macroeconomic and financial environment in Greece, is likely to negatively affect the Groups and Company's activities. However, as analysed below, the Group and Company's exposure in Greece are limited:



a) Liquidity Risk:

The Group and Company keep their total cash reserve deposit in foreign financial institutions out of Greece. The Group and Company's Cash are invested in counterparties with high credit rating and are readily available.

Furthermore, the Group and Company's financing sources are diversified is such a way that almost 31% of the borrowings are originating from international financial institutions. The Group and Company's reliable creditworthiness ensures an efficient use of the international financial markets for financial purposes.

The Group and Company have direct access to financial sources and are periodically refinancing their short term borrowing liabilities. The Group and Company assess that the refinance of the short term loans will continue in the future if necessary.

b) Operation Risks:

Production/Sales

The Group and Company's Plant Productive potential in Greece is assumed to be affected by capital controls. Group and Company sales in Greece on the total sales are about 7,6% and 8,9% respectively which represent a small percentage of the total profitability. The Group and Company exportations on their total sales are about 92,4% and 91,1% respectively.

Receivables/Clients

Receivables from domestic clients are a small percentage of the total clients receivables of the Group and Company. Therefore, the Group and Company have a limited exposure in revoked or delayed payments.

Suppliers

For the most part, Group and Company operations are depending on foreign suppliers. The Group and Company keep an important part of their total cash abroad and therefore in case that the imposed capital controls remain in effect, they will be in position to unimpededly fulfill their obligation toward their suppliers.

c) Credit risk:

The Group and Company are practicing a specific credit policy focused on a controlled commercial solvability. Wherever it is deemed necessary, additional insurance coverage is required as credit guarantee.

Recent developments create a risk of delaying payments to the Group and Company from Greek clients. Nevertheless, as mentioned before, clients based in Greece are limited.

Considering that the nature of Corinth Pipeworks Group activity is mostly exporting, and considering the financial position of the Company and the Group, any negative development of the Greek economy is unlikely to considerably influence their smooth operation. Despite all that, Management is constantly appraising the situation and its consequences and promptly ensure that the adequate measures are taken in order to minimize the impact on the Group and Company's activities.

ii) Exchange rate risk

The Group operates internationally (92,9% of the sales are to abroad, while all raw materials and auxiliary are imported) and is exposed to exchange rate risk arising from various currencies, but mainly from the US dollar. The Group follows a hedging policy of at least 70% of a given order, either with natural hedging (purchase of resources priced in the sale currency) or with FX forwards or with both.

iii) Interest rate risk

The Group's interest rate risk arises from borrowings. Borrowings issued at variable rates expose the Group to cash flow interest rate risk. Borrowings issued at fixed rates expose the Group to fair value interest rate risk.



During 2015 and 2014, the Group's total borrowings have a variable rate (euribor + spread) and denominated in euro.

iv) Liquidity risk

Prudent liquidity risk management implies maintaining sufficient cash and the ability of funding each project that the Group undertakes through an adequate amount of committed credit facilities. Because of the different cash flow cycle of each project, the Treasury Department. analyzes the needs and whenever it is necessary, uses the committed credit lines with banks and other financial institutions. It is noted that on 31/12/2015 the Group had EUR 19,5 million in cash

v) Credit risk

Credit risk arises from deposits, derivative financial instruments (banks and financial institutions credit risk), as well as credit, granted to customers (customer credit risk). Taking measures to face the Greek financial crisis, the Group has a banking relationship with some of the largest and healthiest financial institutions of the Greek market as well as some major foreign financial institutions, whose credit rating is at least Caa3 (Moody's) for the domestic financial institutions and A (Moody's) for the foreign ones.

The Group has adopted strict procedures for credit control and management of political risk, reviewing data like financial statements, payments' record, possible counter guarantees they can provide etc. A considerable part of sales is against LCs or down payments. When this is not possible, the company uses credit insurance, factoring and when required political risk insurance.

vi) Capital risk

This risk is related to the possibility of operations' interruption, in such a way that the Group will not be able to yield satisfactory returns to its shareholders and other stakeholders. The Group is always trying to achieve the best mix of funds, in order to minimize its cost of capital.

vii) Business risks

Regarding business risks, the Group operates in the international energy markets, which makes it more vulnerable to the prevailing competition. Possible decrease on capital expenditures undertaken by major energy companies and the protectionism of local companies are likely to hinder the competitive position of CORINTH PIPEWORKS. Furthermore, the fact that many core markets, as well as the cost structure of some major competitors are dollar based, in conjunction with a potential euro appreciation, ceteris paribus, dictates a more aggressive pricing policy, that may lead to squeezed profit margins.

Sales in the energy sector are on a project basis, where both selling prices and cost of raw materials are fixed throughout the execution period. However, the market of structurals is often subject to major fluctuations of prices and materials cost.

The Group's activities in the vast Russian energy market and its neighbouring countries, through its participation in ZAO TMK-CPW, beyond the obvious advantages, expose the Group to the economic conditions shaping these countries. Given Russia's dependency on the international commodity prices and especially on energy prices, potential return to the levels of 2009 will certainly have an impact on ZAO TMK-CPW's sales turnover and profitability.

Furthermore, freight rate, which is a major cost variable for the Group, has been extremely volatile in the last few years. Even though the Group may conclude contracts on a project basis, for a big part of its transportation requirements, in cases when this is not possible, chartering is on the spot market, that in turn may affect projects' profitability.

3. Prospects - Estimations

The international economic environment remains volatile. The prices of oil and natural gas are extremely low, affecting negatively the demand for products of the energy sector. On the other hand, the company's significant order backlog (after the award of 270,000 tons of steel pipes for the project TAP which is expected to be sold in



2016 and 2017), the preservation of the EUR:USD foreign exchange rate in levels that render the company's products more competitive, as well as the low raw materials prices are factors that are expected to contribute positively to the operations of Corinth Pipeworks. With years of experience of experience, Corinth Pipeworks is now in position to combine its significant production capacity with product diversification, reaffirming its position among the leading pipe manufacturing companies of the energy sector, on a global scale.

4. Transactions with related parties (IFRS 24)

Sale of goods to

Group is controlled by VIOHALCO SA. incorporated in Belgium that owns 85,88% of the company's shares. The remaining 14,12% of the shares are free floated.

In the following tables, are illustrated the important intra-company sales and other transactions with related parties (according to IAS 24). The related parties are members of VIOHALCO SA Group:

31/12/2015

31/12/2014

Sale of goods to	<u>31/12/2015</u>	<u>31/12/2014</u>
ANAMET SA	511.789,94	3.108.769,83
DOJRAN STEEL DOO	168.371,20	0
METAL AGENCIES LTD	401.729,00	474.568,93
GENECOS SA	14.994,00	0
PROSAL TUBES SA	61.383,13	244.885,46
SIDMA BULGARIA SA	60.493,93	37.578,45
SIDMA ROMANIA SRL	0	25.902,60
TEPROMETAL AG	4.158.739,23	2.547.815,98
AEIFOROS SA	2.541,50	0
ELVAL SA	6.121,37	7.769,47
ELVAL HOLDINGS SA	2.267,62	0
HELLENIC CABLES SA	4.288.02	4.561,37
ETHL SA	721,06	20.109,26
SIDENOR HOLDINGS SA	0	1.736,46
SIDENOR STEEL INDUSTRY SA	2.618.317,44	0
SIDMA SA	69.421,33	45.348,33
SOVEL SA	442.251,90	62.437,18
HALCOR SA	3.359,97	534,97
FULGOR SA	2.768,76	2.384,55
TOLGOROA		
Sale of services to	<u>31/12/2015</u>	<u>31/12/2014</u>
ELKEME SA	1.300,00	840,00
SOVEL SA	0	1.413,99
STEELMET (CY) LTD	4.500,00	7.500,00
TEPROMETAL AG	0	2.240,33
DIAVIPETHIV SA	419.398,64	334.195,94
HELLENIC CABLES SA	27.431,11	43.964,89
CORINTH COMMERCIAL PARK SA	0	48.833,14
PRAKSYS SA	2.990,50	2.994,31
SIDENOR HOLDINGS SA	0	3.237,67
SIDENOR STEEL INDUSTRY SA	132.993,09	192.517,43
BET SA	208,10	187,05
SIDMA ROMANIA SRL	0	270,00
STOMANA INDUSTRY	57.137,91	26.814,41
Sales of fixed assets to	<u>31/12/2015</u>	31/12/2014
STOMANA INDUSTRY	0	3.620.000,00
	31/12/2015	31/12/2014
Purchase of goods from	<u></u> -	·
ELVAL SA	0	345.356,86
LESCO LTD	816.330,23	341.116,71
PROSAL TUBES SA	3.323.168,31	0
SOFIA MED SA	12.392,96	1.195.892,83
SOVEL SA	0	392.360,2
HELLENIC CABLES SA	0	8.853,38
ERLIKON SA	9.723,15	7.226,89
ETHL SA	0	8.616,00
VIOHALCO SA (GREEK BRANCH)	2.353.102,10	0
SIDENOR STEEL INDUSTRY SA	0	268.188
STOMANA INDUSTRY	88.143,44	17.712.098,96
Purchase of services from	31/12/2015	31/12/2014
GENECOS SA	5.338,17	2.592,15
METAL AGENCIES LTD	474.031,64	302.569,84
TEKA SYSTEMS SA	39.255.00	964,00
FULGOR SA	15.184,46	12.017,97
I ULUUN JA	13 104 40	17 017 97
		,



NOVAL SA	201.728,40	201.728,40
SANITAS AE	481,08	489,42
TEPROMETAL AG	314.510,91	83.658,84
AEIFOROS SA	7.161,68	4.085,86
ANTIMET SA	88.944,56	18.624,35
BET SA	72,50	0
VIEXAL LTD	388.727,20	375.136,30
DIAVIPETHIV SA	1.155.326,95	1.202.566,73
ELKEME SA	96.000,00	50.000,00
HELLENIC CABLES SA	42.813,72	8.676,17
ERGOSTEEL SA	5.622,35	120,00
ELVAL SA	79,95	651,00
HALCOR SA	36.991,17	2.592,00
PRAKSYS SA	181.778,29	179.489,84
ETHL SA	678,00	0
SIDENOR STEEL INDUSTRY SA	429.158,75	438.845,73
SIDENOR HOLDINGS SA	0	20.710,22
CORINTH COMMERCIAL PARK SA	995,24	0
SIDMA SA	651.087,98	399.433,26
SOVEL SA	26.086,20	152.919,30
VIOHALCO SA (GREEK BRANCH)	46.634,80	0
STEELMET SA	871.540,70	803.691,63
	24/42/2045	
Purchase of fixed assets from	<u>31/12/2015</u>	<u>31/12/2014</u>
TEKA SYSTEMS SA	1.461.883,84	318.783,85
VIEXAL LTD	5.910,17	47.012,47
DIAVIPETHIV SA	0	5.645,35
HELLENIC CABLES SA	339.722,59	523.981,36
ERGOSTEEL SA	57.495,50	333.068,40
ERLIKON SA	635,43	542,68
ETHL SA	5.854,00	14.298,64
LESCO LTD	0	13.060,10
PANELCO SA	40.456,64	185.149,07
VIOHALCO SA (GREEK BRANCH)	599,00	0
SOVEL SA	80.000,00	66.220,19
SIDMA SA	111.690,96	194.321,72
SIDENOR STEEL INDUSTRY SA	68.806,70	392,52
SIDENOR STEEL INDUSTRY SA	00.000,10	
ELVAL SA	0	1.200,00
	0 300,96	1.200,00 102.860,51
ELVAL SA	0	
ELVAL SA CORINTH COMMERCIAL PARK SA STOMANA INDUSTRY	0 300,96 148,11	102.860,51 0
ELVAL SA CORINTH COMMERCIAL PARK SA STOMANA INDUSTRY Purchase of equity shares from	0 300,96 148,11 <u>31/12/2015</u>	102.860,51 0 31/12/2014
ELVAL SA CORINTH COMMERCIAL PARK SA STOMANA INDUSTRY Purchase of equity shares from VIOHALCO SA (GREEK BRANCH)	300,96 148,11 31/12/2015 36.000,00	102.860,51 0 31/12/2014 0
ELVAL SA CORINTH COMMERCIAL PARK SA STOMANA INDUSTRY Purchase of equity shares from	0 300,96 148,11 <u>31/12/2015</u>	102.860,51 0 31/12/2014
ELVAL SA CORINTH COMMERCIAL PARK SA STOMANA INDUSTRY Purchase of equity shares from VIOHALCO SA (GREEK BRANCH) BET SA	300,96 148,11 31/12/2015 36.000,00 30,00	102.860,51 0 31/12/2014 0 0
ELVAL SA CORINTH COMMERCIAL PARK SA STOMANA INDUSTRY Purchase of equity shares from VIOHALCO SA (GREEK BRANCH) BET SA Receivables from related parties	300,96 148,11 31/12/2015 36.000,00 30,00 31/12/2015	102.860,51 0 31/12/2014 0 0 31/12/2014
ELVAL SA CORINTH COMMERCIAL PARK SA STOMANA INDUSTRY Purchase of equity shares from VIOHALCO SA (GREEK BRANCH) BET SA Receivables from related parties ANAMET SA	0 300,96 148,11 31/12/2015 36,000,00 30,00 31/12/2015 4,580,448,53	102.860,51 0 31/12/2014 0 0 31/12/2014 7.373.658,59
ELVAL SA CORINTH COMMERCIAL PARK SA STOMANA INDUSTRY Purchase of equity shares from VIOHALCO SA (GREEK BRANCH) BET SA Receivables from related parties ANAMET SA ANTIMET SA	0 300,96 148,11 31/12/2015 36.000,00 30,00 31/12/2015 4.580.448,53 686.681,57	102.860,51 0 31/12/2014 0 0 31/12/2014 7.373.658,59 191.680,34
ELVAL SA CORINTH COMMERCIAL PARK SA STOMANA INDUSTRY Purchase of equity shares from VIOHALCO SA (GREEK BRANCH) BET SA Receivables from related parties ANAMET SA ANTIMET SA PROSAL TUBES SA	0 300,96 148,11 31/12/2015 36.000,00 30,00 31/12/2015 4.580.448,53 686.681,57 6.744,60	102.860,51 0 31/12/2014 0 0 31/12/2014 7.373.658,59 191.680,34 89.302,93
ELVAL SA CORINTH COMMERCIAL PARK SA STOMANA INDUSTRY Purchase of equity shares from VIOHALCO SA (GREEK BRANCH) BET SA Receivables from related parties ANAMET SA ANTIMET SA PROSAL TUBES SA SIDMA BULGARIA SA	0 300,96 148,11 31/12/2015 36.000,00 30,00 31/12/2015 4.580.448,53 686.681,57 6.744,60 4.432,75	102.860,51 0 31/12/2014 0 0 31/12/2014 7.373.658,59 191.680,34 89.302,93 13.504,05
ELVAL SA CORINTH COMMERCIAL PARK SA STOMANA INDUSTRY Purchase of equity shares from VIOHALCO SA (GREEK BRANCH) BET SA Receivables from related parties ANAMET SA ANTIMET SA PROSAL TUBES SA SIDMA BULGARIA SA METAL AGENCIES LTD	0 300,96 148,11 31/12/2015 36.000,00 30,00 31/12/2015 4.580.448,53 686.681,57 6.744,60 4.432,75 194.222,70	102.860,51 0 31/12/2014 0 0 31/12/2014 7.373.658,59 191.680,34 89.302,93 13.504,05 54.338,16
ELVAL SA CORINTH COMMERCIAL PARK SA STOMANA INDUSTRY Purchase of equity shares from VIOHALCO SA (GREEK BRANCH) BET SA Receivables from related parties ANAMET SA ANTIMET SA PROSAL TUBES SA SIDMA BULGARIA SA METAL AGENCIES LTD NOVAL SA	0 300,96 148,11 31/12/2015 36.000,00 30,00 31/12/2015 4.580.448,53 686.681,57 6.744,60 4.432,75 194.222,70 0	102.860,51 0 31/12/2014 0 0 31/12/2014 7.373.658,59 191.680,34 89.302,93 13.504,05 54.338,16 83.523,12
ELVAL SA CORINTH COMMERCIAL PARK SA STOMANA INDUSTRY Purchase of equity shares from VIOHALCO SA (GREEK BRANCH) BET SA Receivables from related parties ANAMET SA ANTIMET SA PROSAL TUBES SA SIDMA BULGARIA SA METAL AGENCIES LTD NOVAL SA FULGOR SA	0 300,96 148,11 31/12/2015 36.000,00 30,00 31/12/2015 4.580.448,53 686.681,57 6.744,60 4.432,75 194.222,70 0 2.664,44	102.860,51 0 31/12/2014 0 0 31/12/2014 7.373.658,59 191.680,34 89.302,93 13.504,05 54.338,16 83.523,12 0
ELVAL SA CORINTH COMMERCIAL PARK SA STOMANA INDUSTRY Purchase of equity shares from VIOHALCO SA (GREEK BRANCH) BET SA Receivables from related parties ANAMET SA ANTIMET SA PROSAL TUBES SA SIDMA BULGARIA SA METAL AGENCIES LTD NOVAL SA FULGOR SA STEELMET (CY) LTD	0 300,96 148,11 31/12/2015 36.000,00 30,00 31/12/2015 4.580.448,53 686.681,57 6.744,60 4.432,75 194.222,70 0 2.664,44 12.961,71	102.860,51 0 31/12/2014 0 0 31/12/2014 7.373.658,59 191.680,34 89.302,93 13.504,05 54.338,16 83.523,12 0 11.606,71
ELVAL SA CORINTH COMMERCIAL PARK SA STOMANA INDUSTRY Purchase of equity shares from VIOHALCO SA (GREEK BRANCH) BET SA Receivables from related parties ANAMET SA ANTIMET SA PROSAL TUBES SA SIDMA BULGARIA SA METAL AGENCIES LTD NOVAL SA FULGOR SA STEELMET (CY) LTD TEPROMETAL AG	0 300,96 148,11 31/12/2015 36,000,00 30,00 31/12/2015 4.580.448,53 686.681,57 6.744,60 4.432,75 194.222,70 0 2.664,44 12.961,71 3.417.685,09	102.860,51 0 31/12/2014 0 0 31/12/2014 7.373.658,59 191.680,34 89.302,93 13.504,05 54.338,16 83.523,12 0 11.606,71 3.222.766,86
ELVAL SA CORINTH COMMERCIAL PARK SA STOMANA INDUSTRY Purchase of equity shares from VIOHALCO SA (GREEK BRANCH) BET SA Receivables from related parties ANAMET SA ANTIMET SA PROSAL TUBES SA SIDMA BULGARIA SA METAL AGENCIES LTD NOVAL SA FULGOR SA STEELMET (CY) LTD TEPROMETAL AG DIAVIPETHIV SA	0 300,96 148,11 31/12/2015 36,000,00 30,00 31/12/2015 4.580.448,53 686.681,57 6.744,60 4.432,75 194.222,70 0 2.664,44 12.961,71 3.417.685,09 3.616.173,67	102.860,51 0 31/12/2014 0 0 31/12/2014 7.373.658,59 191.680,34 89.302,93 13.504,05 54.338,16 83.523,12 0 11.606,71 3.222.766,86 3.616.173,67
ELVAL SA CORINTH COMMERCIAL PARK SA STOMANA INDUSTRY Purchase of equity shares from VIOHALCO SA (GREEK BRANCH) BET SA Receivables from related parties ANAMET SA ANTIMET SA PROSAL TUBES SA SIDMA BULGARIA SA METAL AGENCIES LTD NOVAL SA FULGOR SA STEELMET (CY) LTD TEPROMETAL AG DIAVIPETHIV SA ELVAL SA	0 300,96 148,11 31/12/2015 36.000,00 30,00 31/12/2015 4.580.448,53 686.681,57 6.744,60 4.432,75 194.222,70 0 2.664,44 12.961,71 3.417.685,09 3.616.173,67 7.529,29	102.860,51 0 31/12/2014 0 0 31/12/2014 7.373.658,59 191.680,34 89.302,93 13.504,05 54.338,16 83.523,12 0 11.606,71 3.222.766,86 3.616.173,67 9.556,45
ELVAL SA CORINTH COMMERCIAL PARK SA STOMANA INDUSTRY Purchase of equity shares from VIOHALCO SA (GREEK BRANCH) BET SA Receivables from related parties ANAMET SA ANTIMET SA PROSAL TUBES SA SIDMA BULGARIA SA METAL AGENCIES LTD NOVAL SA FULGOR SA STEELMET (CY) LTD TEPROMETAL AG DIAVIPETHIV SA ELVAL SA HELLENIC CABLES SA	0 300,96 148,11 31/12/2015 36.000,00 30,00 31/12/2015 4.580.448,53 686.681,57 6.744,60 4.432,75 194.222,70 0 2.664,44 12.961,71 3.417.685,09 3.616.173,67 7.529,29 202.146,83	102.860,51 0 31/12/2014 0 0 31/12/2014 7.373.658,59 191.680,34 89.302,93 13.504,05 54.338,16 83.523,12 0 11.606,71 3.222.766,86 3.616.173,67 9.556,45 181.659,81
ELVAL SA CORINTH COMMERCIAL PARK SA STOMANA INDUSTRY Purchase of equity shares from VIOHALCO SA (GREEK BRANCH) BET SA Receivables from related parties ANAMET SA ANTIMET SA PROSAL TUBES SA SIDMA BULGARIA SA METAL AGENCIES LTD NOVAL SA FULGOR SA STEELMET (CY) LTD TEPROMETAL AG DIAVIPETHIV SA ELVAL SA HELLENIC CABLES SA SIDENOR STEEL INDUSTRY SA	0 300,96 148,11 31/12/2015 36.000,00 30,00 31/12/2015 4.580.448,53 686.681,57 6.744,60 4.432,75 194.222,70 0 2.664,44 12.961,71 3.417.685,09 3.616.173,67 7.529,29 202.146,83 1.935.060,05	102.860,51 0 31/12/2014 0 0 31/12/2014 7.373.658,59 191.680,34 89.302,93 13.504,05 54.338,16 83.523,12 0 11.606,71 3.222.766,86 3.616.173,67 9.556,45 181.659,81
ELVAL SA CORINTH COMMERCIAL PARK SA STOMANA INDUSTRY Purchase of equity shares from VIOHALCO SA (GREEK BRANCH) BET SA Receivables from related parties ANAMET SA ANTIMET SA PROSAL TUBES SA SIDMA BULGARIA SA METAL AGENCIES LTD NOVAL SA FULGOR SA STEELMET (CY) LTD TEPROMETAL AG DIAVIPETHIV SA ELVAL SA HELLENIC CABLES SA SIDENOR STEEL INDUSTRY SA CORINTH COMMERCIAL PARK SA	0 300,96 148,11 31/12/2015 36.000,00 30,00 31/12/2015 4.580.448,53 686.681,57 6.744,60 4.432,75 194.222,70 0 2.664,44 12.961,71 3.417.685,09 3.616.173,67 7.529,29 202.146,83 1.935.060,05 130.216,27	102.860,51 0 31/12/2014 0 0 31/12/2014 7.373.658,59 191.680,34 89.302,93 13.504,05 54.338,16 83.523,12 0 11.606,71 3.222.766,86 3.616.173,67 9.556,45 181.659,81 0 258.329,03
ELVAL SA CORINTH COMMERCIAL PARK SA STOMANA INDUSTRY Purchase of equity shares from VIOHALCO SA (GREEK BRANCH) BET SA Receivables from related parties ANAMET SA ANTIMET SA PROSAL TUBES SA SIDMA BULGARIA SA METAL AGENCIES LTD NOVAL SA FULGOR SA STEELMET (CY) LTD TEPROMETAL AG DIAVIPETHIV SA ELVAL SA HELLENIC CABLES SA SIDENOR STEEL INDUSTRY SA CORINTH COMMERCIAL PARK SA PRAKSYS SA	0 300,96 148,11 31/12/2015 36.000,00 30,00 31/12/2015 4.580.448,53 686.681,57 6.744,60 4.432,75 194.222,70 0 2.664,44 12.961,71 3.417.685,09 3.616.173,67 7.529,29 202.146,83 1.935.060,05 130.216,27 4.708,45	102.860,51 0 31/12/2014 0 0 31/12/2014 7.373.658,59 191.680,34 89.302,93 13.504,05 54.338,16 83.523,12 0 11.606,71 3.222.766,86 3.616.173,67 9.556,45 181.659,81 0 258.329,03 1.030,14
ELVAL SA CORINTH COMMERCIAL PARK SA STOMANA INDUSTRY Purchase of equity shares from VIOHALCO SA (GREEK BRANCH) BET SA Receivables from related parties ANAMET SA ANTIMET SA PROSAL TUBES SA SIDMA BULGARIA SA METAL AGENCIES LTD NOVAL SA FULGOR SA STEELMET (CY) LTD TEPROMETAL AG DIAVIPETHIV SA ELVAL SA HELLENIC CABLES SA SIDENOR STEEL INDUSTRY SA CORINTH COMMERCIAL PARK SA PRAKSYS SA SIDENOR HOLDINGS SA	0 300,96 148,11 31/12/2015 36.000,00 30,00 31/12/2015 4.580.448,53 686.681,57 6.744,60 4.432,75 194.222,70 0 2.664,44 12.961,71 3.417.685,09 3.616.173,67 7.529,29 202.146,83 1.935.060,05 130.216,27 4.708,45 0	102.860,51 0 31/12/2014 0 0 31/12/2014 7.373.658,59 191.680,34 89.302,93 13.504,05 54.338,16 83.523,12 0 11.606,71 3.222.766,86 3.616.173,67 9.556,45 181.659,81 0 258.329,03 1.030,14 10.318,52
ELVAL SA CORINTH COMMERCIAL PARK SA STOMANA INDUSTRY Purchase of equity shares from VIOHALCO SA (GREEK BRANCH) BET SA Receivables from related parties ANAMET SA ANTIMET SA PROSAL TUBES SA SIDMA BULGARIA SA METAL AGENCIES LTD NOVAL SA FULGOR SA STEELMET (CY) LTD TEPROMETAL AG DIAVIPETHIV SA ELVAL SA HELLENIC CABLES SA SIDENOR STEEL INDUSTRY SA CORINTH COMMERCIAL PARK SA PRAKSYS SA SIDENOR HOLDINGS SA SIDENOR HOLDINGS SA SIDMA SA	0 300,96 148,11 31/12/2015 36,000,00 30,00 31/12/2015 4.580.448,53 686.681,57 6.744,60 4.432,75 194.222,70 0 2.664,44 12.961,71 3.417.685,09 3.616.173,67 7.529,29 202.146,83 1.935.060,05 130.216,27 4.708,45 0 5.142.342,43	102.860,51 0 31/12/2014 0 0 31/12/2014 7.373.658,59 191.680,34 89.302,93 13.504,05 54.338,16 83.523,12 0 11.606,71 3.222.766,86 3.616.173,67 9.556,45 181.659,81 0 258.329,03 1.030,14 10.318,52 2.641.758,64
ELVAL SA CORINTH COMMERCIAL PARK SA STOMANA INDUSTRY Purchase of equity shares from VIOHALCO SA (GREEK BRANCH) BET SA Receivables from related parties ANAMET SA ANTIMET SA PROSAL TUBES SA SIDMA BULGARIA SA METAL AGENCIES LTD NOVAL SA FULGOR SA STEELMET (CY) LTD TEPROMETAL AG DIAVIPETHIV SA ELVAL SA HELLENIC CABLES SA SIDENOR STEEL INDUSTRY SA CORINTH COMMERCIAL PARK SA PRAKSYS SA SIDENOR HOLDINGS SA SIDMA SA STOMANA INDUSTRY	0 300,96 148,11 31/12/2015 36,000,00 30,00 31/12/2015 4.580.448,53 686.681,57 6.744,60 4.432,75 194.222,70 0 2.664,44 12.961,71 3.417.685,09 3.616.173,67 7.529,29 202.146,83 1.935.060,05 130.216,27 4.708,45 0 5.142.342,43 4.042.832,32	102.860,51 0 31/12/2014 0 0 31/12/2014 7.373.658,59 191.680,34 89.302,93 13.504,05 54.338,16 83.523,12 0 11.606,71 3.222.766,86 3.616.173,67 9.556,45 181.659,81 0 258.329,03 1.030,14 10.318,52
ELVAL SA CORINTH COMMERCIAL PARK SA STOMANA INDUSTRY Purchase of equity shares from VIOHALCO SA (GREEK BRANCH) BET SA Receivables from related parties ANAMET SA ANTIMET SA PROSAL TUBES SA SIDMA BULGARIA SA METAL AGENCIES LTD NOVAL SA FULGOR SA STEELMET (CY) LTD TEPROMETAL AG DIAVIPETHIV SA ELVAL SA HELLENIC CABLES SA SIDENOR STEEL INDUSTRY SA CORINTH COMMERCIAL PARK SA PRAKSYS SA SIDENOR HOLDINGS SA SIDENOR HOLDINGS SA SIDMA SA	0 300,96 148,11 31/12/2015 36,000,00 30,00 31/12/2015 4.580.448,53 686.681,57 6.744,60 4.432,75 194.222,70 0 2.664,44 12.961,71 3.417.685,09 3.616.173,67 7.529,29 202.146,83 1.935.060,05 130.216,27 4.708,45 0 5.142.342,43 4.042.832,32 205.215,66	102.860,51 0 31/12/2014 0 0 31/12/2014 7.373.658,59 191.680,34 89.302,93 13.504,05 54.338,16 83.523,12 0 11.606,71 3.222.766,86 3.616.173,67 9.556,45 181.659,81 0 258.329,03 1.030,14 10.318,52 2.641.758,64 4.443.214,41
ELVAL SA CORINTH COMMERCIAL PARK SA STOMANA INDUSTRY Purchase of equity shares from VIOHALCO SA (GREEK BRANCH) BET SA Receivables from related parties ANAMET SA ANTIMET SA PROSAL TUBES SA SIDMA BULGARIA SA METAL AGENCIES LTD NOVAL SA FULGOR SA STEELMET (CY) LTD TEPROMETAL AG DIAVIPETHIV SA ELVAL SA HELLENIC CABLES SA SIDENOR STEEL INDUSTRY SA CORINTH COMMERCIAL PARK SA PRAKSYS SA SIDENOR HOLDINGS SA SIDMANA INDUSTRY SOVEL SA HALCOR SA	0 300,96 148,11 31/12/2015 36,000,00 30,00 31/12/2015 4.580.448,53 686.681,57 6.744,60 4.432,75 194.222,70 0 2.664,44 12.961,71 3.417.685,09 3.616.173,67 7.529,29 202.146,83 1.935.060,05 130.216,27 4.708,45 0 5.142.342,43 4.042.832,32	102.860,51 0 31/12/2014 0 0 31/12/2014 7.373.658,59 191.680,34 89.302,93 13.504,05 54.338,16 83.523,12 0 11.606,71 3.222.766,86 3.616.173,67 9.556,45 181.659,81 0 258.329,03 1.030,14 10.318,52 2.641.758,64 4.443.214,41
ELVAL SA CORINTH COMMERCIAL PARK SA STOMANA INDUSTRY Purchase of equity shares from VIOHALCO SA (GREEK BRANCH) BET SA Receivables from related parties ANAMET SA ANTIMET SA PROSAL TUBES SA SIDMA BULGARIA SA METAL AGENCIES LTD NOVAL SA FULGOR SA STEELMET (CY) LTD TEPROMETAL AG DIAVIPETHIV SA ELVAL SA HELLENIC CABLES SA SIDENOR STEEL INDUSTRY SA CORINTH COMMERCIAL PARK SA PRAKSYS SA SIDENOR HOLDINGS SA SIDENOR SA STOMANA INDUSTRY SOVEL SA HALCOR SA ETHL SA	0 300,96 148,11 31/12/2015 36.000,00 30,00 31/12/2015 4.580.448,53 686.681,57 6.744,60 4.432,75 194.222,70 0 2.664,44 12.961,71 3.417.685,09 3.616.173,67 7.529,29 202.146,83 1.935.060,05 130.216,27 4.708,45 0 5.142.342,43 4.042.832,32 205.215,66 1.359,53 0	102.860,51 0 31/12/2014 0 0 31/12/2014 7.373.658,59 191.680,34 89.302,93 13.504,05 54.338,16 83.523,12 0 11.606,71 3.222.766,86 3.616.173,67 9.556,45 181.659,81 0 258.329,03 1.030,14 10.318,52 2.641.758,64 4.443.214,41
ELVAL SA CORINTH COMMERCIAL PARK SA STOMANA INDUSTRY Purchase of equity shares from VIOHALCO SA (GREEK BRANCH) BET SA Receivables from related parties ANAMET SA ANTIMET SA PROSAL TUBES SA SIDMA BULGARIA SA METAL AGENCIES LTD NOVAL SA FULGOR SA STEELMET (CY) LTD TEPROMETAL AG DIAVIPETHIV SA ELVAL SA HELLENIC CABLES SA SIDENOR STEEL INDUSTRY SA CORINTH COMMERCIAL PARK SA PRAKSYS SA SIDENOR HOLDINGS SA SIDMANA INDUSTRY SOVEL SA HALCOR SA	0 300,96 148,11 31/12/2015 36,000,00 30,00 31/12/2015 4.580.448,53 686.681,57 6.744,60 4.432,75 194.222,70 0 2.664,44 12.961,71 3.417.685,09 3.616.173,67 7.529,29 202.146,83 1.935.060,05 130.216,27 4.708,45 0 5.142.342,43 4.042.832,32 205.215,66 1.359,53 0 136.159,48	102.860,51 0 31/12/2014 7.373.658,59 191.680,34 89.302,93 13.504,05 54.338,16 83.523,12 0 11.606,71 3.222.766,86 3.616.173,67 9.556,45 181.659,81 0 258.329,03 1.030,14 10.318,52 2.641.758,64 4.443.214,41 0 0 20.837,76
ELVAL SA CORINTH COMMERCIAL PARK SA STOMANA INDUSTRY Purchase of equity shares from VIOHALCO SA (GREEK BRANCH) BET SA Receivables from related parties ANAMET SA ANTIMET SA PROSAL TUBES SA SIDMA BULGARIA SA METAL AGENCIES LTD NOVAL SA FULGOR SA STEELMET (CY) LTD TEPROMETAL AG DIAVIPETHIV SA ELVAL SA HELLENIC CABLES SA SIDENOR STEEL INDUSTRY SA CORINTH COMMERCIAL PARK SA PRAKSYS SA SIDENOR HOLDINGS SA SIDMA SA STOMANA INDUSTRY SOVEL SA HALCOR SA ETHL SA SOFIA MED	0 300,96 148,11 31/12/2015 36.000,00 30,00 31/12/2015 4.580.448,53 686.681,57 6.744,60 4.432,75 194.222,70 0 2.664,44 12.961,71 3.417.685,09 3.616.173,67 7.529,29 202.146,83 1.935.060,05 130.216,27 4.708,45 0 5.142.342,43 4.042.832,32 205.215,66 1.359,53 0	102.860,51 0 31/12/2014 7.373.658,59 191.680,34 89.302,93 13.504,05 54.338,16 83.523,12 0 11.606,71 3.222.766,86 3.616.173,67 9.556,45 181.659,81 0 258.329,03 1.030,14 10.318,52 2.641.758,64 4.443.214,41 0 0 20.837,76
ELVAL SA CORINTH COMMERCIAL PARK SA STOMANA INDUSTRY Purchase of equity shares from VIOHALCO SA (GREEK BRANCH) BET SA Receivables from related parties ANAMET SA ANTIMET SA PROSAL TUBES SA SIDMA BULGARIA SA METAL AGENCIES LTD NOVAL SA FULGOR SA STEELMET (CY) LTD TEPROMETAL AG DIAVIPETHIV SA ELVAL SA HELLENIC CABLES SA SIDENOR STEEL INDUSTRY SA CORINTH COMMERCIAL PARK SA PRAKSYS SA SIDENOR HOLDINGS SA SIDENOR SA STOMANA INDUSTRY SOVEL SA HALCOR SA ETHL SA	0 300,96 148,11 31/12/2015 36,000,00 30,00 31/12/2015 4.580.448,53 686.681,57 6.744,60 4.432,75 194.222,70 0 2.664,44 12.961,71 3.417.685,09 3.616.173,67 7.529,29 202.146,83 1.935.060,05 130.216,27 4.708,45 0 5.142.342,43 4.042.832,32 205.215,66 1.359,53 0 136.159,48	102.860,51 0 31/12/2014 7.373.658,59 191.680,34 89.302,93 13.504,05 54.338,16 83.523,12 0 11.606,71 3.222.766,86 3.616.173,67 9.556,45 181.659,81 0 258.329,03 1.030,14 10.318,52 2.641.758,64 4.443.214,41 0 0 20.837,76
ELVAL SA CORINTH COMMERCIAL PARK SA STOMANA INDUSTRY Purchase of equity shares from VIOHALCO SA (GREEK BRANCH) BET SA Receivables from related parties ANAMET SA ANTIMET SA PROSAL TUBES SA SIDMA BULGARIA SA METAL AGENCIES LTD NOVAL SA FULGOR SA STEELMET (CY) LTD TEPROMETAL AG DIAVIPETHIV SA ELVAL SA HELLENIC CABLES SA SIDENOR STEEL INDUSTRY SA CORINTH COMMERCIAL PARK SA PRAKSYS SA SIDENOR HOLDINGS SA SIDENOR HOLDINGS SA SIDMA SA STOMANA INDUSTRY SOVEL SA HALCOR SA ETHL SA SOFIA MED	0 300,96 148,11 31/12/2015 36.000,00 30,00 31/12/2015 4.580.448,53 686.681,57 6.744,60 4.432,75 194.222,70 0 2.664,44 12.961,71 3.417.685,09 3.616.173,67 7.529,29 202.146,83 1.935.060,05 130.216,27 4.708,45 0 5.142.342,43 4.042.832,32 205.215,66 1.359,53 0 136.159,48	102.860,51 0 31/12/2014 7.373.658,59 191.680,34 89.302,93 13.504,05 54.338,16 83.523,12 0 11.606,71 3.222.766,86 3.616.173,67 9.556,45 181.659,81 0 258.329,03 1.030,14 10.318,52 2.641.758,64 4.443.214,41 0 0 20.837,76 0
ELVAL SA CORINTH COMMERCIAL PARK SA STOMANA INDUSTRY Purchase of equity shares from VIOHALCO SA (GREEK BRANCH) BET SA Receivables from related parties ANAMET SA ANTIMET SA PROSAL TUBES SA SIDMA BULGARIA SA METAL AGENCIES LTD NOVAL SA FULGOR SA STEELMET (CY) LTD TEPROMETAL AG DIAVIPETHIV SA ELVAL SA HELLENIC CABLES SA SIDENOR STEEL INDUSTRY SA CORINTH COMMERCIAL PARK SA PRAKSYS SA SIDENOR HOLDINGS SA SIDMA SA STOMANA INDUSTRY SOVEL SA HALCOR SA ETHL SA SOFIA MED Payables to related parties ANTIMET SA	0 300,96 148,11 31/12/2015 36.000,00 30,00 31/12/2015 4.580.448,53 686.681,57 6.744,60 4.432,75 194.222,70 0 2.664,44 12.961,71 3.417.685,09 3.616.173,67 7.529,29 202.146,83 1.935.060,05 130.216,27 4.708,45 0 5.142.342,43 4.042.832,32 205.215,66 1.359,53 0 136.159,48 31/12/2015 25.021,44	102.860,51 0 31/12/2014 7.373.658,59 191.680,34 89.302,93 13.504,05 54.338,16 83.523,12 0 11.606,71 3.222.766,86 3.616.173,67 9.556,45 181.659,81 0 258.329,03 1.030,14 10.318,52 2.641.758,64 4.443.214,41 0 0 20.837,76 0 31/12/2014 34.726,92
ELVAL SA CORINTH COMMERCIAL PARK SA STOMANA INDUSTRY Purchase of equity shares from VIOHALCO SA (GREEK BRANCH) BET SA Receivables from related parties ANAMET SA ANTIMET SA PROSAL TUBES SA SIDMA BULGARIA SA METAL AGENCIES LTD NOVAL SA FULGOR SA STEELMET (CY) LTD TEPROMETAL AG DIAVIPETHIV SA ELVAL SA HELLENIC CABLES SA SIDENOR STEEL INDUSTRY SA CORINTH COMMERCIAL PARK SA PRAKSYS SA SIDENOR HOLDINGS SA SIDENOR HOLDINGS SA SIDMA SA STOMANA INDUSTRY SOVEL SA HALCOR SA ETHL SA SOFIA MED Payables to related parties ANTIMET SA CORINTH COMMERCIAL PARK SA	0 300,96 148,11 31/12/2015 36,000,00 30,00 31/12/2015 4.580.448,53 686.681,57 6.744,60 4.432,75 194.222,70 0 2.664,44 12.961,71 3.417.685,09 3.616.173,67 7.529,29 202.146,83 1.935.060,05 130.216,27 4.708,45 0 5.142.342,43 4.042.832,32 205.215,66 1.359,53 0 136.159,48 31/12/2015 25.021,44 0	102.860,51 0 31/12/2014 7.373.658,59 191.680,34 89.302,93 13.504,05 54.338,16 83.523,12 0 11.606,71 3.222.766,86 3.616.173,67 9.556,45 181.659,81 0 258.329,03 1.030,14 10.318,52 2.641.758,64 4.443.214,41 0 0 20.837,76 0 31/12/2014 34.726,92 126.518,43
ELVAL SA CORINTH COMMERCIAL PARK SA STOMANA INDUSTRY Purchase of equity shares from VIOHALCO SA (GREEK BRANCH) BET SA Receivables from related parties ANAMET SA ANTIMET SA PROSAL TUBES SA SIDMA BULGARIA SA METAL AGENCIES LTD NOVAL SA FULGOR SA STEELMET (CY) LTD TEPROMETAL AG DIAVIPETHIV SA ELVAL SA HELLENIC CABLES SA SIDENOR STEEL INDUSTRY SA CORINTH COMMERCIAL PARK SA PRAKSYS SA SIDENOR HOLDINGS SA SIDMA SA STOMANA INDUSTRY SOVEL SA HALCOR SA ETHL SA SOFIA MED Payables to related parties ANTIMET SA CORINTH COMMERCIAL PARK SA FULGOR SA	0 300,96 148,11 31/12/2015 36,000,00 30,00 31/12/2015 4.580.448,53 686.681,57 6.744,60 4.432,75 194.222,70 0 2.664,44 12.961,71 3.417.685,09 3.616.173,67 7.529,29 202.146,83 1.935.060,05 130.216,27 4.708,45 0 5.142.342,43 4.042.832,32 205.215,66 1.359,53 0 136.159,48 31/12/2015 25.021,44 0 29.784,86	102.860,51 0 31/12/2014 7.373.658,59 191.680,34 89.302,93 13.504,05 54.338,16 83.523,12 0 11.606,71 3.222.766,86 3.616.173,67 9.556,45 181.659,81 0 258.329,03 1.030,14 10.318,52 2.641.758,64 4.443.214,41 0 0 20.837,76 0 31/12/2014 34.726,92 126.518,43 11.849,11



METAL AGENCIES LTD	89.432,11	65.861,39
PANELCO SA	0	82.996,71
PROSAL TUBES SA	2.623.168,31	0
SOFIA MED SA	309.047,25	558.042,01
TEKA SYSTEMS SA	867.149,17	392.403,83
TEPROMETAL AG	505.195,13	214.462,91
AEIFOROS SA	3.175,50	2.298,49
BET SA	89,18	0
VIEXAL LTD	23.432,86	49.221,83
DIAVIPETHIV SA	1.878.515,71	1.453.045,33
ELVAL SA	305.285,51	107.067,40
ELKEME SA	9.840,00	0
HELLENIC CABLES SA	17.190,79	58.980,42
ERGOSTEEL SA	33.296,36	63.799,14
ERLIKON SA	4.334,18	2.658,75
PRAKSYS SA	12.854,10	34.018,55
SIDENOR HOLDINGS SA	0	446.013,38
SIDENOR STEEL INDUSTRY SA	19.894,00	217.288,45
SIDMA SA	134.799,28	77.368,46
SOVEL SA	0	111.180,58
STEELMET SA	178.530,15	166.592,96
HALCOR SA	21.148,95	3.188,16
STOMANA INDUSTRY	102.771,55	2.539.514,80
SANITAS AE	211,07	221,33
SIDMA ROMANIA SRL	0	1.805,65

Finally, the remuneration to the members of the Board and the Management of the company, as well as the receivables and the payables from and to them, are illustrated below:

	<u>31/12/2015</u>	<u>31/12/2014</u>
Remuneration to the BoD and Management	773.375	727.406,24
Employment termination fees	-	42.335,47

5. Facilities and branches

The privately owned facilities of the plant are located in the industrial zone of Thisvi Viotia, on a total surface of 496.790 sq.m.

The Company has the following branches:

Warehouse and branch in Thisvi plant and Athens.

Headquarters in Athens.

Furthermore, the Group, besides Greece, has operations in the U.S., Cyprus and Poland, through its subsidiaries, and participates at 49% in the share capital of ZAO TMK-CPW seated in Russia.

6. Taxation

According L.4172/2013 which is in effect since January 1st, 2014, corporate tax rate for legal entities in Greece has been set to 26% for fiscal year of 2014 and onwards. Furthermore the withholding tax for the distributing dividends which has been approved after January 1st of 2014 has been set to 10%. Under the POL 1159/17.7.2015, the income tax rate for legal entities incomes arising from January 1^{st} 2015 τ he tax rate has been set to 29% from 26% and the advance on income tax paid has increased to 100% from 80%

According to par. 12 of article 72 of law 4172 of 2013 the tax-exempt reserves formed under the stipulations of law 2238/1994 may be either offset with tax losses with a tax rate 26% or distributed or capitalised and therefore subject to a taxation of 19%. Group and Company have not the intention of distributing them. In 2014 the amount of \le 519.255 offsets tax-exempt reserves with the recognized tax losses.



7. Major events following 31/12/2015

On January 25^{th} 2016, the Company acquired from the related company SOVEL SA 100% of the share capital of BET SA the total value of which is $\rm \it \in 6.102.984$. The effect of the acquisition is not material for the Group.

There are no other post balance sheet events affecting the financial statements of the Group and Company.



EXPLANATORY REPORT OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

(according to article 4 of L. 3556/2007)

a) Share Capital Structure

The Company's share capital (premium value excepted) amounts to EUR 96.852.756,78 divided into 124.170.201 common nominal registered shares with a nominal value of EUR 0,78 per share. All shares are listed for trading on the Athens Stock Exchange, in the Small and Mid Cap Categories. The company's shares are intangible, registered and with a right to vote.

According to the Company's Articles of Incorporation, the rights and obligations of shareholders are as follows:

- Right to dividends from the Company's annual profits. The dividend of each share is paid to shareholders following approval of the financial statements by the General Meeting in accordance with the provisions of the respective resolution of the Board of Directors. Individuals who do not receive dividends on time are not entitled to interest. The right to collect dividends is forfeited after the lapse of (5) years from the end of the year, during which it was due.
- Pre-emptive right to every Company share capital increase and the acquisition of new shares.
- Right to participate in the General Shareholder Meeting.
- Shareholders automatically accept the Company's Articles of Incorporation and the decisions of its bodies, which are consistent to the provisions of the said Articles and the Law.
- The Company's shares cannot be divided and the Company acknowledges only one owner per share.
 All joint shareholders, as well as those who have usufruct or bare ownership of shares, are represented
 in the General Meeting by only one person appointed by them upon agreement. In case of
 disagreement, the share of the aforementioned parties is not represented.
- The shareholders are not liable beyond the nominal capital of each share.

b) Restrictions in the Transfer of Company Shares

The transfer of Company shares is carried out in accordance with the provisions of Law, and the Articles of Incorporation do not stipulate any restrictions as to their transfer.

c) Significant Direct or Indirect Participations Pursuant to Law 3556/2007

The significant participations (over 5%) as of 31-12-2015 were as follows:

VIOHALCO S.A 85,88% of voting rights

d) Shares that offer Special Control Rights

There are no issued shares of the Company that offer special control rights.

e) Restrictions in voting rights

No voting right restrictions, arising from its shares, are stipulated by the Company's Articles of Incorporation. The rules of the Company's Articles of Incorporation regulating voting issues are given under Article 24.

f) Agreements between Company Shareholders

To the Company's knowledge, there are no such agreements.



g) Rules of appointment and replacement of the Members of the Board of Directors and amendment of the Company's Articles of Incorporation.

The rules provided by the Company's Articles of Incorporation regarding, both the appointment and replacement of members of the Board of Directors, as well as the amendment of its provisions, are not differentiated from the statutory provisions of Codified Law 2190/1920.

h) Jurisdiction of the Board of Directors for the Issuance of New or the Purchase of Own Shares

- Pursuant to the provisions of Article 13, paragraph 1, sections b and c of Codified Law 2190/1920, the Company's Articles of Incorporation stipulate that only the General Shareholder Meeting has the authority to increase the Company's share capital by issuing new shares, following a resolution taken by a majority vote of at least 2/3 of the votes represented in the meeting.
- The Board of Directors may purchase own shares within the framework of a General Meeting resolution pursuant to Article 16, paragraphs 5 to 13 of Codified Law 2190/20.
- Pursuant to the provisions Article 13, paragraph 9, of Codified Law 2190/1920 and following a
 relevant resolution by the General Meeting to introduce a share offering plan for company BoD
 members and personnel, in the form of a Stock Option Plan, the Board of Directors may issue shares
 for beneficiaries, increasing share capital accordingly and confirming the relevant increase. Such a
 stock option rights plan has not been approved by the Company's General Shareholder Meeting.

i) Significant Agreements that Become Valid, Are Amended or Terminated in the Event of Change of Control

The loan issued by Commerzbank (amounting to EUR 47.666.963) and from which EUR € 45.654.094 as of 31 December 2015, and the bond loans issued by the Company and undertaken in their entirety by banks, with a total balance of EUR 47.300.000 as of 31 December 2015, include a clause in their terms for the event of change of control, which, if enacted, gives bondholders the right to terminate the loan before maturity.

To the Company's knowledge, there are no other agreements that become effective, are amended or terminated in the event of change of Company control.

j) Agreements with Members of the Board of Directors or Company Personnel.

To the company's knowledge, there are no agreements between the Company and members of the Board of Directors or its personnel, which provide for the payment of compensation, especially in the event of resignation or termination of employment without reasonable grounds or termination of term or employment due to a takeover bid.

Athens, March 7, 2016

The Chairman of the Board of Directors

Konstantinos Bakouris



C. Statement of Corporate Governance

The present statement has been drafted in accordance with the provisions of Law 3873/2010

In particular, in regard to the provisions of article 2 of Law 3873/2010, we note the following:

1. Code of Corporate Governance

The Company implements Corporate Governance practices in the management and its operations, as they have been defined under the current legislative framework, as well as in the Code of Corporate Governance recently published by the Hellenic Corporate Governance Council (HCGC) (hereinafter the "Code"), which is available at:

http://www.helex.gr/en/esed

Drafting the Board of Directors' Annual Report, the Company reviewed the Code. Based on this review, the Company concluded that, overall, it complies with the specific practices applicable to listed companies, which are cited and described in the Code of the HCGC, with the exception of the following practices, for which the following explanations are given:

- Section A.II. (2.1.) Size and composition of the Board of Directors
- Board of Directors consists of 6 members.
- Section A.III. (3.3.) Role and mandatory capacities of the Chairman of the BoD. The Vice President of the current Board of Directors does not have the capacity of independent non-executive member, despite the fact that the Chairman is an executive member. Given the present conjuncture, the status of independent member for the Vice President was not deemed necessary since it would not provide any improvement in the company's operations.
- Section A.V. (5.4.-5.8.) Screening prospective candidates for membership of the Board of Directors. No committee for screening prospective candidates had been set up until the drafting of the present Statement. It is considered that given the present conjuncture this would not improve the performance of the company.
- Section A.VII. (7.1.-7.3.) Evaluation of the Board of Directors and its Committees. The Company had not chosen a specific cooperative procedure for evaluating the effectiveness of the Board of Directors and its Committees until the drafting of the present Statement.
- Section C.I.(1.6.-1.9.) Amount and structure of remuneration. No remuneration committee had been set up until the drafting of the present Statement. This matter will be re-considered shortly.
- As indicated in the Code and given the current unfavourable economic situation, Management does not see the necessity in adopting further corporate governance practices.

The Company does not implement corporate governance practices beyond the specific practices of the Code of the HCGC and the provisions of relevant legislation.

- 2. The main features of the Internal Audit and Risk Management Systems in relation to the Procedure followed in Drafting the Financial Statements and financial reports.
- i) Description of the main characteristics and information included in the Internal Audit and Risk Management Systems, in relation to the procedure followed in drafting financial statements

The Company's Internal Audit System contains audit procedures of Company's operations, its compliance with the requirements of supervisory authorities, risk management and financial reporting.



Internal Audit Department verifies the proper implementation of every procedure and internal audit system, regardless if it is accounting related or not and assess the Company through reviews of its operations, acting as a company unit reporting to the Management.

The Internal Audit System aims at, among others, ensuring the completeness and reliability of the data and information required for the evaluation of the Company's financial situation, in an accurate and timely manner, as well as the production of reliable financial statements.

In regard to the procedure followed in drafting the financial statements, the Company states that the financial reporting system of 'CORINTH PIPEWORKS PIPE INDUSTRY AND REAL ESTATE S.A.' makes use of an accounting system that is adequate for the purposes of reporting, both to Management as well as to external users. Financial statements, as well as other analysis reports addressed to management on a quarterly basis, are drawn up at company and consolidated level in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards, as they have been adopted by the European Union, for the purposes of reporting to management as well as of publication, in accordance with effective regulations and on a quarterly basis. Both administrative reporting, as well as financial reporting intended for publication, include all required information foreseen under an up-to-date internal audit system, which encompasses breakdowns of sales, costs/expenses, operating profits, as well as other data and indexes. All reports to management include the data of the current fiscal period, which are cross-checked against respective entries in the budget approved by the Board of Directors, as well as against data of the corresponding period of the financial year preceding the year of the report.

All published interim and annual financial statements include all the necessary information and disclosures relating to the financial statements, in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards, as they have been adopted by the European Union. They are reviewed by the Audit Committee and approved in their entirety by the Board of Directors, respectively.

Controls are in place regarding: (a) identification and evaluation of risks in relation to the reliability of financial statements; (b) management planning and follow-up in relation to financial data, (c) prevention and detection of fraud; (d) tasks/duties of executives; (e) the procedure followed for closing a fiscal year, including consolidation (such as recorded procedures, access authorisations, approvals, reconciliations etc.) and (f) safeguarding the data in information systems.

The preparation of internal memos to Management and of reports, required under Codified Law 2190/1920 and supervisory authorities, is performed by the Financial Department, which is staffed with competent and experienced personnel entrusted with this task. Management ensures that these employees are properly informed of any changes in accounting and tax issues that may affect the Company and the Group.

The Company has established separate procedures for the collection of necessary audit evidence from its subsidiaries. Moreover, it ensures consistency throughout all its transactions and the application of the same accounting principles by the above companies.

ii) Annual evaluation of corporate strategy, primary business risks and Internal Audit Systems

The Company's Board of Directors declares that it has examined the main business risks on which the Company is exposed, as well as its Internal Audit Systems. The Board of Directors re-evaluates the corporate strategy, primary business risks and Internal Audit Systems on an annual basis, including the scope of activities as well as the efficiency of Internal Audit Department.

Provision of non-auditing services to the Company by its lawful auditors and assessment of the impact this may exert on the objectivity and effectiveness of the mandatory audit, examined in conjunction with the provisions of Law 3693/2008

The Company's lawful auditors for financial year 2015, 'PricewaterhouseCoopers Audit S.A. Company', which was elected by the Ordinary General Shareholders' Meeting of the Company held on May 22, 2015, do not provide and have not provided non-audit services to the Company and its subsidiaries, further to the stipulations of applicable legislation.



3. Public Acquisition Offers - Information

- There are neither binding acquisition offers and/or regulations calling for mandatory transfer and mandatory purchase of shares of the Company, nor provisions in the Articles of Incorporation in regard to acquisitions.
- There have been no public offers by third parties for the acquisition of the share capital of the Company during the preceding and current financial year.
- In the event that the Company participates in such a procedure, it will be executed in compliance with the relevant legislation.

4. General Shareholders' Meeting and rights of shareholders

The General Meeting is convened and operates in accordance with the provisions of the Articles of Incorporation and the relevant provisions of Codified Law 2190/1920, as amended and currently in force. The Company complies with its reporting obligations, abiding by the provisions of Law 3884/2010 and, in general, takes all necessary measures in view of ensuring the timely and comprehensive briefing of shareholders regarding the exercise of their rights. The latter is ensured by publishing the invitations to General Meetings and posting them on the Company's website. The text of these invitations includes a detailed description of shareholders' rights and the manner of the exercise thereof.

5. Composition and operation of the Board of Directors, Supervisory Bodies and Committees of the Company

Duties and responsibilities of the Board of Directors

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the long-term strategy and business goals of the Company and, in general, has control and decision-making powers in the framework of the provisions of Codified Law 2190/1920 and of the Articles of Incorporation as well as compliance with the principles of corporate governance.

The Board of Directors meets as frequently as it is required in order to perform effectively its duties.

The duties and responsibilities of the Board of Directors are summarized below:

- Supervision and monitoring of the Company's operations, as well as control of company goals and long-term plans achievement
- Formulating and defining the primary principles and targets of the Company
- Ensuring streamlining of the adopted strategy with the Company goals
- The Board of Directors ensures that there are no cases of conflict of interest and examines any cases of non-compliance with the Company's confidentiality policy
- Ensuring the credibility and approval of the Company's Financial Statements prior to their final approval by the Ordinary General Meeting
- Ensuring the proper day-to-day operations of the Company, through a system of special authorisations, while execution of its other duties is implemented through special decisions
- The Secretary of the Board of Directors is appointed at each Board of Directors and has the main responsibility of supporting the Chairman and the overall operation of the body

The current Board of Directors of the Company consists of 6 members (6-member Board), of which:

- 2 are executive members (Chairman and Member)



- 2 are non-executive members (Vice President and Member)
- 2 are independent, non-executive members (Remaining members)

The current Board of Directors of 'CORINTH PIPEWORKS PIPE INDUSTRY AND REAL ESTATE S.A.', has the following members:

- Konstantinos Bakouris, Chairman, Executive Member
- Meletis Fikioris, Vice-Chairman, Non-Executive Member
- Ioanis Stavropoulos Executive Member
- Adamandios Vassilakis, Non-Executive Member
- Nikolaos Galetas, Independent, Non-Executive Member
- Andreas Kyriazis, Independent, Non-Executive Member

Board members are elected for an one-year term by the General Shareholders' Meeting. The current Board of Directors of the Company was elected by the Ordinary General Shareholders' Meeting of May 22, 2015, and its tenure expires within first half of 2016.

The Board of Directors met 31 times within 2015, and its sessions were attended by all its members in person.

Resumes of the members of the Board of Directors are provided below

• Costas Bakouris, Chairman of the Board of Directors

Mr. Costas Bakouris is Chairman of the Board of Corinth Pipeworks since 2005, and member of Board of Directors of ELVAL and HALCOR. He started his career at ESSO PAPPAS. Two years later, he became Financial Director at UNION CARBIDE in Athens and six years later General Manager of the company. In 1985 he became Europe Vice President of the company's consumables, while in 1986 he was elected President of RALSTON PURINA, Europe.

In 1998, he came back to Greece as Managing Director of the Organization Committee for the "Athens 2004" Olympic Games. From 2001 to 2002 he was Chairman to the Board of the Hellenic Center for Investments. From 2004 until 2008 he served as chairman of the Board of Directors of NET MED NV, parent company of cable television provider NOVA.

He is chairman of the Transparency International – Greece and chairman of the board of the Greek – Russian Business Council. He holds an MBA degree from De PAUL University in Chicago, Illinois.

• Meletis Fikioris, Vice Chairman, Non Executive Member

Mr. Meletis Fikioris is Corinth Pipeworks' Vice Chairman, since January 2005. He is a member of the Athens Bar Association (1973) and legal advisor in a number of companies, participating in their board of directors.

• Adamantios Vasilakis, Non Executive Member

Mr Adamantios Vasilakis is a graduate of Political and Diplomatic Studies of the Brussels Free University, as well as of the Chios Commercial School. He speaks English and French. In his long career in the diplomatic corps he served in many countries (among which Yugoslavia, former USSR and the US, as well at high ranking positions in the Ministry of Foreign Affairs. In 2002, he assumes as Permanent Representative of Greece at United Nations, while in the same year is appointed chief negotiator in the talks for "FYROM name issue". In 2005-2006, he represents Greece, to the UN Security Council, in New York. In the framework of the Security Council, he participated in missions to Central Africa (Congo, Burundi, Rwanda, Uganda, Tanzania), Sudan and Afghanistan. He was also President of Security Council' sanction committees to Ivory Coat and Sudan, as well as to Special Committee for sanctions implementation of the same UN Body. In 2007, he was appointed



National Representative of Greece in the negotiations, under UN's auspices to find a permanent name for FYROM. He has received the Big Cross of Phoenix Decree.

• Ioannis Stavropoulos, Executive Member

Mr. Ioannis Stavropoulos is a graduate of Piraeus University and he has held various executive positions within Viohalco Group of Companies since 1972. He assumed the position of Financial Director in Vitruvit SA (1978) and the position of General Manager in Hellenic Cables of Messologi SA (1989), KEM SA (1998) and in SIDENOR SA(1999). He is an Executive Director of the Hellenic Cables SA and a member of the board of directors of many companies of Viohalco Group.

• Nikolaos Galetas, Non executive and Independent Member

Mr. Nikolaos Galetas is an independent member of the BoD of Corinth Pipeworks. He is a graduate of the School of Theology at the Athens University, has also studied at the Technische Hochschule Wien and is a licensed engineer from the School of Electrical Engineering at the National Technical University of Athens (NTUA). During his lifelong career Mr. Galetas has assumed several managerial positions in ETBA (Hellenic Bank of Industrial Development) in EPA (Planning & Development Company) in ETEBA (National Bank of Industrial Development) where he also served as Managing Director. Mr. Galetas also served as member of the Board of Directors in several companies and organizations including EFG EUROBANK PROPERTIES SA, ERT SA - Hellenic Broadcasting Corporation – (vice chairman) as well as several of ETEBA's subsidiaries where he served as chairman of the Board during his long career with the Group ETEBA. Moreover, during the period 1990-92, he offered consulting services to the Ministers of Internal Affairs, Agriculture and Coordination.

• Andreas Kiriazis, Non executive and Independent Member

Mr. Andreas Kyriazis has served on our Board since 2005. Mr. Kyriazis is a graduate of the Chemistry, Physics & Mathematics Faculty of Athens University. He has served as Chairman of the Central Union of Greek Chambers, the Union of Balkan Chambers, the Athens Chamber of Commerce and Industry, the Hellenic Productivity Centre, the Greek Society for Business Administration, and the Wood Processing Association and; as Vice-Chairman of the Association of European Chambers of Commerce and Industry; and as General Secretary of the Association of Greek Chemists.

Audit Committee

Description of the composition, operation, duties, responsibilities and description of topics discussed at Committee's meetings

The Audit Committee, which is elected and operates in accordance with the Law 3693/2008 (no. 37), consists of three non-executive members of the Board of Directors, of which one is independent and has the primary duty, in the framework of the obligations described in the above Law, of providing support to the Company's Board of Directors in regard to the fulfilment of the latter's mandate pertaining to ensuring the effectiveness of accounting and financial systems, audit mechanisms, management systems for business risks, ensuring compliance with the legislative and regulatory framework and the effective application of the principles of Corporate Governance.

Specifically, the Audit Committee is entrusted with the following responsibilities:

- Assess the effectiveness of all levels of the Management hierarchy, in relation to the latter's safeguarding of the resources under their management and their compliance with the established policy and procedures of the Company
- Evaluate procedures and amounts for their adequacy, in regard to the achievement of goals, as well as appraise the policy and programme cited in the activity undergoing evaluation
- Periodically audit the various operations of the different divisions or departments, in such a manner to ensure that their diverse activities are conducted smoothly, comply with Management



instructions, Company policy and procedures, and that they are aligned with Company objectives and Management best practices

- Examine internal audit reports and, in particular
- Assess their adequacy, in regard to the extent of information therein provided
- Verify the accuracy of the reports
- Examine the adequacy of audit evidence in regard to the results of the audit

The Audit Committee receives the following reports pertaining to audit procedures

- Extraordinary
- Quarterly financial audit reports
- Annual regular audit reports
- Corporate Governance reports

The Audit Committee examines and ensures the independence of External Auditors of the Company; it is notified of their findings as well as of the findings of the Audit Reports on the annual or interim Financial Statements of the Company. At the same time, it recommends corrective actions and measures, in view of addressing any findings or flaws in the Financial Reporting or other significant operations of the Company.

In accordance with its Internal Regulation, the Audit Committee consists of two independent, non-executive members of the Board of Directors and one non-executive member, who have the necessary knowledge and experience to fulfill Committee's tasks.

The current composition of the Audit Committee is the following:

Members: Meletios Fikioris – Vice President, Non-Executive Board Member.

Nikolaos Galetas - Independent, Non-Executive Board Member.

Andreas Kyriazis - Independent, Non-Executive Board Member.

ii) Number of meetings of the Committee and frequency of attendance of each member at meetings

The Audit Committee convened four times within 2015, achieving full quorum, but was not attended by the regular auditors as stipulated in the Code.

iii) Assessment of the Committee's effectiveness and performance

Till the date of drafting the present Statement, no specific procedures had been established for assessing the effectiveness of the Audit Committee of the Board of Directors. The Management of the Company will establish such procedures in the future.



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Statement of financial position

		CONSOLIDATED FIGURES		COMPANY FIGURES	
Amounts in Euros	Note	31/12/15	31/12/14	31/12/15	31/12/14
ASSETS					
Non-Current assets					
Tangible fixed assets	6	183.615.498	155.057.553	183.510.427	154.990.812
Investments in associated companies	8	10.925.002	12.771.781	1.073.950	1.073.950
Investments in subsidiary companies	7	-	-	11.381.209	11.345.179
Deferred Tax Asset	18	180.080	11.229	-	-
Trade and other receivables	11	4.709.864	4.800.080	4.709.864	4.800.080
		199.430.444	172.640.643	200.675.450	172.210.021
Current Assets					
Inventories	10	69.316.312	83.726.044	67.985.707	80.889.459
Trade and other receivables	11	49.455.934	94.725.371	49.501.832	89.465.515
Income tax		1.657.756	1.555.659	1.566.684	1.555.659
Derivative financial instruments	12	121.499	144.430	121.499	144.430
Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss	13	9.137	9.137	9.137	9.137
Cash & Cash equivalent	14	19.457.363	9.574.938	12.946.880	8.238.357
Caon a Caon oquivaloni		140.018.001	189.735.579	132.131.739	180.302.557
Total Assets		339.448.445	362.376.222	332.807.189	352.512.578
EQUITY			002.0.0.0.	002.0011100	002.012.010
Equity attributable to shareholders of					
the company					
Share capital	15	96.852.757	96.852.757	96.852.757	96.852.757
Reserve from issuance of shares above par	15	27.427.850	27.427.850	27.427.850	27.427.850
Foreign exchange difference from consolidation of subsidiaries/associates	16	-13.134.794	-10.752.777	-	-
Other reserves	16	24.089.450	17.808.445	24.089.450	17.808.445
Profits carried forward		14.205.578	8.481.712	-3.327.259	-4.505.024
Total equity		149.440.841	139.817.987	145.042.798	137.584.028
LIABILITIES					
Long-term liabilities					
Loans	17	76.625.469	76.796.642	76.625.469	76.796.642
Deferred tax liabilities	18	16.995.159	13.093.993	16.815.599	13.076.382
Liabilities for remuneration to retired personnel	19	1.223.258	1.235.125	1.223.258	1.235.125
Provisions	20	137.753	137.753	137.753	137.753
		94.981.639	91.263.513	94.802.079	91.245.902
Short-term liabilities		0 1100 11000	0112001010	3 110021010	0 112 10100E
Suppliers and other liabilities	21	35.543.037	83.955.906	33.479.966	76.456.735
Income tax		582	112.903	-	-
Loans	17	58.986.889	32.311.762	58.986.889	32.311.762
Derivative financial instruments	12	495.457	6.726.244	495.457	6.726.244
Other short-term financing liabilities	34	-	8.187.907	-	8.187.907
	-	95.025.965	131.294.722	92.962.312	123.682.648
Total liabilities		190.007.604	222.558.235	187.764.391	214.928.550
Total equity and liabilities		339.448.445	362.376.222	332.807.189	352.512.578



Statement of comprehensive income

		CONSOLIDATED FIGURES		COMPANY FIGURES		
		12 months	12 months	12 months	12 months	
Amounts in Euros	Note	until	until	until	until	
		31/12/2015	31/12/2014	31/12/2015	31/12/2014	
Sales	5	296.223.582	188.190.375	257.169.631	161.310.383	
Cost of sales	22	-226.426.073	-168.979.735	-195.712.021	-144.575.619	
Gross profit		69.797.509	19.210.640	61.457.610	16.734.764	
Selling expenses	22	-46.385.938	-21.898.422	-43.985.962	-20.411.499	
Administrative expenses	22	-5.830.971	-6.091.347	-5.713.225	-5.947.290	
Other income	24	932.577	4.680.383	928.077	4.672.883	
Other gains / (losses) net	25	-2.856	72.753	-2.856	76.539	
Operating Loss		18.510.321	-4.025.993	12.683.644	-4.874.604	
Finance income	26	81.381	122.496	76.855	111.597	
Finance expenses	26	-8.001.885	-3.141.748	-7.997.037	-3.141.322	
Finance expenses - net		-7.920.504	-3.019.252	-7.920.182	-3.029.725	
Income from dividends	33	-	-	705.000	2.133.193	
Share of profit of associates	8	1.510.501	2.136.532	-	•	
Losses before tax		12.100.318	-4.908.713	5.468.462	-5.771.136	
Income tax	27	-4.341.132	-646.842	-2.255.377	-161.650	
Losses after tax		7.759.186	-5.555.555	3.213.085	-5.932.786	
Other comprehensive income:						
Items that will be reclassified subsequently to						
profit or loss						
Losses after tax from change of fair market value of	16,27	4.147.812	-4.393.471	4.147.812	-4.393.471	
cash flow hedge	10,21	7.177.012	4.000.471	4.147.012	4.000.411	
Foreign exchange difference from investment in	16,27	-2.382.017	-6.292.770	_	_	
associates	10,21	2.002.011	0.202.110			
Total Items that will be reclassified subsequently		1.765.795	-10.686.241	4.147.812	-4.393.471	
to profit or loss						
Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to						
profit or loss		07.070	040.047	07.070	040.047	
Actuarial gain/(losses)		97.873	-240.847	97.873	-240.847	
Total items that will not be reclassified		97.873	-240.847	97.873	-240.847	
subsequently to profit or loss						
Other comprehensive income for the period, after income tax		1.863.668	-10.927.088	4.245.685	-4.634.318	
Total comprehensive income for the period, after						
tax		9.622.854	-16.482.643	7.458.770	-10.567.104	
Losses attributable to :						
Owners of the parent company		7.759.186	-5.555.555	3.213.085	-5.932.786	
Owners of the parent company		7.759.186	-5.555.555	3.213.085	-5.932.786	
Total comprehensive income attributable to:		1.733.100	-0.000.000	J.£ 1J.UUJ	-0.002.100	
Owners of the parent company		9.622.854	-16.482.643	7.458.770	-10.567.104	
Owners of the parent company		9.622.854	-16.482.643	7.458.770	-10.567.104	
Earnings per share attributable to the owners of		3.022.034	-10.702.043	1.730.110	10.007.104	
the parent company of the company during the						
period (expressed in € per share)						
Basic and reduced	29	0,0625	-0,0447	0,0259	-0,0478	



Owner's Equity Statements

Amounts in Euros		Attributable to the owners of the parent company			
CONSOLIDATED FIGURES	Note	Share Capital	Other reserves	Results carried forward	Total equity
Balance on January 1, 2014		124.280.607	13.417.009	18.603.015	156.300.631
Net loss of period		-	-	-5.555.555	-5.555.555
Other comprehensive income for the period					
Foreign exchange difference	16	-	-6.292.770	-	-6.292.770
Profit after tax from change of fair market value of cash flow hedge	16	-	-4.393.471	-	-4.393.471
Actuarial gains/(losses)		-	-	-240.847	-240.847
Total of other comprehensive income		-	-10.686.241	-240.847	-10.927.088
Total comprehensive income for the period after tax		-	-10.686.241	-5.796.402	-16.482.643
Transaction with owners					
Tax-exempt reserve	16	-	4.324.900	-4.324.900	-
Total transactions with owners		-	4.324.900	-4.324.900	-
Balance on December 31, 2014		124.280.607	7.055.668	8.481.713	139.817.988
Balance on January 1, 2015		124.280.607	7.055.668	8.481.713	139.817.988
Net loss of period		-	-	7.759.186	7.759.186
Other comprehensive income for the period					
Foreign exchange difference	16	-	-2.382.017	-	-2.382.017
Profit after tax from change of fair market value of cash flow hedge	16	-	4.147.812	-	4.147.812
Actuarial gains/(losses)		-	-	97.873	97.873
Total of other comprehensive income		-	1.765.795	97.873	1.863.668
Total comprehensive income for the period after tax		-	1.765.795	7.857.059	9.622.854
Transaction with owners				_	
Tax-exempt reserve	16	-	2.133.193	-2.133.193	-
Total transactions with owners		-	2.133.193	-2.133.193	•
Balance on December 31, 2015		124.280.607	10.954.656	14.205.578	149.440.841

Amounts in Euros		Attributable to the owners of the parent company			
COMPANY FIGURES	Note	Share Capital	Other reserves	Results carried forward	Total equity
Balance on January 1, 2014		124.280.607	17.877.016	5.993.508	148.151.131
Net loss of period		-	-	-5.932.785	-5.932.785
Other comprehensive income for the period					
Profit after tax from change of fair market value of cash flow hedge	16	-	-4.393.471	-	-4.393.471
Actuarial gains/(losses)		-	-	-240.847	-240.847
Total of other comprehensive income		-	-4.393.471	-240.847	-4.634.318
Total comprehensive income for the period after tax		-	-4.393.471	-6.173.632	-10.567.103
Transaction with owners					
Tax-exempt reserve	16	-	4.324.900	-4.324.900	-
Total transactions with owners		-	4.324.900	-4.324.900	-
Balance on December 31, 2014		124.280.607	17.808.445	-4.505.024	137.584.028
Balance on January 1, 2015		124.280.607	17.808.445	-4.505.024	137.584.028
Net loss of period		-		3.213.085	3.213.085
Other comprehensive income for the period					
Profit after tax from change of fair market value of cash flow hedge	16	-	4.147.812	-	4.147.812
Actuarial gains/(losses)		-	-	97.873	97.873
Total of other comprehensive income		-	4.147.812	97.873	4.245.685
Total comprehensive income for the period after tax		-	4.147.812	3.310.958	7.458.770
Transaction with owners					
Tax-exempt reserve	16	-	2.133.193	-2.133.193	-
Total transactions with owners		-	2.133.193	-2.133.193	-
Balance on December 31, 2015		124.280.607	24.089.450	-3.327.259	145.042.798



Cash Flow Statements

	Notes	CONSOLIDATED FIGURES		COMPANY	FIGURES
Amounts in Euros		1/1 until 31/12/2015	1/1 until 31/12/2014	1/1 until 31/12/2015	1/1 until 31/12/2014
Cash flows from operating activities					
Cash flows from operating activities	30	37.562.458	-27.400.748	30.585.764	-26.389.176
Interest paid		-7.891.695	-2.960.238	-7.886.847	-2.959.812
Income tax paid		-2.330.825	-246.509	-	-235.659
Net cash flows from operating activities		27.339.938	-30.607.495	22.698.917	-29.584.647
Cash flows from investment activities					
Purchase of tangible fixed assets	6	-37.109.198	-51.047.399	-37.049.411	-51.003.641
Sale of tangible assets	30	-	3.717.539	-	3.699.400
Dividends received	8,33	801.440	2.022.388	705.000	2.133.193
Purchase of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	13	-696.000	-	-696.000	-
Sale of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	13	693.144	-	693.144	-
Interest received		81.381	122.496	76.855	111.597
Acquisition of subsidiary		-3.794	-	-36.030	-
Net cash flows from investment activities		-36.233.027	-45.184.976	-36.306.442	-45.059.451
Cash flows from financing activities					
Proceeds from borrowings		129.639.817	65.546.220	129.639.817	65.546.220
Repayments of borrowings		-103.135.862	-10.436.775	-103.135.862	-10.436.775
Other short-term financing liabilities	34	-8.187.907	-11.409.189	-8.187.907	-11.409.189
Net cash flows from financing activities		18.316.048	43.700.256	18.316.048	43.700.256
Net (decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalent		9.422.959	-32.092.215	4.708.523	-30.943.842
Cash and cash equivalent at the beginning of the period	14	9.574.938	41.069.951	8.238.357	39.182.199
Foreign exchange differences in cash and cash equivalent		459.465	597.202	-	-
Cash and cash equivalent at the end of the period	14	19.457.362	9.574.938	12.946.880	8.238.357



Notes on the annual financial statements

1) General information

The annual financial statements presented herein include the annual corporate financial statements of "CORINTH PIPEWORKS S.A." (the "Company") and the annual consolidated financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries (together the "Group").

The Group is primarily active in the production of high-quality medium and large-diameter steel pipes that are used in the petrochemical industry (transfer of liquid and gas fuels), in water supply industry and in construction works.

The Group is active in Greece, the United States of America, Russia, Poland and Cyprus, while the Company's shares are listed on the Athens Stock Exchange.

The Company was established and is seated in Greece, 2-4 Mesogeion Ave., Athens. The Company's web address is www.cpw.gr.

The annual financial statements have been approved by the company's Board of Directors on March 7, 2016 and are uploaded on the company's web page where they will remain for at least 5 years from publication date and subject to the approval by the Ordinary General Shareholders' Meeting.

2) Summary of significant accounting policies

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. The annual financial statements were prepared according to the same accounting principles that were followed for the preparation and the presentation the Company's and the Group's financial statements for 2015, except the following:

2.1 Framework in which the financial statements have been prepared

The financial statements have been prepared by the management according to the International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS"), including both the International Accounting Standards ("IAS") and interpretations that have been issued by the International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee, as these have been adopted by the European Union.

The information contained herein has been prepared based on the principle of historic cost as this has been amended with the estimation of financial assets and liabilities at fair market value through results as well as derivatives.

Preparation of financial statements according to the IFRS requires the use of certain important accounting estimations and the exercise of judgment on behalf of the Management during the application of accounting policies. In addition, it requires the use of calculations and assumptions that affect the aforementioned asset and liability figures, the disclosure of potential receivables and liabilities on the day the financial statements are prepared and the aforementioned income and expense figures during the said year. In spite of the fact that these calculations are based on the Management's best possible knowledge of current conditions and actions, actual results may differ from these calculations. Areas that contain a great degree of subjectivity and are composite or the assumptions and estimations that are important for the financial statements are noted in note 4.

Having taken into account the macro and micro-economical factors and their effect in the operations of the Company and the Group, the financial statements, have been prepared on the going concern basis. According to the existing forecasts and the available financial resources, the Management has no intention or need of short-term liquidation of assets, or any reason to believe that the Company and the Group as a whole will not be in a position to ensure the normal course of business and the service of its obligations, as there is no indication for the opposite.

2.2 New standards, amendments to standards and interpretations



New standards, amendments to standards and interpretations: Certain new standards, amendments to standards and interpretations have been issued that are mandatory for periods beginning during the current financial year and subsequent years. The Group's evaluation of the effect of these new standards, amendments to standards and interpretations is as follows:

Standards and Interpretations effective for the current financial year

IFRIC 21 "Levies"

This interpretation sets out the accounting for an obligation to pay a levy imposed by government that is not income tax. The interpretation clarifies that the obligating event that gives rise to a liability to pay a levy (one of the criteria for the recognition of a liability according to IAS 37) is the activity described in the relevant legislation that triggers the payment of the levy. The interpretation could result in recognition of a liability later than today, particularly in connection with levies that are triggered by circumstances on a specific date.

Annual Improvements to IFRSs 2013

The amendments set out below describe the key changes to three IFRSs following the publication of the results of the IASB's 2011-13 cycle of the annual improvements project.

IFRS 3 "Business combinations"

This amendment clarifies that IFRS 3 does not apply to the accounting for the formation of any joint arrangement under IFRS 11 in the financial statements of the joint arrangement itself.

IFRS 13 "Fair value measurement"

The amendment clarifies that the portfolio exception in IFRS 13 applies to all contracts (including non-financial contracts) within the scope of IAS 39/IFRS 9.

IAS 40 "Investment property"

The standard is amended to clarify that IAS 40 and IFRS 3 are not mutually exclusive.

Standards and Interpretations effective for subsequent periods

IFRS 9 "Financial Instruments" and subsequent amendments to IFRS 9 and IFRS 7 (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018)

IFRS 9 replaces the guidance in IAS 39 which deals with the classification and measurement of financial assets and financial liabilities and it also includes an expected credit losses model that replaces the incurred loss impairment model used today. IFRS 9 establishes a more principles-based approach to hedge accounting and addresses inconsistencies and weaknesses in the current model in IAS 39. The Group is currently investigating the impact of IFRS 9 on its financial statements. The Group cannot currently early adopt IFRS 9 as it has not yet been endorsed by the EU.

IFRS 15 "Revenue from Contracts with Customers" (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018)

IFRS 15 has been issued in May 2014. The objective of the standard is to provide a single, comprehensive revenue recognition model for all contracts with customers to improve comparability within industries, across industries, and across capital markets. It contains principles that an entity will apply to determine the measurement of revenue and timing of when it is recognised. The underlying principle is that an entity will recognise revenue to depict the transfer of goods or services to customers at an amount that the entity expects to be entitled to in exchange for those goods or services. The Group is currently investigating the impact of IFRS 15 on its financial statements. The standard has not yet been endorsed by the EU.

IFRS 16 "Leases" (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2019)



IFRS 16 has been issued in January 2016 and supersedes IAS 17. The objective of the standard is to ensure the lessees and lessors provide relevant information in a manner that faithfully represents those transactions. IFRS 16 introduces a single lessee accounting model and requires a lessee to recognise assets and liabilities for all leases with a term of more than 12 months, unless the underlying asset is of low value. IFRS 16 substantially carries forward the lessor accounting requirements in IAS 17. Accordingly, a lessor continues to classify its leases as operating leases or finance leases, and to account for those two types of leases differently. The Group is currently investigating the impact of IFRS 16 on its financial statements. The standard has not yet been endorsed by the EU.

IAS 19R (Amendment) "Employee Benefits" (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 February 2015)

These narrow scope amendments apply to contributions from employees or third parties to defined benefit plans and simplify the accounting for contributions that are independent of the number of years of employee service, for example, employee contributions that are calculated according to a fixed percentage of salary.

IFRS 11 (Amendment) "Joint Arrangements" (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016)

This amendment requires an investor to apply the principles of business combination accounting when it acquires an interest in a joint operation that constitutes a 'business'.

IAS 16 and IAS 38 (Amendments) "Clarification of Acceptable Methods of Depreciation and Amortisation (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016)

This amendment clarifies that the use of revenue-based methods to calculate the depreciation of an asset is not appropriate and it also clarifies that revenue is generally presumed to be an inappropriate basis for measuring the consumption of the economic benefits embodied in an intangible asset.

IAS 16 and IAS 41 (Amendments) "Agriculture: Bearer plants" (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016)

These amendments change the financial reporting for bearer plants, such as grape vines and fruit trees. The bearer plants should be accounted for in the same way as self-constructed items of property, plant and equipment. Consequently, the amendments include them within the scope of IAS 16, instead of IAS 41. The produce growing on bearer plants will remain within the scope of IAS 41.

IAS 27 (Amendment) "Separate financial statements" (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016)

This amendment allows entities to use the equity method to account for investments in subsidiaries, joint ventures and associates in their separate financial statements and clarifies the definition of separate financial statements.

IAS 1 (Amendments) "Disclosure initiative" (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016)

These amendments clarify guidance in IAS 1 on materiality and aggregation, the presentation of subtotals, the structure of financial statements and the disclosure of accounting policies.

IFRS 10, IFRS 12 and IAS 28 (Amendments) "Investment entities: Applying the consolidation exception" (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016)

These amendments clarify the application of the consolidation exception for investment entities and their subsidiaries. The amendments have not yet been endorsed by the EU.

IAS 12 (Amendments) "Recognition of Deferred Tax Assets for Unrealised Losses" (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2017)

These amendments clarify the accounting for deferred tax assets for unrealised losses on debt instruments measured at fair value. The amendments have not yet been endorsed by the EU.



IAS 7 (Amendments) "Disclosure initiative" (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2017)

These amendments require entities to provide disclosures that enable users of financial statements to evaluate changes in liabilities arising from financing activities. The amendments have not yet been endorsed by the EU.

Annual Improvements to IFRSs 2012 (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 February 2015)

The amendments set out below describe the key changes to certain IFRSs following the publication of the results of the IASB's 2010-12 cycle of the annual improvements project.

IFRS 2 "Share-based payment"

The amendment clarifies the definition of a 'vesting condition' and separately defines 'performance condition' and 'service condition'.

IFRS 3 "Business combinations"

The amendment clarifies that an obligation to pay contingent consideration which meets the definition of a financial instrument is classified as a financial liability or as equity, on the basis of the definitions in IAS 32 "Financial instruments: Presentation". It also clarifies that all non-equity contingent consideration, both financial and non-financial, is measured at fair value through profit or loss.

IFRS 8 "Operating segments"

The amendment requires disclosure of the judgements made by management in aggregating operating segments.

IFRS 13 "Fair value measurement"

The amendment clarifies that the standard does not remove the ability to measure short-term receivables and payables at invoice amounts in cases where the impact of not discounting is immaterial.

IAS 16 "Property, plant and equipment" and IAS 38 "Intangible assets"

Both standards are amended to clarify how the gross carrying amount and the accumulated depreciation are treated where an entity uses the revaluation model.

IAS 24 "Related party disclosures"

The standard is amended to include, as a related party, an entity that provides key management personnel services to the reporting entity or to the parent of the reporting entity.

Annual Improvements to IFRSs 2014 (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016)

The amendments set out below describe the key changes to four IFRSs.

IFRS 5 "Non-current assets held for sale and discontinued operations"

The amendment clarifies that, when an asset (or disposal group) is reclassified from 'held for sale' to 'held for distribution', or vice versa, this does not constitute a change to a plan of sale or distribution, and does not have to be accounted for as such.

IFRS 7 "Financial instruments: Disclosures"

The amendment adds specific guidance to help management determine whether the terms of an arrangement to service a financial asset which has been transferred constitute continuing involvement and clarifies that the additional disclosure required by the amendments to IFRS 7, 'Disclosure – Offsetting financial assets and financial liabilities' is not specifically required for all interim periods, unless required by IAS 34.

IAS 19 "Employee benefits"



The amendment clarifies that, when determining the discount rate for post-employment benefit obligations, it is the currency that the liabilities are denominated in that is important, and not the country where they arise.

IAS 34 "Interim financial reporting"

The amendment clarifies what is meant by the reference in the standard to 'information disclosed elsewhere in the interim financial report'.

2.3. Consolidation

a) Subsidiaries

Subsidiaries are all entities (including special purpose entities) over which the Group has the power to govern the financial and operating policies generally accompanying a shareholding of more than one half of the voting rights. The existence and effect of potential voting rights that are currently exercisable or convertible are considered when assessing whether the Group controls another entity. Subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group. They are deconsolidated from the date that control ceases. Total income is proportionally attributed to the owners of the parent company and to other shareholders, even if the balance attributed to the later ones is in debit.

The group uses the acquisition method to treat business combinations. The consideration transferred for the acquisition of a subsidiary is the fair values of the assets transferred, the liabilities incurred and the equity interests issued by the group. The consideration transferred includes the fair value of any asset or liability resulting from a contingent consideration arrangement. Acquisition-related costs are expensed as incurred. Identifiable assets acquired and liabilities and contingent liabilities assumed in a business combination are measured initially at their fair values at the acquisition date.

If participation rights on the acquiree already existed, they are valuated at fair value on the date of acquisition and any profit or loss is recognized in the statement of comprehensive income. According to the modality of acquisition, the Group recognize the non-participation rights of the affiliate at fair value or at the value of the non-participation share in equity.

The excess of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interest in the acquiree and the acquisition-date fair value of any previous equity interest in the acquiree over the fair value of the group's share of the identifiable net assets acquired is recorded as goodwill. If this is less than the fair value of the net assets of the subsidiary acquired in the case of a bargain purchase, the difference is recognised directly in the statement of comprehensive income. Financial assets or financial liabilities resulting from arrangements of contingent exchange are valued at their fair value and changes in this value are recognized in of statement of comprehensive income. The effect on results carried forward and minority rights due to changes in holding percentages are deemed as transactions between the Group's shareholders and, consequently, are recognised directly in Equity. A possible transaction recognized as item in the equity is not reevaluated and the subsequent adjustment is recognized in the equity

Inter-company transactions, balances and unrealised gains on transactions between group companies are eliminated. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the group. The unrealized losses are also eliminated unless the asset subject to transaction has impairment indications.

The Company records its investments in subsidiary companies, in its corporate financial statements, at cost less devaluation.

(b) Associates

Associates are all entities over which the Group has significant influence but not control, generally accompanying a shareholding of between 20% and 50% of the voting rights. Investments in associates are accounted for using the equity method of accounting and are initially recognised at cost. The Group's investment in associates includes goodwill (net of any accumulated impairment loss) identified on acquisition.



The Group's share of its associates' post-acquisition profits or losses is recognised in the income statement, and its share of post-acquisition movements in reserves is recognised in reserves. The cumulative post-acquisition movements are affecting the book value of the investment in associates. When the Group's share of losses in an associate equals or exceeds its interest in the associate, including any other unsecured receivables, the Group does not recognise further losses, unless it has incurred obligations or made payments on behalf of the associate.

Unrealised gains on transactions between the Group and its associates are eliminated to the extent of the Group's interest in the associates. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred. Accounting policies of associates have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

Investments in associates are recognised in individual financial statements (cost less impairment)

In case the percentage of participation in associates is reduced as a result of non participation in increase of share capital, gains or losses arising are recognised in profit and loss.

2.4. Segment reporting

The operating segments are presented in a manner consistent with the internal financial reports to the chief operating decision maker (General Manager), who takes all the operating decisions and is responsible in assessing the performance of the segments and allocating resources between them.

2.5. Functional currency translation

(a) Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the financial statements of each of the Group's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (the functional currency).

The consolidated financial statements are presented in Euros, which is the Company's functional and presentation currency.

(b) Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at year-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in the income statement, except when deferred in equity as qualifying cash flow hedges and qualifying net investment hedges.

Foreign exchange gains and losses that relate to borrowings and cash and cash equivalent are presented in the income statement within "finance income or cost". All other foreign exchange gains and losses are presented in the income statement as shown in note 28.

(c) Group companies

The results and financial position of all the group entities (none of which has the currency of a hyperinflationary economy) that have a functional currency different from the presentation currency are translated into the presentation currency as follows:

i. assets and liabilities for each balance sheet presented are translated at the closing rate at the date of that balance sheet,

ii. income and expenses for each income statement are translated at average exchange rates (unless this average is not a reasonable approximation of the cumulative effect of the rates prevailing on the transaction dates, in which case income and expenses are translated at the dates of the transactions),

iii. all resulting exchange differences are recognised as a separate component of equity and they transferred to profit and loss when the company is sold



On consolidation, exchange differences arising from the translation of the net investment in foreign operations, and of borrowings and other currency instruments designated as hedges of such investments, are taken to shareholders' equity. When a foreign operation is sold, exchange differences that were recorded in equity are recognised in the income statement as part of the gain or loss on sale.

Goodwill and fair value adjustments arising on the acquisition of a foreign entity are treated as assets and liabilities of the foreign entity and translated at the closing rate.

2.6. Property, plant and equipment

All property, plant and equipment is shown at historical cost less subsequent depreciation less subsequent impairment, except for land, which is shown at historical cost less subsequent impairment. Cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. Repairs and maintenance are charged to the income statement as incurred.

Land is not depreciated. Depreciation on assets is calculated using the straight-line method to allocate the cost of each asset to its residual value over its estimated useful life, as shown on the table below for the main classes of assets:

- Buildings 20-33 Years
- Machinery technical installations and other mechanical equipment 8-20 Years
- Transportation equipment 7-10 Years
- Furniture and other equipment 4 5 Years

The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each balance sheet date.

An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing proceeds with the carrying amount. These are included in the income statement within 'Other income / (expenses) – net'.

2.7. Intangible assets

Research expenditure is recognised as an expense as incurred. Costs incurred on development projects (relating to the design and testing of new or improved products) are recognised as intangible assets when it is probable that the project will be successful, considering its commercial and technological feasibility, also the costs can be measured reliably. Other development expenditures, that do not satisfy the standards above, are recognised as an expense in the income statement as incurred. Development costs that have already been recognised as an expense will not be recognised as intangible assets in a future period. Development costs that have been capitalised, are registered as intangible assets and are amortised from the commencement of their production on a straight line basis over the period of its useful life, not exceeding 5 years.

2.8. Impairment of non-financial assets

Assets that have an indefinite useful life (for example Surplus value) are not subject to amortisation and, instead, are tested annually for impairment. Assets that are subject to amortisation or depreciation are tested for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstance indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use. For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are



separately identifiable cash flows. Non financial assets other than goodwill that suffered an impairment are reviewed for possible reversal of the impairment at each reporting date.

2.9. Financial Assets

2.9.1. Classification

The Group classifies its investments in the following categories depending on the purpose for which the financial assets were acquired. Management determines the classification of its financial assets at initial recognition and re-evaluates this designation at every reporting date.

(a) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are financial assets held for trading a financial asset is classified in this category if acquired principally for the purpose of selling shortly after or has been classified in this category by management. Derivatives are also categorised as 'held for trading' unless they are designated as hedges. Assets in this category are classified as current assets.

(b)Borrowings and receivables

Borrowings and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market and with no intention of trading. They are included in current assets, except for maturities greater than 12 months after the balance sheet date. These are classified as non-current assets. The Group's and Company's loans and receivables comprise "trade and other receivables" (note 2.12) and "cash and cash equivalents" (2.13) in the balance sheet.

(c) Available-for-sale financial assets

Available-for-sale financial assets are non-derivatives that are either designated in this category or not classified in any of the other categories. They are included in non-current assets unless management intends to dispose of the investment within 12 months of the balance sheet date. At the balance sheet date the Group had no investments on this category.

2.9.2. Recognition and measurement

Purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised on trade-date – the date on which the Group commits to purchase or sell the asset. Investments are initially recognised at fair value plus transaction costs for all financial assets not carried at fair value through profit or loss. Financial assets carried at fair value through profit and loss are initially recognised at fair value and transaction costs are expensed in the income statement.

Financial assets are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the investments have expired or have been transferred and the Group has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership.

Loans and receivables are carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Available for sale financial assets and financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are subsequently carried at fair value.

Gains or losses arising from changes in the fair value of the "financial assets at fair value through profit or loss" category are presented in the income statement within "other (losses)/gains - net" in the period in which they arise. Dividend income from financial is recognised in the income statement as part of other income when the Group's right to receive payments is established.

Investments in participating titles that are not quoted in an active market and for which the fair value can't be reliably measured are valuated at cost.

2.9.3. Impairment of financial assets



The Group assesses at each balance sheet date whether there is objective evidence that a financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired. In the case of equity securities classified as available for sale, a significant or prolonged decline in the fair value of the security below its cost is considered in determining whether the securities are impaired. If any such evidence exists for available-for-sale financial assets, the cumulative loss – measured as the difference between the acquisition cost and the current fair value, less any impairment loss on that financial asset previously recognised in profit or loss – is removed from equity and recognised in the income statement. Impairment losses recognised in the income statement on equity instruments are not reversed through the income statement.

Impairment testing of trade receivables is described in note 2.12.

2.10. Derivative financial instruments and hedging activities

The Group utilizes financial and commodity derivatives to mitigate the impact of future price volatility. Derivatives are initially recognised at fair value on the date a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently measured at their fair value. The method of recognizing the resulting gain or loss depends on whether the derivative is designated as a hedging instrument, and if so, the nature of the item being hedged.

The Group utilizes financial derivatives for the hedge of a particular risk associated with a recognised asset or a liability or a highly probable forecast transaction (cash flow hedge).

The Group documents, at the inception of the transaction, the relationship between hedging instruments and hedged items, as well as its risk management objectives and strategy for undertaking various hedging transactions. The Group also documents its assessment, both at hedge inception and on an ongoing basis, of whether derivatives that are used in hedging transactions are highly effective in offsetting changes in fair values or cash flows of hedged items.

The fair values of various derivative instruments used for helping purposes are disclosed in note 12. Movements on the hedging reserve in shareholders' equity are shown in note 16. The full fair value of a hedging derivative is classified as a non-current asset or liability when the remaining hedged item is more than 12 months and as a current asset or liability when the remaining maturity of the hedged item is less than 12 months. Trading receivables are classified as a current asset or liability.

Cash flow hedge

The effective portion of changes in the fair value of derivatives that are designated and qualify as cash flow hedges is recognised in equity. The gain or loss related to the ineffective portion is recognised immediately in the income statement within "other gains/(losses) - net".

Amounts accumulated in equity are recycled in the income statement in the periods when the hedged item affects profit. The gain or losses related to the effective portion of currency forward hedge are recognised in the income statement within the category where they belong (cost of sales, selling expenses).

When a future transaction that is hedged results in the recognition of a non-financial asset (for example, inventory or fixed assets), the gains and losses previously recorded in equity are transferred from equity and are included in the initial valuation of the asset cost. The said amounts are finally recognised in cost of good sold, in case of inventory or in depreciation, in case of fixed assets.

When a hedging instrument expires or is sold, or when a hedge no longer meets the criteria for hedge accounting, any cumulative gain or loss included in equity at that time remains in equity and is recognised when the future transaction is ultimately recognised in the income statement. When a forecast transaction is no longer expected to occur, the cumulative gain or loss that initially was reported in equity, is immediately transferred to the income statement within "other gains/(losses) - net".

Sales or purchases that are hedging undelyings are recorded at the prevailing foreign exchange rate, the date of transaction.

Periodically the Company conducts effectiveness tests, in order to scrutinize the effectiveness of the applied hedging policies and to take corrective measures, when needed.



2.11. Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. The cost is determined with the weighted average cost method. The cost of finished products and semi-finished stocks includes the cost of materials, the direct labour cost and a proportion of the general production expenses. Financial expenses are not included in the acquisition cost of stocks. The net liquid value is estimated based on the stock's current sales price within the framework of ordinary business activities less any possible selling expenses, wherever such a case occurs.

Costs of inventories include the transfer from equity of any gains/losses on qualifying cash flow hedges purchases of raw materials.

Deletions and devaluation losses are recognised in the results of the fiscal year in which they arise.

2.12. Trade receivables

Receivables from clients are initially recognised at their fair value and are subsequently estimated at their unamortized cost based on the true interest rate method, less any impairment loss. Impairment losses are recognised when there is an objective indication that the Group is not in a position to collect all the amounts that are due pursuant to contractual terms. The objective indication that receivables have been impaired includes information coming to the attention of the Group concerning the following events: Considerable financial distress of the customer, possibility to start bankruptcy procedures or any other financial restructuring of the customer as well as unfavourable changes in the payment of due amounts. The amount of provision is equal to the difference between the book value of the receivables and the present value of the estimated future cash flows, discounted based on the actual interest rate. The amount of the provision is recorded as an expense in the Income Statement. Furthermore, in case that part of receivables being written off, finally are collected, the said amount is credited to the financial results.

2.13. Cash and cash equivalents

In cash flow statements, cash and cash equivalents include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less,.

2.14. Share capital

Share capital includes the ordinary shares of the Company.

Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or options are shown in equity as a deduction from the proceeds, net of tax.

2.15. Trade payables

Trade payables are the Company's and Group liabilities, originated from purchases of goods and services in the course of their ordinary business activity.

Trade payables are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method.

These liabilities are recognised in the short-term liabilities if they are payable within one year. If not, then they are recognised in the long-term liabilities.

2.16. Borrowings

Borrowings are recognised initially at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently stated at amortised cost; any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption value is recognised in the income statement over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest rate method.



Fees paid on the establishment of loan facilities are recognised as transaction costs of the loan to the extent that it is the probable that come or all of the facility will be drawn down. In this case, the fee is deferred until the drawn-down occurs. To the extent there is no evidence that it is probable that some or all of the facility will be drawn down, the fee is capitalised as a pre-payment for liquidity services and amortised over the period of the facility to which it relates.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the Group has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the balance sheet date.

2.17. Current and deferred income tax

The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the income statement, except the part directly recognised in equity. In this case, the tax is recognised in equity.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of the applicable tax laws and tax rates in the countries where Group operates and is recognised the period when taxable income is generated. Management periodically evaluates assumptions made on tax legislation and forms provisions against amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities.

Deferred income tax is calculated, using the liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the consolidated financial statements. Deferred income tax is not recognised if it arises from initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction, other than a business combination, that at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss. Deferred income tax is calculated using tax rates (and laws) applicable at the balance sheet date and are expected to apply when the related deferred income tax asset is realised or the deferred income tax liability is settled.

Deferred income tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which temporary differences can be utilised.

Deferred income tax is recognised on temporary differences arising from investments in subsidiaries and associates, except those cases that reversal of the temporary difference is controlled by the Group and it is probable that the temporary difference will not be reversed in the foreseeable future.

2.18. Employee benefits

(a) Short-term benefits

Short-term benefits to employees in the form of cash or in kind are recorded as an expense when they accrue.

(b) Benefits following withdrawal from service

Pension obligation

The Group has both defined benefit and defined contribution plans

A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which the Company pays fixed contributions into a separate entity. The Group has no legal or constructive obligations to pay further contributions if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employees the benefits relating to employee service in the current and prior periods. The accrual cost of defined benefit plan is recognised as charge in period it relates.

A defined benefit plan is a pension plan that defines an amount of pension benefit that an employee will receive on retirement, usually dependent on one or more factors such as age, years of service and compensation.

The liability recognised in the statement of financial position in respect of defined benefit pension plans is the present value of the defined benefit obligation at the end of the reporting period. The defined benefit obligation is calculated annually by independent actuaries using the projected unit credit method. The present value of the

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defined benefit obligation is determined by discounting the estimated future cash outflows using interest rates of high-quality corporate bonds that are denominated in the currency in which the benefits will be paid, and that have terms to maturity approximating to the terms of the related pension liability.

Actuarial gains and losses arising from experience adjustments and changes in actuarial assumptions are charged or credited to equity in total other comprehensive income in the period in which they arise.

Past-service costs are recognised immediately in income

(c) Termination benefits

Termination benefits are payable when employment is terminated before the normal retirement date. The Group recognises termination benefits when committed or when it terminates the employment according to a detailed plan from which it can no longer withdraw, or when it offers these benefits to encourage voluntary redundancy. Benefits falling due more than 12 months after the end of the reporting period are discounted.

In case of termination, and if the number of employees about to use the benefits cannot be determined, then these benefits are not accounted but are noted as contingent liability.

2.19. Subsidies

State subsidies are recognised at their fair market value when it is certain that the subsidy will be received and that the Group will comply with all stipulated terms.

State subsidies that concern expenses are deferred and are recognised in the results so that these will match the expenses that they will cover.

State subsidies relating to the purchase of tangible fixed assets are recorded in long-term liability accounts as deferred state subsidies and are transferred as income into the annual income statement based on the fixed method over the expected service life of these assets.

2.20. Provisions

Provisions for contractual obligations, restructuring costs and legal claims are recognised when:

- i. The Group has a current legal or inferable commitment as a result of past events
- ii. It is likely that a cash outflow will be required to settle the commitment
- iii. The amount has been reliably estimated.

Restructuring provisions comprise lease termination penalties and employee termination payments. Provisions are not recognised against future operating losses. Where there is a number of similar commitments, the possibility that a cash outflow will be required for settlement is assessed by examining the class of commitments, as a whole. A provision is recognised even if the possibility of an outflow for any item included in the same class of commitments may be small.

Provisions are calculated as the present value of the costs that, based on the management's best possible estimation, are required to cover the present liability on the balance sheet date (note 4.1).

2.21. Revenue recognition

Revenue comprises the fair value of the sale of goods and services, net of value-added tax and any excise duties, rebates and discounts. Sales within the Group are fully eliminated. Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Group and the revenue can be reliably measured. All risks have been undertaken by the buyer and the future profits that arise from the transactions are certain. Revenue is recognised as follows:

(a) Sale of goods



Sales of goods are recognised when the goods are accepted by customers and when collection of the claim is reasonably guaranteed. In the case in which cash refunds regarding sales of goods is guaranteed, refunds are accounted for on each balance sheet date as a reduction to income, based on statistical data.

(b) Sale of services

Income from the provision of services is accounted for in the period in which the services are rendered, based on their stage of completion in relation to all the services that shall be rendered.

(c) Interest income

Interest income is recognised on a time-proportion basis using the effective interest method. When a receivable is impaired, the Group reduces the carrying amount to its recoverable amount, being the estimated future cash flow discounted at original effective interest rate of the instrument. Interest income on impaired loans is recognised using the original effective interest rate.

(d) Dividend income

Dividend income is recognised when the right to receive payment is established.

2.22. Leases

Leases of fixed assets, where the Group has substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are classified as finance leases. Finance leases are capitalised at the lease's at the lower of the fair value of the leased property and the present value of the minimum lease payments. Each lease payment is allocated between the liability and finance. The corresponding rental obligations, net of finance charges, are included in the liabilities. During the lease period, the financial expenses related to the financial lease is recognised in the year's income statement. The fixed assets acquired under finance leases is depreciated over the longer of the asset's useful life and the lease term.

Leases where the lessor retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are classified as operating leases. Payments made under operating leases (net of any incentives received from the lessor) are charged to the income statement on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease.

2.23. Elements of non current assets (or groups of elements for trade) for trade

The elements of non current assets (or groups of elements for trade) for trade are classified as assets intended to be traded when their book value is expected to be recovered through trade and when this transaction is likely to be realised. These elements are presented at the lowest value between book value and fair value less any cost of sales (if the book value is expected to be recovered through a sales and not its continuous use).

2.24. Offset of financial assets and liabilities

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, while the net amount is shown in the balance sheet if there is a legal right to offset, as well as the intention to be settled on net basis, or simultaneously to recognize the asset and settle the liability.

2.25. Dividend distribution

Dividend distribution to the company's shareholders is recognised as a liability in the Group's financial statements in which the dividends are approved by the company's shareholders.

2.26. Borrowing Costs

All borrowing costs are recognized in losses of the period in which they incur, unless they are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of an asset qualified for capitalization.

2.27. Roundings



Any differences between figures of the financial statements and the corresponding amounts and calculations in the notes are due to roundings.

2.28. Reclassifications

The reclassification of 1.381.904 euro for the year ended 2014 from Administrative expenses to Selling expenses in the consolidated statements, has been made for comparative reasons in accordance with the new classification of expenses for 2015 which was made for better information purposes. This reclassification does not have an effect in the equity or income statement of 2014.

3) Financial risk management

3.1. Financial risk factors

The Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including exchange rate risk and price risk), credit risk, liquidity risk, cash flow risk and fair value interest-rate risk. The Group's overall risk management policy focuses on the unpredictability of commodity and financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the Group's financial performance.

The Group uses derivative financial instruments like forwards in order to hedge certain risk exposures.

Risk management is carried out by the Group's central finance department, which operates with specific rules that have been approved by the Board of Directors. The Board of Directors provides instructions and guidelines on the general management of risks, as well as specific instructions on the management of specific risks, such as exchange rate risk, interest rate risk, price risk, liquidity risk and credit risk.

a) Market risk

(i) Exchange rate risk

The Group operates internationally (92,4% of the sales are abroad, while all raw and indirect materials are imported) and is exposed to exchange rate risk arising from various currency exposures, primarily with respect to the US dollar. The Group follows a hedging policy of at least 70%, either with natural hedging (purchase of resources based on the sale currency) or with FX forwards or with both.

The Group has certain investment in foreign companies. The net assets of these companies (mainly associate company residing in Russia) are exposed to foreign currency translation risk.

At 31/12/2015, if the Euro had strengthened by 10% (2014 10%) against the Russian Ruble, with all other variables held constant, the Group's equity before tax would have been reduced by \in 3.752.740 (2014: equity before tax would have been reduced by \in 2.332.635). If the Euro had weakened by 10% (2014 10%) the Group's equity before tax would have been increased by \in 875.728 (2014: equity before tax would have been increased by \in 2.850.999).

Without the hedging effect, at 31/12/2015, if the USD had strengthened / weakened by 10% (2014:10%) against the Euro, with all other variables held constant, the Company's and Group's Gains after tax would have been increased/reduced by € 317.031 (2014: Gains after tax would have been increased/reduced by € 4.053.921) and € 259.389 (2014: Gains after tax would have been increased/reduced by € 3.316.844) respectively.

The Group's and Company's exposure to the exchange rate risk varies during the year depending on to the geographical allocation (and relative currency) of the sales and purchases of raw materials (mainly Hot Rolled Coils).

(ii) Interest rate risk

As the Group has no significant interest-bearing assets, besides cash and cash equivalents, the Group's income and operating cash flows are not materially exposed to changes in interest rates.



The Group's interest rate risk arises from borrowings. Borrowings issued at variable rates expose the Group to cash flow interest rate risk. Borrowings issued at fixed rates expose the Group to fair value interest rate risk. During 2015 and 2014, total Group's borrowings were at variable rate (euribor + spread), and denominated in euro.

As of 31/12/2015, if interest rates had been 1%/(-1%) higher / lower, with all other variables held constant, the Group's and Company's gains after tax would have been reduced/increased by $\{0.272.931 (2014: Group's and Company's gains after tax would have been reduced/increased by <math>\{0.272.931 (2014: Group's and Company's gains after tax would have been reduced/increased by <math>\{0.272.931 (2014: Group's and Company's Equity would have been correspondingly affected.}$

(iii) Price risk

A large portion of sales (approximately 81%) is on project basis, where selling prices are fixed throughout the whole project period. Furthermore, according to the policy decided by the Board of Directors, prices of raw and auxiliary materials have to be fixed during the project period, in order to avoid exposure to risks from price volatility. For the rest of the sales (hollow sections), product and raw materials' prices are subject to changes according to the international steel prices, which can lead to impairments of inventories, as it happened in 2008 and 2009. In the end of 2008, trading of future contracts on HRC started in the US, with small trade volumes and few participants. The company regularly follows the said market and its correlation with the underlying asset and if liquidity increases, it can be a useful hedging tool. Both in 2015 and 2014, the Group and the Company did not have any transactions in HRC futures.

b) Credit risk

Credit risk arises from deposits, derivative financial instruments (banks and financial institutions credit risk), as well as credit, granted to customers (customer credit risk). Taking measures to face the Greek financial crisis, the Group has a banking relationship with some of the largest and healthiest financial institutions of the Greek market as well as some major foreign financial institutions, whose credit rating is at least Caa3 (Moody's) for the domestic financial institutions and A (Moody's) for the foreign ones.

The Group has adopted strict procedures for credit control and management of political risk, reviewing data like financial statements, payments' record, possible counter guarantees they can provide etc. The total sales of the Company is insured with Credit insurance or with LCs or down payments.

At year's end, overdue trade receivables that have not been impaired are mentioned in note 11.

c) Liquidity risk

Prudent liquidity risk management implies maintaining sufficient cash and the ability of funding each project that the Group undertakes through an adequate amount of committed credit facilities. Because of the different cash flow cycle of each project, Risk Management analyzes the facts and whenever it is needed makes use of credit lines with banks and other financial institutions. Especially under the current credit conditions, the Group focus its efforts on reducing its working capital needs and if it is needed, it will issue debenture bonds, in order to secure a longer tenor for its borrowings.

According to the estimations and of the Management, the current negative conditions in the international goods and financial and capital markets have been presented correctly in the Company's and Group financial statements.

Moreover, cash flow forecasts are made by Group companies under the supervision and coordination of Group finance executive management. The Group's financial management monitors rolling cash flow forecasts of the Group's liquidity requirements in order to ensure that the Group has adequate available cash to cover its working capital needs as well as to maintain sufficient levels of unused credit limits.

Cash flow forecasts take into account the plans of the Group to comply with internal targets on financial indices and, where appropriate, external regulatory or legal requirements.



Group's Treasury Department invests cash surplus in interest-bearing bank deposits, term deposits with appropriate maturity in order to ensure sufficient liquidity for the working capital needs in accordance with the cash flow forecasts.

The table below illustrates the Company's and Group's non discounted financial liabilities and net-settled derivative financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings, based on the remaining period between the balance sheet date and the maturity date. Balances due within 12 months equal their book value as the impact of discounting is insignificant.

Balances due within 12 months equal their carrying balances.

At 31 December 2015

CONSOLIDATED FIGURES	Less than 1 year	Between 1 and 2 years	Between 2 and 5 years	More than 5 years
Borrowings	58.986.889	12.886.890	49.735.061	14.003.518
Derivatives	373.958	-	-	-
Suppliers and other liabilities	33.747.870	-	-	-

At 31 December 2014

CONSOLIDATED FIGURES	Less than 1 year	Between 1 and 2 years	Between 2 and 5 years	More than 5 years
Borrowings	32.311.762	11.345.492	52.722.879	12.728.271
Derivatives	6.581.814	-	-	-
Suppliers and other liabilities	80.481.346	•	-	-
Other short-term financing liabilities	8.187.907	-	-	-

At 31 December 2015

COMPANY FIGURES	Less than 1 year	Between 1 and 2 years	Between 2 and 5 years	More than 5 years
Borrowings	58.986.889	12.886.890	49.735.061	14.003.518
Derivatives	373.958	-	-	-
Suppliers and other liabilities	31.684.799	-	-	-

At 31 December 2014

COMPANY FIGURES	Less than 1 year	Between 1 and 2 years	Between 2 and 5 years	More than 5 years
Borrowings	32.311.762	11.345.492	52.722.879	12.728.271
Derivatives	6.581.814	-	-	-
Suppliers and other liabilities	73.423.671	-	-	-
Other short-term financing liabilities	8.187.907	-	-	-

The table below illustrates the Group's derivative financial instruments which will be settled on a gross basis based on the remaining period till their maturity date. The amounts disclosed in the table are the nominal values of the said transactions.

Balances due within 12 months equal their carrying balances as the impact of discounting is not significant.



At 31 December 2015

Forward F/X contracts

Consolidated and company figures	Less than 1 year
Inflows	29.454.355
Outflows	29.971.423

At 31 December 2014

Forward F/X contracts

Consolidated and company figures	Less than 1 year
Inflows	19.548.961
Outflows	20.779.286

d) Macroeconomic and Operating Environment in Greece

By Legislative Decree on 28/06/2015, the Greek Banks will remain closed while at the same time controls were imposed on capital movements. The bank holiday ended on July 20, 2015 while the capital controls remains in effect.

A return to economic stability depend, to a high extent, upon the implementation of the agreed terms and conditions of the third bail-out program.

The continuing instability and volatility of the macroeconomic and financial environment in Greece, is likely to negatively affect the Groups and Company's activities. However, as analysed below, the Group and Company's exposure in Greece are limited:

a) Liquidity Risk:

The Group and Company keep their total cash reserve deposit in foreign financial institutions out of Greece. The Group and Company's Cash are invested in counterparties with high credit rating and are readily available.

Furthermore, the Group and Company's financing sources are diversified is such a way that almost 31% of the borrowings are originating from international financial institutions. The Group and Company's reliable creditworthiness ensures an efficient use of the international financial markets for financial purposes.

The Group and Company have direct access to financial sources and are periodically refinancing their short term borrowing liabilities. The Group and Company assess that the refinance of the short term loans will continue in the future if necessary.

b) Operation Risks:

Production/Sales

The Group and Company's Plant Productive potential in Greece is assumed to be affected by capital controls. Group and Company sales in Greece on the total sales are about 7,6% and 8,9% respectively which represent a small percentage of the total profitability. The Group and Company exportations on their total sales are about 92,4% and 91,1% respectively.

Receivables/Clients



Receivables from domestic clients are a small percentage of the total clients receivables of the Group and Company. Therefore, the Group and Company have a limited exposure in revoked or delayed payments.

Suppliers

For the most part, Group and Company operations are depending on foreign suppliers. The Group and Company keep an important part of their total cash abroad and therefore in case that the imposed capital controls remain in effect, they will be in position to unimpededly fulfill their obligation toward their suppliers.

c) Credit risk:

The Group and Company are practicing a specific credit policy focused on a controlled commercial solvability. Wherever it is deemed necessary, additional insurance coverage is required as credit guarantee.

Recent developments create a risk of delaying payments to the Group and Company from Greek clients. Nevertheless, as mentioned before, clients based in Greece are limited.

Considering that the nature of Corinth Pipeworks Group activity is mostly exporting, and considering the financial position of the Company and the Group, any negative development of the Greek economy is unlikely to considerably influence their smooth operation. Despite all that, Management is constantly appraising the situation and its consequences and promptly ensure that the adequate measures are taken in order to minimize the impact on the Group and Company's activities.

3.2. Capital risk management

The Group's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital.

Consistent with best practices in the industry, the Group monitors its capital through its gearing ratio. The said ratio is calculated as net debt divided by total capital employed. Net debt is calculated as total borrowings (including "current and non-current borrowings" as shown in the balance sheet) less "Cash & cash equivalents" less "Available for Sale financial assets". Total capital employed is calculated as "Equity" as shown in the balance sheet plus net debt.

The gearing ratios at 31 December 2015 and 2014 were as follows:

Amounts in Euros	CONSOLIDA	TED FIGURES	ED FIGURES COMPANY FIGUR	
	31/12/2015	31/12/2014	31/12/2015	31/12/2014
Total borrowings (note 17)	135.612.358	109.108.404	135.612.358	109.108.404
Other short-term financing liabilities (note 34)	-	8.187.907	-	8.187.907
Less: Cash and cash equivalent (note 14)	-19.457.363	-9.574.938	-12.946.880	-8.238.357
Net Debt	116.154.995	107.721.373	122.665.478	109.057.954
Equity	149.440.841	139.817.987	145.042.798	137.584.028
Total Capital employed	265.595.836	247.539.360	267.708.276	246.641.982
Gearing ratio	44%	44%	46%	44%

3.3. Fair value estimation

The fair values of quoted investments are based on current bid prices. If the market for a financial asset is not active (and for unlisted securities), the Group establishes fair value by using valuation techniques. These include the use of recent arm's length transactions, reference to other instruments that are substantially the same and discounted cash flow analysis and option pricing models making maximum use of market inputs and relying as little as possible on entity-specific inputs.

The table below analyses financial instruments carried in the balance sheet at fair value, for both Group and Company, by level of the following fair value measurement hierarchy:

The levels are as follows:



First level - Includes quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Second level – Includes inputs other than quoted prices included within the first level, that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (that is, as prices) or indirectly (that is, derived from prices).

Third level – Includes inputs that are not based on observable market data (that is, unobservable inputs).

Amounts in Euros	CONSOLII	DATED AND C FIGURES	OMPANY
	Level 2	Level 3	Total
31/12/2015			
Assets			
Financial items at fair value through results			
Not traded securities			
Research and Development Sector	-	9.137	9.137
Derivatives used for hedging			
Derivatives used for hedging (Forward)	121.499	-	121.499
Total Assets	121.499	9.137	130.636
Liabilities			
Derivatives used for hedging			
Derivatives used for hedging (Forward)	495.457	-	495.457
Total Liabilities	495.457	-	495.457
31/12/2014			
Assets			
Financial items at fair value through results			
Not traded securities			
Research and Development Sector	-	9.137	9.137
Derivatives used for hedging			
Derivatives used for hedging (Forward)	144.430	-	144.430
Total Assets	144.430	9.137	153.567
Liabilities			
Derivatives used for hedging			
Derivatives used for hedging (Forward)	6.726.244	-	6.726.244
Total Liabilities	6.726.244	-	6.726.244

There were no transfers between Levels 1 and 2 during the period.

Non traded securities amounting to \notin 9.137 (2014: \notin 9.137) as financial items at fair value through results are valuated at cost minus impairment

Valuation techniques used to derive Level 2 fair values

Level 2 trading comprise forward foreign exchange contracts (forward).

These forward foreign exchange contracts have been fair valued using forward exchange rates at balance sheet date and quoted in an active market.

Valuation of Level 3 fair values

Level 3 financial items at fair value through results are related with securities non quoted in an active market and therefore a reliable estimation of their value is not possible. They are valuated on acquisition cost.

Valuation processes

For financial reporting purposes, the group's financial department performs the valuations of financial assets and Level 3 fair values.

The procedure is performed at least once every quarter in line with the group's quarterly reporting dates.

Fair value of financial assets and liabilities measured at unamortized cost

The carried value of the short terms borrowings approximate its fair value because the effect from discount is immaterial.



The fair value of the following financial assets and liabilities approximate their carrying amount:

- Trade and other receivables
- Cash and cash equivalents
- Suppliers and other liabilities
- Other short-term financing liabilities

4) Critical accounting estimates and judgements

The Management's valuations and judgements are re-examined on a continuous basis and are based on historical data and expectations of future events, which are deemed reasonable pursuant to that which is in force.

4.1. Critical accounting estimates and assumptions

The Group proceeds in valuations and acknowledgements regarding the development of future events. The valuations and acknowledgements that entail a significant probability that they will affect the book value of assets and liabilities in the following 12 months are the following:

- a) The Group's judgment is required in order to determine the income tax provision. There are many transactions and estimations due to which final tax calculation is uncertain. Group recognises tax liabilities, based on accounting estimations on possible future tax burden and tax assets related to future offsets of tax losses carried forward. If the final tax is different from the initially recognised tax, the difference shall affect the income tax and the provision for deferred taxation of the period.
- b) The Group forms a provision for cases that are under dispute based on evidence provided by the Group's Legal Department. Any difference between the actual final outcome differs and the amount initially recorded, will impact the profit and loss in the period in which such determination is made.

If the actual final outcome differs by 10% from management estimates, the Company's and Group's provisions will increase/decrease by \in 14.000 (2014: \in 14.000).

c) The Group forms provisions for contractual obligations to clients, which are estimated based on historical and statistical data that arose from the resolution of similar past cases. Any difference between the actual final outcome differs and the amount initially recorded, will impact the profit and loss in the period in which such determination is made.

If the actual final outcome differs by 10% from management estimates, the Group's provision will increase/decrease by \in 0 (2014: \in 0).

d) Pension benefits

The present value of the pension obligations depends on a number of factors that are determined on an actuarial basis using a number of assumptions. The assumptions used in determining the net cost for pensions include the discount rate. Any changes in these assumptions will impact the carrying amount of pension obligations.

The present value of the defined benefits is calculated based on the appropriate discount rate (interest rates of high-quality corporate bonds that have terms to maturity approximating to the terms of the related pension plan, in the same currency that these benefits will be paid and with terms almost similar to the ones of the benefits' commitment). Another fundamental assumption is related to the salaries' increase. The assumptions used are further illustrated in Note 19.

Interest rates of high-quality corporate bonds that have terms to maturity approximating to the terms to the related pension plan



If the used discount rate, deviated 25 % from actuary's estimation, then the present value of the non financed liabilities would be increased/decreased by \in 97.054/ \in 107.387.

If the total benefits' increase, taken into consideration was 100%, different then the present value of the non financed liabilities would be increased/decreased by \in 108.610/ \in 98.278.

e) Provision for impairment of receivables

Impairment losses are recognised when there is an objective indication that the Group is not in a position to collect all the amounts that are due pursuant to contractual terms. The objective indication that receivables have been impaired includes information coming to the attention of the Group concerning the following events: Considerable financial distress of the customer, possibility to start bankruptcy procedures or any other financial restructuring of the customer as well as unfavourable changes in the payment of due amounts.

If the final outcome differs by 10% from management estimates. The Group's and Company's provision in impairment of receivables, will increase/decrease by \pounds 1.166.000.

5) Reporting by sector

The chief operating decision maker, role held by General Manager in Corinth Pipeworks, receives internal financial reports regarding the performance of the operating sectors and the allocation of resources between them. The Group is organised in two operating units:

i) Energy Unit (steel pipes of medium and large diameter)

Energy sector produces and sells medium and large diameter steel pipes for the transmission of natural gas, oil and water. It is export oriented, and its main characteristics regard big scale, long terms projects with complexity of logistics and strict technical specifications that have to be met. The production is based on orders and the customers are vertically integrated energy companies, grid operators, EPC contractors and international trading houses.

ii) Construction Unit (hollow sections)

Construction operating unit produces and sells hollow sections, widely used in the field of metal constructions. The production is make-to-stock and the customers are mainly trading houses and construction companies.

It is noted that because of the particularity of the sectors in which the Group operates, segmental reporting based on geographical breakdown is not recommended. The said fact is proven by the major shifts in the geographical breakdown of sales, through-out the year.

The management is following separately the operating performance of the fore mentioned sectors, the evaluation of which is based on the sales and the operating result (Operating Profits and Losses). For the evaluation of the operating results, Group follows the same principal accounting policies that were applied in the financial statements. The financial income/expenses, dividends received as well as the taxes are followed on a consolidated basis and are not allocated between the two mentioned sectors.

The results of each sector for the 12 months until December 31, 2015 had as follows:

Amounts in Euros	Sector of energy	Constructions sector	Total
Total gross sales by sector	469.086.851	27.943.807	497.030.658
Inter-company sales	-200.807.076	-	-200.807.076
Net sales	268.279.775	27.943.807	296.223.582
Operating (losses)	22.636.463	-4.126.143	18.510.320
Net financial expenses (note 26)			-7.920.504
Share of profits from associates (note 8)			1.510.501
(Losses) before taxes			12.100.317
Taxation (note 27)			-4.341.132
(Losses) for the period after taxes			7.759.185



The results of each sector for the 12 months until December 31, 2014 had as follows:

Amounts in Euros	Sector of energy	Constructions sector	Total
Total gross sales by sector	215.929.050	27.565.207	243.494.257
Inter-company sales	-55.303.882	-	-55.303.882
Net sales	160.625.168	27.565.207	188.190.375
Operating (losses)	-1.395.047	-2.630.946	-4.025.993
Net financial expenses (note 26)			-3.019.252
Share of profits from associates (note 8)			2.136.532
(Losses) before taxes			-4.908.713
Taxation (note 27)			-646.842
(Losses) for the period after taxes			-5.555.555

Other figures per sector included in the operating profit/(loss) for the 12 months until December 31 2015 are the following:

Amounts in Euros	Sector of energy	Constructions sector	Total
Amortisation of tangible assets (note 6)	7.750.896	807.327	8.558.223
Movement of provisions (note 20)	-	-	-
Impairment of inventories (note 10)	2.344.250	1.013.913	3.358.163

Other figures per sector included in the operating profit/(loss) for the 12 months until December 31 2014 are the following:

Amounts in Euros	Sector of energy	Constructions sector	Total
Amortisation of tangible assets (note 6)	7.250.957	1.244.351	8.495.308
Movement of provisions (note 20)	-143.161	-	-143.161
Impairment of inventories (note 10)	883.773	272.190	1.155.963

The operating profit/(loss) of the sectors include profits and losses from forwards for cash flow hedging, related to purchases and sales (note 22).

Transfers and transactions between sectors take place on actual commercial terms and conditions, similar to the ones used in transactions with third parties.

The sectors' assets and liabilities at December 31 2015 and investments in property, plant and equipment for the ended period at that date have as follows:

Amounts in Euros	Sector of energy	Constructions sector	Total
Assets	79.022.391	21.105.074	100.127.465
Investments in associated companies	9.998.104	-	9.998.104
Total Assets	89.020.495	21.105.074	110.125.569
Total liabilities	29.714.877	3.436.806	33.151.683
Capital expenditures	37.001.343	107.854	37.109.198

The sectors' assets and liabilities at December 31 2014 and investments in property, plant and equipment for the ended period at that date have as follows:

Amounts in Euros	Sector of energy	Constructions sector	Total
Assets	84.066.045	19.908.895	103.974.940
Investments in associated companies	11.812.386	-	11.812.386
Total Assets	95.878.431	19.908.895	115.787.326
Total liabilities	84.243.526	4.658.856	88.902.382
Capital expenditures	50.373.631	673.768	51.047.399

Sectors' assets include stocks, intangible assets, receivables from clients and other receivables. The non-allocated assets include deferred taxes, tangible assets, derivatives used to hedge future commercial transactions, financial assets at fair value through Profit and Losses, cash and cash equivalents, taxation, raw and indirect materials, investment in associates, other receivables.



The sectors' liabilities include liabilities from transactions with suppliers, clients' downpayments, provisions, accrued expenses and other long-term liabilities. The non-allocated liabilities include loans, taxes, derivatives, subsidies, provisions for staff leaving indemnity and other liabilities.

Investments in tangible assets include cash outflows for the purchase of tangible assets.

Assets and liabilities, as they appear in the financial reports that are addressed to the General Manager, are valuated according to the same accounting principle as those of the financial statements. Assets are allocated according to their function in each sector.

Allocated assets and liabilities reconcile to the Group' assets and liabilities as follows:

31/12/2015 Amounts in Euros	Assets	Liabilities
Allocated assets and liabilities	110.125.568	33.151.683
Unallocated:		
Tangible fixed assets	183.615.498	-
Deferred Tax Asset	180.080	16.995.159
Derivative financial instruments	121.499	495.457
Inventories	6.203.489	-
Other receivables	17.151.157	-
Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss	9.137	-
Cash & Cash equivalent	19.457.363	-
Investments in associated companies	926.898	-
Income tax	1.657.756	582
Loans	-	135.612.358
Liabilities for personnel compensation due to withdrawal from service	-	1.223.258
Other liabilities	-	2.529.107
Total	339.448.445	190.007.604

31/12/2014	Assets	Liabilities
Amounts in Euros	ASSEIS	Liabilities
Allocated assets and liabilities	115.787.326	88.902.382
Unallocated:		
Tangible fixed assets	155.057.553	-
Deferred Tax Asset	11.229	13.093.993
Derivative financial instruments	144.430	6.726.244
Inventories	41.571.929	-
Other receivables	37.704.626	-
Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss	9.137	-
Cash & Cash equivalent	9.574.938	-
Investments in associated companies	959.395	-
Income tax	1.555.659	112.903
Loans	-	109.108.404
Liabilities for personnel compensation due to		1,235,125
withdrawal from service	-	1.233.123
Other liabilities	-	3.379.184
Total	362.376.222	222.558.235

The Company is established in Greece. The Company channel the largest part of its sales to countries of Eurozone, other European countries, Asia, America and Africa.

Sales	CONSOLIDATED FIGURES			
Amounts in Euros	12months until 31/12/2015	12months until 31/12/2014		
Greece	21.048.289	13.250.482		
Euro zone	19.457.638	49.801.486		
Other European Countries	11.670.861	11.680.181		
Asia	1.451.376	912.340		
America	239.537.649	81.969.772		
Africa	3.057.769	30.576.115		
Total	296.223.582	188.190.376		



Sales are referred to the country that the costumers are established.

Sales of € 229.092.322 (2014: € 107.408.595) are concentrated to five customers abroad seated in the USA (2014: France, Italy, Tunisia and USA). However such a situation is not rare, since the Company undertakes large scale projects. The said transactions were for energy pipes.

All total assets other than investments in associates and deferred tax assets, sorted geographically, are analyzed below:

Amounts in Euros	31/12/2015	31/12/2014
Greece	319.282.502	308.026.572
Eurozone	39.188	9.675
USA	8.995.391	41.520.801
Poland	26.283	36.165
	328.343.364	349.593.213

All non-current assets other than investments in associates and deferred tax assets are located in Greece € 188.220.291 (2014: € 159.790.892), in other countries of the Eurozone € 0 (2014: € 0) and America € 105.071 (2014: € 66.742).

All liabilities other than deferred tax liabilities, sorted geographically, are analyzed below:

Amounts in Euros	31/12/2015	31/12/2014
Greece	315.141.738	339.377.452
Eurozone	116.738	111.779
USA	7.494.955	8.892.711
Poland	7.225	15.151
Russia	-307.370	885.136
	322.453.286	349.282.229

Assets refer to the country where they are located.

Capital expenditures

Amounts in Euros	12 months until 31/12/2015	12 months until 31/12/2014
Greece	37.049.411	51.003.640
USA	59.787	43.759
Total	37.109.198	51.047.399

Capital expenditures refer to the country where the assets are located.

Analysis of revenue by category

Amounts in Euros	12 months until 31/12/2015	12 months until 31/12/2014
Sales of merchandise and products	292.010.752	184.144.773
Other	4.212.830	4.045.603
Total	296.223.582	188.190.376

The increase of the gross profit in relation with prior year in due to an important increase of sales and the increased added value projects completed in 2015.



6) <u>Tangible Fixed assets</u>

CONSOLIDATED FIGURES							
Amounts in Euros	Land	Buildings	Machinery	Vehicles	Furniture, fittings and equipment	Assets under construction	Total
Cost							
Balance as of January 1 2014	12.364.128	44.412.824	151.272.637	1.806.521	3.339.616	11.487.652	224.683.378
Foreign exchange differences	-	-	-	-	27.587	-	27.587
Additions	-	296.282	4.378.923	49.301	197.879	46.125.014	51.047.399
Sales (Note 30)	-	-	-3.620.000	-21.167	-37.932	-	-3.679.099
Reclassifications	-	1.943.135	392.128	-	6.054	-2.341.317	•
Write off	-	-	-98	1	i	-	-98
Balance as of December 31 2014	12.364.128	46.652.241	152.423.590	1.834.655	3.533.204	55.271.349	272.079.167
Accumulated depreciation							
Balance as of January 1 2014	-	-21.082.697	-83.275.446	-1.672.189	-2.510.352	-	-108.540.684
Foreign exchange differences	-	-	-	-	-20.034	-	-20.034
Depreciation of the year (Note 22)	-	-1.625.136	-6.542.345	-36.115	-291.712	-	-8.495.308
Sales (Note 30)	-	-	-	18.306	16.008	-	34.314
Reclassifications	-	-5.732	5.732	ı	ı	-	•
Write off	-	-	98	-	-	-	98
Balance as of December 31 2014	-	-22.713.565	-89.811.961	-1.689.998	-2.806.090	-	-117.021.614
Net Book value as of 31 December 2014	12.364.128	23.938.676	62.611.629	144.657	727.114	55.271.349	155.057.554
Cost							
Balance as of January 1 2015	12.364.128	46.652.241	152.423.590	1.834.655	3.533.204	55.271.349	272.079.167
Foreign exchange differences	-	-	-	-	26.399	-	26.399
Additions	68.882	518.808	262.796	-	141.118	36.117.594	37.109.198
Disposals	-	-	-	-	-89.512	-	-89.512
Reclassifications	-	6.194.662	687.713	-	43.234	-6.925.609	-
Balance as of December 31 2015	12.433.010	53.365.711	153.374.099	1.834.655	3.654.443	84.463.334	309.125.252
Accumulated depreciation							
Balance as of January 1 2015	-	-22.713.565	-89.811.961	-1.689.998	-2.806.090	-	-117.021.614
Foreign exchange differences	-	-	-	-	-18.042	-	-18.042
Depreciation of the year (Note 22)	-	-1.677.738	-6.530.186	-38.438	-311.861	-	-8.558.223
Disposals	-	-	-	-	88.124	-	88.124
Balance as of December 31 2015	-	-24.391.303	-96.342.147	-1.728.436	-3.047.869	-	-125.509.755
Net Book value as of 31 December 2015	12.433.010	28.974.408	57.031.952	106.219	606.574	84.463.334	183.615.498

COMPANY FIGURES							
Amounts in Euros	Land	Buildings	Machinery	Vehicles	Furniture, fittings and equipment	Assets under construction	Total
Cost							
Balance as of January 1 2014	12.364.128	44.412.824	150.802.204	1.806.521	3.135.636	11.487.652	224.008.965
Additions	-	296.282	4.378.923	49.301	154.121	46.125.014	51.003.641
Sales (Note 30)	-	-	-3.620.000	-21.167	-	-	-3.641.167
Reclassifications	-	1.943.135	392.128	-	6.054	-2.341.317	•
Write off	-	-	-98	-	-	-	-98
Balance as of December 31 2014	12.364.128	46.652.241	151.953.157	1.834.655	3.295.811	55.271.349	271.371.341
Accumulated depreciation							
Balance as of January 1 2014	-	-21.082.697	-82.805.013	-1.672.189	-2.367.863	-	-107.927.762
Depreciation of the year (Note 22)	-	-1.625.136	-6.542.345	-36.115	-267.575	-	-8.471.171
Sales (Note 30)	-	-	-	18.306	-	-	18.306
Reclassifications	-	-5.732	5.732	-	-	-	-
Write off	-	-	98	-	-	-	98
Balance as of December 31 2014	-	-22.713.565	-89.341.528	-1.689.998	-2.635.438	-	-116.380.529
Net Book Value as of 31 December 2014	12.364.128	23.938.676	62.611.629	144.657	660.373	55.271.349	154.990.812
Cost							
Balance as of January 1 2015	12.364.128	46.652.241	151.953.157	1.834.655	3.295.811	55.271.349	271.371.341
Additions	68.882	518.808	262.796	-	81.332	36.117.594	37.049.412
Reclassifications	-	6.194.662	687.713	-	43.234	-6.925.609	•
Balance as of December 31 2015	12.433.010	53.365.711	152.903.666	1.834.655	3.420.377	84.463.334	308.420.753
Accumulated depreciation							
Balance as of January 1 2015	-	-22.713.565	-89.341.528	-1.689.998	-2.635.438	-	-116.380.529
Depreciation of the year (Note 22)	-	-1.677.738	-6.530.185	-38.438	-283.436	-	-8.529.797
Balance as of December 31 2015	-	-24.391.303	-95.871.713	-1.728.436	-2.918.874	-	-124.910.326
Net Book Value as of 31 December 2015	12.433.010	28.974.408	57.031.953	106.219	501.503	84.463.334	183.510.427



The expenditure with regard to depreciation has been recorded in the Statement of Comprehensive Income as follows:

	CONSOLIDAT	ED FIGURES	COMPANY FIGURES		
Amounts in Euros	12 months until 31/12/2015			12 months until 31/12/2014	
Cost of sales	8.224.365	8.166.611	8.224.364	8.166.611	
Administrative expenses	239.349	237.508	210.924	213.371	
Selling expenses	94.508	91.190	94.509	91.190	
Total	8.558.222	8.495.309	8.529.797	8.471.172	

The Statement of Comprehensive Income includes leasing fees € 905.360 (2014: € 784.113) and € 747.808 (2014: € 665.603) for the Group and the Company respectively, for leasing vehicles, buildings and machinery (note 22).

At 31/12/2014 and 2015 Assets under construction are mostly related to the machinery of the the LSAW-JCOE large-diameter pipe mill for longitudinally welded pipes in the company's mill in the Industrial Area of Thisvi.

During FY 2015, Group and Company capitalised borrowing cost amounting to $\[\le \]$ 3.028.922 (2014: $\[\le \]$ 772.892) on qualifying assets. Borrowing costs were capitalised at the weighted average rate of its general borrowings of 5.45 %.

For the FY 2015 are pending mortgage prenotations amounting to € 56.760.000 (2014: € 56.760.000), (note17).

7) Investments in subsidiaries

Amounts in Euros	COMPANY FIGURES 31/12/205 31/12/2014		
AIIIOUIIIS III EUIOS			
Beginning balance	11.345.179	11.345.179	
Additions	36.030	-	
Sales	-	-	
Closing balance	11.381.209	11.345.179	

The Company's subsidiaries that are not listed on the stock exchange are as follows:

Company	Country	Acquisition value at beginning of period	Additions	Sales	Acquisition value at end of period	Direct holding percentage	Indirect holding percentage
2015							
CPW AMERICA CO.	USA	-	-	-	-	0,00%	100%
HUMBEL Ltd	Cyprus	10.751.724	-	-	10.751.724	100%	0,00%
WARSAW TUBULARS TRADING Sp. z.o.o.	Poland	593.455	-	1	593.455	100%	0,00%
E.VI.KE. SA	Greece	-	36.030	-	36.030	100%	0,00%
Total		11.345.179	36.030	-	11.381.209		

Company	Country	Acquisition value at beginning of period	Additions	Sales	Acquisition value at end of period	Direct holding percentage	Indirect holding percentage
2014							
CPW AMERICA CO.	United Stated	-	-	-	-	0,00%	100%
HUMBEL Ltd	Cyprus	10.751.724	-	-	10.751.724	100%	0,00%
WARSAW TUBULARS TRADING Sp. z.o.o.	Poland	593.455	-	-	593.455	100%	0,00%
Total		11.345.179	-	-	11.345.179		

In 2015, the company acquired 100% of E.VI.KE SA share capital for an amount of \leqslant 36.030. The effect on the consolidated financial statements are not material.



8) Investments in associates

Amounts in Euros	CONSOLIDATE	D FIGURES	COMPANY FIGURES		
Amounts in Euros	31/12/2015	31/12/2014	31/12/2015	31/12/2014	
Beginning balance	12.771.781	19.058.542	1.073.950	1.073.950	
Foreign exchange difference	-2.555.841	-6.400.906	-	-	
Share of profit from associates	1.510.501	2.136.532		-	
Dividends	-801.440	-2.022.388	-	-	
Closing balance	10.925.002	12.771.780	1.073.950	1.073.950	

The share of profit from associated companies is after tax deductions.

Company	Country	Percentage holding	Note	Measurement method
ZAO TMK-CPW	Russia	49,00%	1	Equity
DIAVIPETHIV SA	Greece	21,75%	2	Equity

Note 1 - ZAO TMK-CPW is seated in Russia. The aim of the company is the production and trade of high quality steel-pipes, in order to meet the increased demand, in Russia and neighbouring countries' energy and construction sectors

Note 2 - DIAVIPETHIV SA is seated in Greece and sets, as Thisvi industrial zone's administrator, the boundaries on the statutory and regulatory frame in which the companies being settled in the industrial zone are operating as well as the rights and responsibilities of the administrating and managing entity.

ZAO TMK-CPW a private company with securities non quoted in an active market.

The Group share in Assets, Liabilities, Revenues, Expenses and Profits/(Losses) after tax, of associated companies is illustrated below:

Amounts in Euros	ZAO TM	K-CPW	
Amounts in Euros	31/12/2015	31/12/2014	
Current assets			
Cash & Cash equivalent	3.764,0	4.097,0	
Other current assets	19.845.365	22.209.059	
Total current assets	19.849.129	22.213.156	
Short term financial liabilities	-	-	
Other short term assets	-7.543.122	-7.045.057	
Total short term assets	-7.543.122	-7.045.057	
	12.306.007	15.168.100	
Non-Current assets	9.003.186	10.491.738	
Long term financial liabilities	-	-	
Other long term liabilities	-33.866	-847	
Total long term liabilities	-33.866	-847	
Net liabilities	21.275.327	25.658.990	
Non controlling interest	-	-	
Total equity	21.275.327	25.658.990	

Amounts in Euros	ZAO TM	K-CPW
Amounts in Euros	31/12/2015	31/12/2014
Sales (turnover)	49.018.409	59.159.657
Cost of sales	-43.027.471	-49.742.086
Selling expenses	-2.599.625	-4.290.543
Administrative expenses	-680.868	-1.035.383
Other income	595.337	1.155.190
Other expenses	-200.039	-545.173
Operating profit	3.105.743	4.701.662
Profit before tax	3.105.743	4.701.662
Income tax	-637.815	-980.301
Profit after tax	2.467.928	3.721.361
Other comprehensive income after tax	-	-
Total comprehensive income after tax	2.467.928	3.721.361
Non controlling interest	-	-
Total equity	2.467.928	3.721.361
Depreciations	1.328.979	1.494.047



Amounts in Euros	ZAO TMK-CPW
Balance on January 1, 2014	39.128.026
Results of period	3.721.361
Foreign exchange difference	-13.063.075
Dividends	-4.127.322
Balance on December 31, 2014	25.658.990
Holding (49%)	12.572.905
Readjustments	-816.331
TOTAL HOLDING (49%)	11.756.574
Balance on January 1, 2015	25.658.990
Results of period	2.467.928
Foreign exchange difference	-5.216.000
Dividends	-1.635.591
Balance on December 31, 2015	21.275.327
Holding (49%)	10.424.910
Readjustments	-500.332
TOTAL HOLDING (49%)	9.924.578

9) <u>Financial instruments</u>

a) Financial instruments by category

Consolidated figures at 31/12/2015

Amounts in Euros Assets	Borrowings and receivables	Assets at fair value through the profit and loss	Derivatives used for hedging	Total
Trade and other receivables	38.507.965	-	-	38.507.965
Cash and cash equivalents	19.457.363	-	-	19.457.363
Short-term derivative financial instruments	-	-	121.499	121.499
Short-term financial assets at fair value through Profit and Loss	-	9.137	-	9.137
Total	57.965.328	9.137	121.499	58.095.964

Amounts in Euros	Derivatives used for	Other financial	Total
Liabilities	hedging	liabilities	TOLAT
Long-term loans	-	76.625.469	76.625.469
Short-term loans	-	58.986.889	58.986.889
Derivative financial instruments (short-term)	495.457	-	495.457
Suppliers and other liabilities	-	33.747.870	33.747.870
Total	495.457	169.360.228	169.855.685

Consolidated figures at 31/12/2014

Amounts in Euros Assets	Borrowings and receivables	Assets at fair value through the profit and loss	Derivatives used for hedging	Total
Trade and other receivables	85.583.057	-	-	85.583.057
Cash and cash equivalents	9.574.938	-	-	9.574.938
Short-term derivative financial instruments	-	-	144.430	144.430
Short-term financial assets at fair value through Profit and Loss	-	9.137	-	9.137
Total	95.157.995	9.137	144.430	95.311.562

Amounts in Euros Liabilities	Derivatives used for hedging	Other financial liabilities	Total
Long-term loans	-	76.796.642	76.796.642
Short-term loans	-	32.311.762	32.311.762
Derivative financial instruments (short-term)	6.726.244	-	6.726.244
Suppliers and other liabilities	-	80.481.346	80.481.346
Other short-term financing Liabilities	-	8.187.907	8.187.907
Total	6.726.244	197,777,657	204.503.901



Company figures at 31/12/2015

Amounts in Euros Assets	Borrowings and receivables	Assets at fair value through the profit and loss	Derivatives used for hedging	Total
Trade and other receivables	38.595.679	-	-	38.595.679
Cash and cash equivalents	12.946.880	-	-	12.946.880
Short-term derivative financial instruments	-	-	121.499	121.499
Short-term financial assets at fair value through results	-	9.137	-	9.137
Total	51.542.559	9.137	121,499	51.673.195

Amounts in Euros Liabilities	Derivatives used for hedging	Other financial liabilities	Total
Long-term loans	-	76.625.469	76.625.469
Short-term loans	-	58.986.889	58.986.889
Derivative financial instruments (short-term)	495.457	-	495.457
Suppliers and other liabilities	-	31.684.799	31.684.799
Total	495.457	167.297.157	167.792.614

Company figures at 31/12/2014

Amounts in Euros Assets	Borrowings and receivables	Assets at fair value through the profit and loss	Derivatives used for hedging	Total
Trade and other receivables	80.339.719	-	-	80.339.719
Cash and cash equivalents	8.238.357	-	-	8.238.357
Short-term derivative financial instruments	-	-	144.430	144.430
Short-term financial assets at fair value through results	-	9.137	-	9.137
Total	88.578.076	9.137	144.430	88.731.643

Amounts in Euros Liabilities	Derivatives used for hedging	Other financial liabilities	Total
Long-term loans	-	76.796.642	76.796.642
Short-term loans	-	32.311.762	32.311.762
Derivative financial instruments (short-term)	6.726.244	-	6.726.244
Suppliers and other liabilities	-	73.423.671	73.423.671
Other short-term financing Liabilities	-	8.187.907	8.187.907
Total	6.726.244	190.719.982	197.446.226

b) Credit quality of financial assets

Derivative financial instruments (assets):

The credit quality of derivative financial assets according to external credit rating (Moody's) is presented below:

Amounts in Euros	Consolidated and Company figures	Consolidated and Company figures
	31/12/2015	31/12/2014
Caa1	-	27.864
Caa2	-	116.565,36
Caa3	121.499	-
Total	121.499	144.430



The credit quality of cash at bank and short-term bank deposits according to external credit rating (Moody's) is presented below:

Amounts in Euros	CONSOLIDA	CONSOLIDATED FIGURES		FIGURES
AIIIOUIIIS III EUIOS	31/12/2015	31/12/2014	31/12/2015	31/12/2014
Aa2	10.150.839	1.297.329	10.150.839	-
Aa3	-	2.189.349	-	2.189.349
A1	6.453.334	-	-	-
Ba1	25.881	35.781	-	-
Caa1	-	1.241.777	1	1.238.428
Caa2	-	4.802.622	1	4.802.622
Caa3	2.780.827	-	2.749.888	-
TOTAL	19.410.881	9.566.858	12.900.727	8.230.399

10) Inventories

Amounts in Euros	CONSOLIDAT	ED FIGURES	COMPANY FIGURES	
	31/12/2015	31/12/2014	31/12/2015	31/12/2014
Merchandise	2.515.753	61.605	1.812.710	61.605
Finished products	23.213.689	20.730.719	23.213.688	17.894.134
Semi-finished products	14.023.048	18.041.548	14.023.048	18.041.548
By-products and scrap material	782.839	412.318	155.278	412.318
Raw and indirect materials	24.877.557	41.208.187	24.877.556	41.208.187
Consumables - spare parts & packaging materials	3.564.629	3.271.667	3.564.629	3.271.667
Advances for inventories purchase	338.798	-	338.798	-
Total	69.316.312	83.726.045	67.985.707	80.889.460

The cost of stocks that was recorded as an expense in the cost of sales amounts to € 190.498.334 (2014: € 139.243.213) and € 159.784.283 (2014: € 114.839.098) for the Group and the Company respectively (note 22).

During the fiscal year stocks were estimated at the lower value between their cost and their net liquid value. The net liquid value was estimated based on the sales price of inventories in an active market. An impairment amounting of \in 3.358.163 has been recognized in the for the Group and the Company (2014: \in 1.155.963 for the Group and the Company).

11) Trade and other receivables

Amounts in Euros	CONSOLIDAT	TED FIGURES	COMPANY FIGURES	
Amounts in Euros	31/12/2015	31/12/2014	31/12/2015	31/12/2014
Trade receivables	27.949.990	53.789.046	27.299.744	37.507.149
Less: provision for impairment of trade receivables	-11.663.595	-10.504.934	-11.663.595	-10.504.934
Cheques receivables or bounced and promissory notes	1.684	-	1.684	-
Trade receivables net	16.288.079	43.284.112	15.637.833	27.002.215
Other down payments	2.483.174	25.251.184	2.441.596	4.409.933
Receivables from related parties (note 33)	24.329.585	22.223.259	25.067.545	54.086.551
Improvement in third party building installations	488.427	579.110	488.427	579.110
Greek State	10.576.295	8.187.786	10.576.295	8.187.786
Other debtors	238	-	-	-
Total	54.165.798	99.525.451	54.211.696	94.265.595
Current Assets	49.455.934	94.725.371	49.501.832	89.465.515
Non-Current Assets	4.709.864	4.800.080	4.709.864	4.800.080
Total	54.165.798	99.525.451	54.211.696	94.265.595

During FY 2015 the company transferred receivables amounting to € 38.561.853 (2014: € 30.881.711) to a bank in exchange for cash (note 34).

The long term-receivables included in the non-current assets for the Group and Company are analysed as follows:

a) Long-term receivables included in non-current assets € 709.095 (2014: € 708.628)concern guarantees to third parties within the framework of the Company's activities and do not have a specific maturity date.



b) amount \in 397.745,15 (2014: \in 488.428) is related to undepreciated part of expenses regarding improvements made in Company's buildings installations and are on operational lease. Because of these improvements, the Company's is charged with reduced lease. The expenses in question are amortized according to the length of the lease, which will cease at 01/07/2021, and are recognized in the statement of profit and loss as leasing fees. The portion of the expense that relates to the next financial year, amounting to \in 90.682 is recognized in the current assets.

c) Amount of € 3.603.023 (2014: € 3.603.023).

Further to the approval of the Regulatory Plan of the industrial zone in Thisvi (No 5931/28-9-2006) and the resolution of the General Secretary of Sterea Ellada region, the subsidiary DIA.VI.PE.THIV. S.A. (Thisvi industrial zone's administrator) received total surface of 195 acres and another 281 acres for communal needs of the companies settled in the said industrial zone. The land in question was given up by the companies being settled in the industrial zone. In this framework, Corinth Pipeworks S.A. gave up land of 145.471 sq.m. with a value of € 3.603.023, transaction being posted as a long-term receivable (included in other assets) from DIA.VI.PE.THIV. S.A, since Law 2545/97 (art.5) stipulates that the said land will be returned to its owners if the administrator ceases its operation.

In "other down payments" is recognized the amount of € 784.230 (2014: € 2.228.872) related to the loan agreement between CORINTH PIPEWORKS S.A and COMMERZBANK contracted during the first half of 2013 to finance the new investment of the LSAW-JCOE large-diameter pipe mill for longitudinally welded pipes. Up until 31/12/2015 € 45.654.094 of the said loan has been withdrawn. During the financial year 2015 an additional amount of € 13.805.359 has been withdrawn (net of transaction expenses).

As of 31/12/2015 trade receivables of € 4.085.734 (2014: € 16.033.045) € 4.159.344 (2014: € 26.994.990) concern clients without delay in their payments, for the Company and the Group respectively.

Trade receivables that are less than three months past due are not considered impaired. As of 31/12/2015 Trade receivables that were past due but not impaired € 1.261.263 (2014: € 6.068.607) for the Group € 211.192 (2014: € 748.655) for the Company. These relate to a number of independent customers for whom there is no recent history of default. The ageing of these receivables are shown in the table below:

Amounts in Euros	CONSOLIDA	ATED FIGURES COMPANY FIGURES		
Trade receivables	31/12/2015	31/12/2014	31/12/2015	31/12/2014
0-3 months	343.331	5.955.210	155.731	720.547
3-6 months	389.037	10.830	-	326
> 6 months	55.460	102.567	55.460	27.782
Total	787.828	6.068.607	211.192	748.655

Receivables from related parties that are less than three months past due are not considered impaired. As of 31/12/2015 trade receivables that were past due but not impaired \mathfrak{C} 3.740.783 for the Group and Company (2014: \mathfrak{C} 3.480.847 for the Group Company). These relate to related parties for which there is no recent history of default. The ageing of these receivables are shown in the table below:

Amounts in Euros	CONSOLIDA	ATED FIGURES	COMPANY	FIGURES
Receivables from related parties	31/12/2015 31/12/2014		31/12/2015	31/12/2014
0-3 months	956.377	746.809	956.377	746.809
3-6 months	1.568.214	1.860.400	1.568.214	1.860.400
> 6 months	1.216.193	873.638	1.216.193	873.638
Total	3.740.783	3.480.847	3.740.783	3.480.847

The amount of € 3.603.023 (2014: € 3.603.023) is not included in the ageing – see forementioned comment.



The amounts recognised as provision usually are written off since they are not expected to be collected by the specific customers.

Movements to the Group's and the Company's provision for impairment of trade receivables are presented below:

Amounts in Euros	CONSOLIDAT	ED FIGURES	COMPANY FIGURES	
Amounts in Luios	31/12/2015	31/12/2014	31/12/2015	31/12/2014
Beginning balance	10.504.934	9.359.301	10.504.934	9.296.906
Foreign exchange differences	1.158.661	1.210.387	1.158.661	1.208.028
Provisions write-off	-	-64.754	-	-
Closing balance	11.663.595	10.504.934	11.663.595	10.504.934

The movement of the forementioned provision has been recognised in the income statement as follows:

Amounts in Euros	CONSOLIDA	TED FIGURES	COMPAN	Y FIGURES
AITIOUTIES III EUTOS	31/12/2015 31/12/2014		31/12/2015	31/12/2014
Other expenses	-1.158.661	-1.208.028	-1.158.661	-1.208.028
Administrative expenses	-	64.754	-	-
Total	-1.158.661	-1.143.274	-1.158.661	-1.208.028

The ageing of the receivables from impaired clients are shown in the table below:

Amounts in Euros	CONSOLIDA	TED FIGURES	COMPANY FIGURES		
AIIIOUIIIS III EUIOS	31/12/2015	31/12/2014	31/12/2015	31/12/2014	
> 6 months	23.002.818	20.725.449	23.002.818	20.725.449	
Total	23.002.818	20.725.449	23.002.818	20.725.449	

In 2010, the Company has made an impairment to a receivable of (\$ 24.864.102 or \$ 18.627.586) due to its overdue status. On 31/12/2015, the same amount is valuated \$ 22.756.820. While Company's judicial actions, both in Greece and other jurisdictions, for the collection of the aforementioned debt are on-going and while no final judgments have been issued, the Company considers that for the moment there is no reason to revise the provisions amounting to \$ 11.417.597 (2014: \$ 10.258.936) that has formed in its financial statements. Management estimates that potential loss will not exceed the impaired amount.

The Court of Cassation in Dubai upheld the appeal of the Company and decided to cancel the judgement of appeal, in its capital that recognized the fictional counterclaim of Company's customer raised in the context of the action brought against him by the Company and ordered the set off to be carried out with Company's claim recognized irrevocably, and to refer back the case to the Court of Appeal to review the validity of the counterclaim with new panel. Based on assessment of the lawyers handling the legal case before the civil courts of Dubai, most likely the appellate court would dismiss the counterclaim raised by Company's customer. Therefore, the Company believes that the likelihood of an outflow of resources from the outcome of the counterclaim of that customer versus the Company is remote.

In addition the Company to ensure its rights under the decision of the First Instance Court of Athens issued in interim proceedings imposed precautionary seizure and has registered mortgage liens, on third party property involved in the abovementioned case.

Up until 31/12/2015 there were no changes regarding the collection of the due amount.

The carrying amounts of the Group's and the Company's trade and other receivables are denominated in the following currencies:

Amounts in Euros	CONSOLIDAT	ED FIGURES	COMPANY FIGURES		
Amounts in Luios	31/12/2015	31/12/2014	31/12/2015	31/12/2014	
Euro	41.387.119	49.773.338	41.379.201	49.767.012	
US Dollar	12.771.830	49.648.846	12.825.597	44.395.248	
Zloty	402	383	451	451	
UK Pound	5.420	101.857	5.420	101.857	
United Arab Emirates Dirham	1.027	1.027	1.027	1.027	
Total	54.165.798	99.525.451	54.211.696	94.265.595	



The other classes within trade and other receivables do not contain impaired assets.

The maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date for the Group and the Company is the fair value of each class of receivable mentioned above.

The Good performance guarantees given to customers are presented below:

Amounts in Euros	CONSOLIDATE	D FIGURES	COMPANY FIGURES		
Amounts in Luios	31/12/2015	31/12/2014	31/12/2015	31/12/2014	
Good performance guarantees given to customers	15.605.479	20.797.338	15.605.479	20.797.338	
Total	15.605.479	20.797.338	15.605.479	20.797.338	

12) Derivative financial instruments

Amounts in Euros	CONSOLIDAT	ED FIGURES	COMPANY FIGURES	
Amounts in Euros	31/12/2015	31/12/2014	31/12/2015	31/12/2014
Current Assets				
Forward foreign exchange contracts – cash flow hedges	121.499	144.430	121.499	144.430
Total	121.499	144.430	121.499	144.430
Short-term Liabilities				
Forward foreign exchange contracts – cash flow hedges	495.457	6.726.244	495.457	6.726.244
Total	495.457	6.726.244	495.457	6.726.244
Amounts recognised in the income statement as income (or expense)	-19.150.964	-3.277.849	-19.150.964	-3.277.849

The amount of \in -612.922 (31/12/2014: \in 598.653) related to estimation of cash flow hedge through results, was recognised in the income statement.

The maximum exposure to credit risk at 31/12/2015 for the Group and the Company is the fair value of the derivative assets in the Statement of Financial Position.

The derivative financial instruments are classified in the non-current assets/long-term liabilities when the remaining period (maturity date) exceeds 12 months, and in current assets/short-term liabilities when the remaining period (maturity date) is shorter than 12 months.

Forward foreign exchange contracts

The notional principal amounts of the outstanding forward foreign exchange contracts on 31/12/2015 were USD 20.045.937compared to USD 145.386.989 on 31/12/2014. Gains and losses from forward foreign exchange contracts recognised, in equity, on 31/12/2015 will be transferred to the Statement of Comprehensive Income in various dates, between two and six months from the Balance Sheet date.

13) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

CORINTH PIPEWORKS S.A. participated to the public offer of EUROBANK SA... The shares and warrants were acquired at a value of € 7.500.000. In the third quarter the Company sold the shares and warrants with a loss of € 949.808 recognized in the "other gains/(losses) net" of the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

The financial assets at fair value through profit or loss include the following:

Amounts in Euros	CONSOLIDATED FIGURES	COMPANY FIGURES
	31/12/2015	31/12/2015
Not-listed securities		
- Greek securities	9.137	9.137
Total	9.137	9.137



The financial assets at fair value through profit or loss include the following:

Amounts in Euros	CONSOLIDATED FIGURES	COMPANY FIGURES
	31/12/2014	31/12/2014
Not-listed securities		
- Greek securities	9.137	9.137
Total	9.137	9.137

14) <u>Cash & Cash equivalents</u>

Amounts in Euros	CONSOLIDA	TED FIGURES	COMPANY FIGURES		
Amounts in Euros	31/12/2015	31/12/2014	31/12/2015	31/12/2014	
Cash on hand	46.482	8.080	46.153	7.958	
Cash at banks	19.410.881	9.566.858	12.900.727	8.230.399	
Total	19.457.363	9.574.938	12.946.880	8.238.357	

15) Share capital and premium

Amounts in Euros	Number of shares	Ordinary shares	Share premium	Total
December 31, 2014	124.170.201	96.852.757	27.427.850	124.280.607
December 31, 2015	124.170.201	96.852.757	27.427.850	124.280.607

The total number of approved common shares amounts to 124.170.201 shares (2014: 124.170.201 shares) of a nominal value of 0,78 Euros each (2014: 0,78 Euros each). All issued shares have been paid up in full.

16) Other reserves

CONSOLIDATED FIGURES								
Amounts in Euros	Ordinary reserve	Fair Value Reserve	Extra- ordinary reserves	Untaxed reserves	Other reserves	Total	Foreign exchange Differences from the Consolidation of foreign subsidiaries	Total
Balance on January 1, 2014	2.372.736	-24.354	2.640.148	12.798.202	90.284	17.877.016	-4.460.007	13.417.009
Foreign exchange difference	-	-	-	-	-	-	-6.292.770	-6.292.770
Transfer of reserve	-	-	-	4.324.899	-	4.324.899	-	4.324.899
Profit after tax from change of fair value of cash flow hedge	-	-4.393.471	-	-	-	-4.393.471	-	-4.393.471
Balance on December 31, 2014	2.372.736	-4.417.825	2.640.148	17.123.101	90.284	17.808.444	-10.752.777	7.055.667
Balance on January 1, 2015	2.372.736	-4.417.825	2.640.148	17.123.101	90.284	17.808.444	-10.752.777	7.055.667
Foreign exchange difference	-	-	-	-	-	-	-2.382.017	-2.382.017
Transfer of reserve	-	-	-	2.133.193	-	2.133.193	-	2.133.193
Profit after tax from change of fair value of cash flow hedge	-	4.147.812	-	-	-	4.147.812	-	4.147.812
Balance on December 31, 2015	2.372.736	-270.013	2.640.148	19.256.294	90.284	24.089.449	-13.134.794	10.954.655

COMPANY FIGURES						
Amounts in Euros	Ordinary reserve	Fair Value Reserve	Extra- ordinary reserves	Untaxed reserves	Other reserves	Total
Balance on January 1, 2014	2.372.736	-24.354	2.640.148	12.798.202	90.284	17.877.016
Transfer of reserve	-	-	-	4.324.899	-	4.324.899
Profit after tax from change of fair market value of cash flow hedge	-	-4.393.471	-	-	-	-4.393.471
Balance on December 31, 2014	2.372.736	-4.417.825	2.640.148	17.123.101	90.284	17.808.444
Balance on January 1, 2015	2.372.736	-4.417.825	2.640.148	17.123.101	90.284	17.808.444
Transfer of reserve	-	-	-	2.133.193	-	2.133.193
Profit after tax from change of fair market value of cash flow hedge	-	4.147.812	-	-	-	4.147.812
Balance on December 31, 2015	2.372.736	-270.013	2.640.148	19.256.294	90.284	24.089.449



(a) Statutory reserve

Pursuant to the provisions of articles 44 and 45 of Codified Law 2190/1920 the statutory reserve is formed and used as follows: At least 5% of the true (accounting) net profits of each fiscal year is mandatorily withheld in order to form the statutory reserve until the accumulated amount thereof amounts to at least 1/3 of the registered share capital. The statutory reserve may be used to cover losses following a decision of the Ordinary General Meeting of the shareholders and may not be used for any other reason.

(b) Extraordinary reserves

This reserve has been formed following a decision of the Ordinary General Meeting that convened in previous fiscal years. It does not have a specific use and may be used for any purpose following a decision of the Ordinary General Meeting.

(c) Untaxed reserves

Special law untaxed reserves

The Company monitors the reserves that are formed from net profits, which, pursuant to special provisions of incentive laws that are in force each time, are not taxed whereas they were used for the acquisition of new production equipment. In other words, these reserves are formed from net profits for which a tax is not estimated or paid.

Reserves from income exempted from taxation and from income taxed by special laws.

These reserves include part of the non-distributed net profits of each fiscal year that emanates from income exempted from taxation and income taxed by special laws with the exhaustion of the tax liability.

The aforementioned reserves may be capitalised and distributed (after the restrictions that may apply each time are taken into consideration) following a decision of the Ordinary General Meeting of the shareholders.

In case where distribution is decided, the Company will be called to pay the corresponding tax.

17) <u>Borrowings</u>

Amounts in Euros	CONSOLIDA	TED FIGURES	COMPANY FIGURES		
	31/12/2015	31/12/2014	31/12/2015	31/12/2014	
Long-Term borrowings					
Bank loans	32.828.154	25.632.941	32.828.154	25.632.941	
Other loans	3.303.561	4.240.320	3.303.561	4.240.320	
Debentures	40.493.754	46.923.381	40.493.754	46.923.381	
Total Long-Term borrowings	76.625.469	76.796.642	76.625.469	76.796.642	
Short-Term borrowings					
Bank overdrafts	46.100.000	29.900.000	46.100.000	29.900.000	
Debentures	4.706.159	1.563.698	4.706.159	1.563.698	
Other loans	6.528.949	-	6.528.949	-	
Total Short-Term borrowings	1.651.781	848.064	1.651.781	848.064	
Total borrowings	58.986.889	32.311.762	58.986.889	32.311.762	

The Group's exposure to interest rates risk as well as the contractual dates of resetting interest rates are as follows:

Amounts in Euros	CONSOLIDA	TED FIGURES	COMPANY FIGURES		
	31/12/2015	31/12/2014	31/12/2015	31/12/2014	
Less than 6 months	93.122.703	76.823.381	93.122.703	76.823.381	
6 to 12 months	42.489.655	32.285.023	42.489.655	32.285.023	
Total	135.612.358	109.108.404	135.612.358	109.108.404	



The maturity dates of long-term loans are as follows:

Amounts in Euros	CONSOLIDA	TED FIGURES	COMPANY FIGURES		
	31/12/2015	31/12/2014	31/12/2015	31/12/2014	
Between 1 and 2 years	12.886.890	11.345.492	12.886.890	11.345.492	
Between 2 and 5 years	49.735.061	52.722.879	49.735.061	52.722.879	
More than 5 years	14.003.518	12.728.271	14.003.518	12.728.271	
Total	76.625.469	76.796.642	76.625.469	76.796.642	

All of the Group's loans are in Euros.

The long-term borrowings mature until 2023 and the effective weighted average interest rates that were applicable on the balance sheet date were as follows:

	CONSOLIDA	TED FIGURES	COMPANY FIGURES		
	31/12/2015	31/12/2014	31/12/2015	31/12/2014	
Bank Loans (Long term)	1,98%	2,12%	1,98%	2,12%	
Bank overdrafts	5,99%	6,11%	5,99%	6,11%	
Debentures	4,96%	5,33%	4,96%	5,33%	
Other loans	2,99%	3,17%	2,99%	3,17%	

Total borrowings include secured liabilities amounting to € 56.760.000 (2014: € 56.760.000). Bank borrowings are secured by the company's fixed assets (note 6).

The fair value of long-term borrowings is the following:

Company and Group figures					
Amounts in Euros					
Long-term borrowings	31/12/2015	31/12/2014			
Other loans	3.303.561	4.240.320			
Bank Loans	32.828.154	25.632.941			
Debentures	40.493.754	46.923.381			
Total	76.625.469	76.796.642			

The fair values of short-term loans are equal to their book values, assuming that the effect from discount is immaterial. The fair values are valuated according to parameters such as interest rates, specific factors risks of the country, current value balance sheet date and are included in level 2 of Fair Values.

For 2015 and 2014 there are no fixed interest rate long term loans.

The Group has unused credit lines of \in 147.013.390 (2014: \in 56.824.518) in order to cover any future financial needs. These credit lines are mentioned in variable rate contracts and they do not have a determined date of expiration.

18) Deferred income tax

Deferred tax claims and liabilities are offset when there is an applicable legal right to offset current tax claims with current tax liabilities and when deferred income taxes concern the same tax principle. The amounts offset are illustrated below:

Amounts in Euros	CONSOLIDA	TED FIGURES	COMPANY	FIGURES
Amounts in Luios	31/12/2015	31/12/2014	31/12/2015	31/12/2014
Deferred tax asset	-180.080	-11.229	1	-
Deferred tax liability	16.995.160	13.093.993	16.815.599	13.076.382
Total	16.815.080	13.082.764	16.815.599	13.076.382



Most of the deferred tax assets are recoverable after 12 months. Most of the tax liabilities are payable after 12 months.

The total change in deferred income tax is as follows:

Amounts in Euros	CONSOLIDA	CONSOLIDATED FIGURES		FIGURES
Amounts in Euros	31/12/2015	31/12/2014	31/12/2015	31/12/2014
Balance at the beginning of the year	13.082.764	14.140.912	13.076.382	14.543.006
Foreign exchange difference	-996	65.826	-	-
Charged/(credited) to the statement of comprehensive income (note 27)	2.248.722	504.302	2.255.627	161.650
Tax charged/(credited) directly in equity	1.484.589	-1.628.276	1.483.590	-1.628.274
Balance at year-end	16.815.079	13.082.764	16.815.599	13.076.382

Changes in deferred tax assets and liabilities during the year, without taking into consideration the offset of balances for the same tax authority, are the following:

Deferred tax liabilities:

CONSOLIDATED FIGURES	Tangible assets/Difference in depreciation	Recognition of income	Other	Total
Amounts in Euros				
Balance on 1/1/2014	14.109.437	683	2.567.854	16.677.974
Debited/(credited) in the income statement	-528.246	-373	276.257	-252.362
Balance on 31/12/2014	13.581.191	310	2.844.111	16.425.612
Balance on 1/1/2015	13.581.191	310	2.844.111	16.425.612
Debited/(credited) in the income statement	444.893	-346	-225.886	218.661
Changes in the balance at the beginning of the year due to change in the tax rate (effect in profit and loss)	1.593.095	36	302.716	1.895.847
Balance on 31/12/2015	15.619.179	-	2.920.941	18.540.120

Deferred tax assets:

CONSOLIDATED FIGURES	Provisions differences	Non-recognized intangible assets	Fair value Profit	Other	Tax losses	Total
Amounts in Euros						
Balance on 1/1/2014	-543.852	-1.438.481	-11.967	-	-542.762	-2.537.062
Foreign exchange difference	65.826	-	-		-	65.826
Debited/(credited) to the statement of comprehensive income	255.865	116.286	-155.650	3.065	534.363	753.929
Debited/(credited) directly to equity	-84.622	-	-1.543.654	-	-	-1.628.276
Changes in the balance at the beginning of the year due to change in the tax rate (effect in profit and loss)	2.735	-	-	-	-	2.735
Balance on 31/12/2014	-304.048	-1.322.195	-1.711.271	3.065	-8.399	-3.342.848
Balance on 1/1/2015	-304.048	-1.322.195	-1.711.271	3.065	-8.399	-3.342.848
Foreign exchange difference	-996	-	-	-	-	-996
Debited/(credited) to the statement of comprehensive income	-35.097	202.651	174.055	250	-2.188	339.672
Debited/(credited) directly to equity	39.958	-	1.626.223	-	-	1.666.181
Changes in the balance at the beginning of the year due to change in the tax rate (effect directly in equity)	-2.491	-	-179.101		-	-181.592
Changes in the balance at the beginning of the year due to change in the tax rate (effect in profit and loss)	-34.543	-152.562	-18.353,0	-	-	-205.458
Balance on 31/12/2015	-337.217	-1.272.106	-108.447	3.316	-10.587	-1.725.041



Deferred tax liabilities:

COMPANY FIGURES	Tangible assets/Difference in depreciation	Recognition of income	Other	Total
Amounts in Euros				
Balance on 1/1/2014	14.331.236	683	2.669.666	17.001.586
Debited/(credited) to the statement of comprehensive income	-527.910	-373	-46.126	-574.409
Balance on 31/12/2014	13.803.326	310	2.623.541	16.427.177
Balance on 1/1/2015	13.803.326	310	2.623.541	16.427.177
Debited/(credited) to the statement of comprehensive income	444.893	-346	-220.918	223.629
Debited/(credited) to the statement of comprehensive income	1.593.095	36	302.716	1.895.847
Balance on 31/12/2015	15.841.314	•	2.705.339	18.546.652

Deferred tax assets:

COMPANY FIGURES	Provisions differences	Non-recognised intangible assets	Fair value Profits	Tax losses	Total
Amounts in Euros					
Balance on 1/1/2014	-469.616	-1.438.491	-11.967	-538.506	-2.458.580
Debit/(credit) recorded in the statement of	236.918	116.286	-155.650	538.506	736.060
comprehensive income		110.200		000.000	
Debited/(credited) directly to equity	-84.622	-	-1.543.652	•	-1.628.274
Balance 31/12/2014	-317.320	-1.322.205	-1.711.269		-3.350.794
Balance on 1/1/2015	-317.320	-1.322.205	-1.711.269	-	-3.350.794
Debited/(credited) to the statement of comprehensive income	-35.097	202.651	174.055	-	341.609
Debited/(credited) directly to equity	38.959	-	1.626.223	-	1.665.182
Changes in the balance at the beginning of the year due to change in the tax rate (effect directly in equity)	-2.491	-	-179.101	-	-181.592
Changes in the balance at the beginning of the year due to change in the tax rate (effect in profit and loss)	-34.543	-152.562	-18.353	-	-205.458
Balance 31/12/2015	-350.492	-1.272.116	-108.445	-	-1.731.053

The deferred tax that was credited to the Company's Net Worth during the year refers to the change in the fair value of cash flow hedging.

Deferred tax asset was recognized for tax losses carried forward to the extent that unused tax losses and tax assets might be used on future taxable gains. The Company and Group have not recognized Deferred tax asset of & 2.164.258 against unused tax losses of & 7.462.960 that can be carried forward or be set off against future taxable profits, The unused tax losses for which the deferred tax has not been recognized is ending in 2019.

19) Retirement benefit obligations

According to Greek labor law, employees are entitled to compensations in case of termination or retirement. The amount is related to the salary, the years of services and the modality of withdrawal from service (termination or retirement). The resigning employees (employees with more than fifteen years of service are excepted) or those who are terminated with a reason are not entitled to compensations. In case of retirement, the due compensation is equal to 40% of the amount due in the case of a termination.

Amounts recognised in the statement of financial position has been designated as follows:

Amounts in Euros	CONSOLIDATED FIGURES AND COMPANY FIGURES		
Liability recognised in the statement of financial position	31/12/15	31/12/14	
Present value of non-financed liabilities	1.223.258	1.235.125	
Liability in the statement of financial position	1.223.258	1.235.125	

The movement of the Net liability recognised in the statement of comprehensive income are as follows:



Amounts in Euros	CONSOLIDATED AND COMPANY FIGURES
Start of period - 01/01/2014	828.455
Service cost	75.680
Interest Cost	26.511
Curtailment losses	82.902
	1.013.548
Reevaluations on actuarial assumptions	
Actuarial (gain)/loss - financial assumptions	315.432
Actuarial (gain)/loss - experience	10.037
	325.469
Benefits paid	-103.892
End of period 31/12/2014	1.235.125

Amounts in Euros	CONSOLIDATED AND COMPANY FIGURES
Start of period - 01/01/2015	1.235.125
Service cost	106.757
Interest Cost	18.452
Curtailment losses	65.279
	1.425.613
Reevaluations on actuarial assumptions	
Actuarial (gain)/loss - financial assumptions	-227.182
Actuarial (gain)/loss - experience	92.841
Ohter	31.263
	-103.078
Benefits paid	-99.277
End of period 31/12/2015	1.223.258

The curtailment cost is mainly due to personnel downsizing.

The main actuarial assumptions used are the following:

	CONSOLIDA	TED FIGURES	COMPANY FIGURES		
	31/12/2015	31/12/2014	31/12/2015	31/12/2014	
Discount rate	2,0%	1,50%	2,0%	1,50%	
Future salary increases	0,5%	1,0%	0,5%	1,0%	
Inflation	1,5%	1,75%	1,5%	1,75%	

Death and sickliness rates

Regarding assumptions for the death rate of men and women, the Swiss death-rate board EVK 2000 has been used. Regarding the sickliness rate the above table has been re-adjusted by 50%.

The sensitivity of the present value of benefit obligations to changes in the principal assumptions is: if the discount rate used was higher by 0.5% then the present value of benefit obligations would be lower by 7.9%. If the salary growth rate was higher bay 0.5% then the present value of the benefit obligation would be higher by 8.8%

The above sensitivity analyses are based on a change in an assumption while holding all other assumptions constant. In practice, this is unlikely to occur, and changes in some of the assumptions may be correlated. When calculating the sensitivity of the defined benefit obligation to significant actuarial assumptions the same method (present value of the defined benefit obligation calculated with the projected unit credit method at the end of the reporting period) has been applied as when calculating the pension liability recognised within the statement of financial position.



In respect of the previous financial year, the methods and the nature of the assumptions used in order to calculate the sensitivity analyses are unchanged.

The weighted average duration of the defined benefit obligation is 16,74 years.

Regarding the risks included in the aforementioned plan, this one is not funded and therefore there are no assets related to it. Consequently, risks such as volatility of assets or other similar risks (low performance, concentration of assets etc.) do not apply. Risks in the current plan are related to the actuarial assumptions used in the valuation of the benefit obligation, as shown in the financial statements, and include possible changes in the performance of the bonds used in the calculation of the discount rate, and assumptions related to the inflation rate and the rate of future salary increase, that may to affect future cash flows

20) Provisions

CONSOLIDATED FIGURES			
Amounts in Euros	Pending litigations / cases under arbitration	Indemnification to counterparties	Total
1-Jan-14	143.622	986.555	1.130.177
Reversal of unused provisions	-1.061	-142.100	-143.161
Used provisions	-4.808	-844.455	-849.263
31-Dec-14	137.753	-	137.753
1-Jan-15	137.753	-	137.753
Reversal of unused provisions	-	-	-
Used provisions	-	-	-
31-Dec-15	137.753	-	137.753

COMPANY FIGURES			
Amounts in Euros	Pending litigations / cases under arbitration	Indemnification to counterparties	Total
1-Jan-14	143.622	986.555	1.130.177
Reversal of unused provisions	-1.061	-142.100	-143.161
Used provisions	-4.808	-844.455	-849.263
31-Dec-14	137.753	-	137.753
1-Jan-15	137.753	-	137.753
Reversal of unused provisions	-	-	-
Used provisions	-	-	
31-Dec-15	137.753	-	137.753

Amounts in Euros	CONSOLIDA	TED FIGURES	COMPANY FIGURES		
AIIIOUIIIS III EUIOS	31/12/2015	31/12/2015 31/12/2014		31/12/2014	
Short-term provisions	-	-	-	-	
Long-term provisions	137.753	137.753	137.753	137.753	
Total	137.753	137.753	137.753	137.753	

Pending litigations

The amount of the said provision is based on estimations of the Group's Legal Department. The remaining provision is expected to be used within the current year. The Management of the Company considers that the formed provision is sufficient and no additional burden is expected to arise beyond the amount stated at the 31/12/2015.

Losses from contracts execution

The provision that has been formed, refers to losses that may arise as a result of the Company's contractual obligations. The provision was estimated based on historical figures and statistics for the settlement of similar cases in the past.

Moreover, based on the principle of conservatism, the Group evaluates periodically the nature of the contractual obligations and proceeds with adjustments when required.



21) Suppliers and other liabilities

Amounts in Euros	CONSOLIDA	TED FIGURES	COMPAN	Y FIGURES
	31/12/2015	31/12/2014	31/12/2015	31/12/2014
Suppliers	23.968.985	67.683.871	23.152.677	66.820.945
Customer down payments	552.064	2.208.887	552.064	1.767.391
Social Security	707.908	737.848	707.908	737.848
Tax & duties payable	535.195	527.825	535.195	527.825
Amounts payable to affiliated companies (note 33)	7.250.716	6.908.108	6.712.323	3.720.376
Dividends payable	1.671	1.671	1.671	1.671
Other creditors	549.835	501.284	549.835	501.284
Accrued expenses	1.976.663	5.386.412	1.268.293	2.379.395
Total	35.543.037	83.955.906	33.479.966	76.456.735
Short-term liabilities	35.543.037	83.955.906	33.479.966	76.456.735
Total liabilities	35.543.037	83.955.906	33.479.966	76.456.735

22) Expenses by nature

Consolidated figures - 12 months until 31/12/2015

Amounts in Euros	Notes	Cost of sales	Distribution cost	Admin. expenses	Total
Payroll and employees benefits	23	-12.158.305	-4.671.785	-2.149.688	-18.979.778
Cost of stocks recognised as expense		-190.498.334	-	-	-190.498.334
Energy		-3.293.077	-	-	-3.293.077
Depreciation	6	-8.224.365	-94.508	-239.349	-8.558.222
Insurance fees		-445.416	-3.060.985	-7.442	-3.513.843
Leasing fees		-174.025	-324.222	-407.113	-905.360
Freight cost		-884.346	-18.849.478	-64.260	-19.798.084
Fees to third parties		-5.854.264	-4.127.234	-1.243.115	-11.224.613
Other (see below)		-4.893.941	-15.257.725	-1.720.004	-21.871.670
Total		-226.426.073	-46.385.937	-5.830.971	-278.642.981
Other expenses					
Consumables, packaging, spare parts		-4.349.286	-854.041	-	-5.203.327
Foreign exchange differences	28	116.121	6.073.275	-4.116	6.185.280
Gain/(Loss) from derivatives		-	-19.150.964	-	-19.150.964
Other		-660.776	-1.325.995	-1.715.888	-3.702.659
Total		-4.893.941	-15.257.725	-1.720.004	-21.871.670

Consolidated figures - 12 months until 31/12/2014

Amounts in Euros	Notes	Cost of sales	Distribution cost	Admin. expenses	Total
Payroll and employees benefits	23	-10.073.549	-3.173.115	-2.090.142	-15.336.806
Cost of stocks recognised as expense		-139.243.214	-	-	-139.243.214
Energy		-2.790.522	-	-	-2.790.522
Depreciation	6	-8.166.611	-91.190	-237.508	-8.495.309
Insurance fees		-379.796	-2.065.823	-8.753	-2.454.372
Leasing fees		-171.942	-111.465	-384.061	-667.468
Freight cost		-680.306	-11.871.400	-58.694	-12.610.400
Fees to third parties		-3.085.828	-2.992.046	-1.554.199	-7.632.073
Other (see below)		-4.387.967	-1.593.382	-1.757.991	-7.739.340
Total		-168.979.735	-21.898.422	-6.091.347	-196.969.504
Other expenses					
Consumables, packaging, spare parts		-3.883.468	-427.376	-8.423	-4.319.267
Foreign exchange differences	28	60.177	2.750.787	-8.471	2.802.493
Gain/(Loss) from derivatives		-	-3.277.849	-	-3.277.849
Other		-564.676	-638.944	-1.741.097	-2.944.717
Total		-4.387.967	-1.593.382	-1.757.991	-7.739.340



Company figures - 12 months until 31/12/2014

Amounts in Euros	Notes	Cost of sales	Distribution cost	Admin. expenses	Total
Payroll and employees benefits	23	-12.158.305	-2.482.959	-2.149.687	-16.790.951
Cost of stocks recognised as expense		-159.784.283	-	-	-159.784.283
Energy		-3.293.077	-	-	-3.293.077
Depreciation	6	-8.224.364	-94.509	-210.924	-8.529.797
Insurance fees		-445.416	-3.313.896	-7.442	-3.766.754
Leasing fees		-174.025	-168.584	-405.199	-747.808
Freight cost		-884.346	-18.622.107	-64.260	-19.570.713
Fees to third parties		-5.854.264	-4.127.236	-1.231.945	-11.213.445
Other (see below)		-4.893.941	-15.176.671	-1.643.768	-21.714.380
Total		-195.712.021	-43.985.962	-5.713.225	-245.411.208
Other expenses					
Consumables, packaging, spare parts		-4.349.286	-854.041	-	-5.203.327
Foreign exchange differences	28	116.121	6.073.275	-4.116	6.185.280
Gain/(Loss) from derivatives		-	-19.150.964	-	-19.150.964
Other		-660.776	-1.244.941	-1.639.652	-3.545.369
Total		-4.893.941	-15.176.671	-1.643.768	-21.714.380

Company figures - 12 months until 31/12/2014

Amounts in Euros	Notes	Cost of sales	Distribution cost	Admin. expenses	Total
Payroll and employees benefits	23	-10.073.549	-2.044.270	-2.090.142	-14.207.961
Cost of stocks recognised as expense		-114.839.098	-	-	-114.839.098
Energy		-2.790.522	-	-	-2.790.522
Depreciation	6	-8.166.611	-91.190	-213.371	-8.471.172
Insurance fees		-379.796	-2.048.621	-8.752	-2.437.169
Leasing fees		-171.942	-111.465	-382.196	-665.603
Freight cost		-680.306	-11.453.007	-58.694	-12.192.007
Fees to third parties		-3.085.828	-2.992.047	-1.539.203	-7.617.078
Other (see below)		-4.387.967	-1.670.899	-1.654.932	-7.713.798
Total		-144.575.619	-20.411.499	-5.947.290	-170.934.408
Other expenses					
Consumables, packaging, spare parts		-3.883.467	-427.376	-8.423	-4.319.266
Foreign exchange differences	28	60.177	2.750.787	-8.471	2.802.493
Gain/(Loss) from derivatives		-	-3.277.849	-	-3.277.849
Other		-564.677	-716.461	-1.638.038	-2.919.176
Total		-4.387.967	-1.670.899	-1.654.932	-7.713.798

The increased selling expenses is the result of losses from derivatives recorded by the Company in 2015 through the protection against the exchange rate risks(foreign currency hedging), and higher direct selling costs (freight, fees to third parties etc.) due to correspondingly higher sales and the specific terms of delivery included in the projects realised in 2015 compared with those of 2014.

	CONSOLIDATED FIGURES		COMPANY	FIGURES
	31/12/2015 31/12/2014		31/12/2015	31/12/2014
Number of employees	440	416	430	407

23) Employee benefit expenses

Amounts in Euros	CONSOLIDAT	ED FIGURES	COMPANY FIGURES		
Announts in Euros	12 months until 31/12/2015	12 months until 31/12/2014	12 months until 31/12/2015	12 months until 31/12/2014	
Wages & salaries	14.727.411	11.750.295	12.865.160	10.839.084	
Social security expenses	3.329.976	2.859.623	3.244.353	2.811.028	
Pension benefits (note 19)	221.751	185.093	221.751	185.093	
Other benefits and expenses	700.640	541.795	459.687	372.756	
Total	18.979.778	15.336.806	16.790.951	14.207.961	



24) Other operating income

	CONSOLIDA	TED FIGURES	COMPANY FIGURES	
Amounts in Euros	12 months until 31/12/2015	12 months until 31/12/2014	12 months until 31/12/2015	12 months until 31/12/2014
Income from consulting services	4.500	7.500	-	-
Indemnification from insurance companies	25.655	651.230	25.655	651.230
Miscellaneous (See below breakdown)	902.422	4.021.651	902.422	4.021.652
Total	932.577	4.680.381	928.077	4.672.882

	CONSOLIDA	TED FIGURES	COMPANY FIGURES		
Amounts in Euros	12 months until 31/12/2015	12 months until 31/12/2014	12 months until 31/12/2015	12 months until 31/12/2014	
Unloading costs and freight	107.870	77.127	107.870	77.127	
Grants	17.133	2.940	17.133	2.940	
Income from services	542.579	797.244	542.579	797.244	
Rents	10.213	26.512	10.213	26.512	
Income from provisions and write-offs	9.859	222.450	9.859	222.450	
Income from claims	210.000	2.894.984	210.000	2.894.984	
Other	4.768	395	4.768	395	
Total	902.422	4.021.651	902.422	4.021.651	

The lower operating income is mainly due to the collection of claims related to extra-judicial settlement during made in 2014.

25) Other profit/(loss) net

	CONSOLIDA	ATED FIGURES	COMPANY FIGURES		
Amounts in Euros	12 months until 31/12/2015	12 months until 31/12/2014	12 months until 31/12/2015	12 months until 31/12/2014	
Profit / (Loss) from sale of fixed assets (note 30)	-	72.753	-	76.539	
Fair value (losses)of financial assets through profit or loss	2.856	-	2.856	-	
Total	2.856	72.753	2.856	76.539	

CORINTH PIPEWORKS S.A. participated to the public offer of NATIONAL BANK OF GREECE S.A.. The shares and warrants were acquired at a value of \in 7.500.000. In the third quarter the Company sold the shares and warrants with a loss of \in 949.808 recognized in the "other gains/(losses) net" of the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

26) Financial expenses – net

	CONSOLIDATE	ED FIGURES	COMPANY FIGURES	
Amounts in Euros	12 months until 31/12/2015	12 months until 31/12/2014	12 months until 31/12/2015	12 months until 31/12/2014
Income				
Interest income on bank deposits	81.380	122.496	76.855	111.597
Total income	81.380	122.496	76.855	111.597
Expenses				
Interest expenses and other costs	-5.854.803	-2.598.226	-5.854.803	-2.598.227
Financial leasing	-1.054	-426	-	-
Foreign exchange differences (note 28)	-1.094.700	171.130	-1.094.700	171.130
Commissions of bank guarantees	-546.405	-440.528	-546.405	-440.528
Other	-504.922	-273.698	-501.128	-273.698
Total expenses	-8.001.884	-3.141.748	-7.997.036	-3.141.323
Financial cost (net)	-7.920.504	-3.019.252	-7.920.181	-3.029.726



The increased net financial expenses are mainly due to higher needs in working capital for the execution of orders within the year as showed by the important increase of the turnover, and the exchange differences from valuation of investment capital

27) <u>Taxation</u>

	CONSOLIDA	TED FIGURES	COMPANY FIGURES		
Amounts in Euros	12 months until 31/12/2015	12 months until 31/12/2014	12 months until 31/12/2015	12 months until 31/12/2014	
Income tax	2.092.411	142.540	-250	-	
Deferred Tax (note 18)	2.248.721	504.302	2.255.627	161.650	
Total	4.341.132	646.842	2.255.377	161.650	

Income tax is different from the theoretical amount deriving from the application of the effective tax rate on the results of the consolidated companies. The difference is calculated as follows:

	CONSOLIDAT	ED FIGURES	COMPANY	FIGURES
Income Tax	12 months until 31/12/2015	12 months until 31/12/2014	12 months until 31/12/2015	12 months until 31/12/2014
Amounts in Euros				
Profit before tax	12.100.317	-4.908.713	5.468.462	-5.771.136
Tax calculated on the basis of the applicable tax rates of the mother company ((2015:29%, 2014:26%)	3.509.092	-1.276.265	1.585.854	-1.500.495
Non tax-exempted expenses	403.822	16.075	401.607	15.803
Income not used in tax calculation	-1.612.821	1.271.180	-1.422.219	1.107.836
Deferred tax on prior years unrecognised tax losses	-	538.506	-	538.506
Difference of tax rates applicable in foreign countries	350.905	104.994	-	-
Effect of tax rate changes on deferred tax	1.690.383	-	1.690.383	-
Differences of tax audit	-	1	-	-
Additional Tax	-250	-7.650	-248	-
Total income tax	4.341.131	646.842	2.255.377	161.650

The tax (expense)/income on the other comprehensive income is analysed as follows:

CONSOLIDATED FIGURES	2015			2015 2014			
Amounts in Euros	Before tax	TAX (Debit)/Credit	After tax	Before tax	TAX (Debit)/Credit	After tax	
Profit / (Loss) after tax from change of fair market value of cash flow hedge	5.594.934	-1.447.122	4.147.812	-5.937.123	1.543.652	-4.393.471	
Currency translation differences	-2.383.013	996	-2.382.017	-6.226.944	-65.826	-6.292.770	
Actuarial gains/(losses)	134.341	-36.468	97.873	-325.469	84.622	-240.847	
Other comprehensive income	3.346.262	-1.482.594	1.863.668	-12.489.536	1.562.448	-10.927.088	
Deferred Tax (note 18)		-1.482.594	·		1.562.448	·	
Total		-1.482.594	·		1.562.448	·	

COMPANY FIGURES	2015			2014		
Amounts in Euros	Before tax	TAX (Debit)/Credit	After tax	Before tax	TAX (Debit)/Credit	After tax
Profit / (Loss) after tax from change of fair market value of cash flow hedge	5.594.934	-1.447.122	4.147.812	-5.937.123	1.543.652	-4.393.471
Actuarial gains/(losses)	134.341	-36.468	97.873	-325.469	84.622	-240.847
Other comprehensive income	5.729.275	-1.483.590	4.245.685	-6.262.592	1.628.274	-4.634.318
Deferred Tax (note 18)		-1.483.590			1.628.274	
Total		-1.483.590			1.628.274	

According L.4172/2013 which is in effect since January 1st, 2014, corporate tax rate for legal entities in Greece has been set to 26% for fiscal year of 2014 and onwards. Furthermore the withholding tax for the distributing dividends which has been approved after January 1st of 2014 has been set to 10%. Under the POL 1159/17.7.2015, the income tax rate for legal entities incomes arising from January 1^{st} 2015 τ he tax rate has been set to 29% from 26% and the advance on income tax paid has increased to 100% from 80%



According to par. 12 of article 72 of law 4172 of 2013 the tax-exempt reserves formed under the stipulations of law 2238/1994 may be either offset with tax losses with a tax rate 26% or distributed or capitalised and therefore subject to a taxation of 19%. Group and Company have not the intention of distributing them. In 2014 the amount of \mathfrak{E} 519.255 offsets tax-exempt reserves with the recognized tax losses.

28) Foreign exchange differences

Foreign exchange differences have recognised in the statement of comprehensive income as follows:

	CONSOLIDAT	ED FIGURES	COMPANY FIGURES		
Amounts in Euros	12 months until 31/12/2015	12 months until 31/12/2014	12 months until 31/12/2015	12 months until 31/12/2014	
Cost of sales	116.121	60.177	116.121	60.177	
Selling expenses	6.073.275	2.750.787	6.073.275	2.750.787	
Administration expenses	-4.116	-8.471	-4.116	-8.471	
Financial expenses	-1.094.700	171.130	-1.094.700	171.130	
Total	5.090.580	2.973.623	5.090.580	2.973.623	

29) Earnings per share

	CONSOLIDAT	TED FIGURES	COMPANY FIGURES	
Amounts in Euros	12 months until 31/12/2015	12 months until 31/12/2014	12 months until 31/12/2015	12 months until 31/12/2014
Profits/(loss) attributed to the parent company's shareholders	7.759.186	-5.555.555	3.213.085	-5.932.786
Weighted average number of shares	124.170.201	124.170.201	124.170.201	124.170.201
Basic profits/(loss) per share (Euros per share)	0,0625	-0,0447	0,0259	-0,0478

Basic earnings/(losses) per share

Basic profits/(loss) per share are calculated by dividing the profits/(loss) that corresponds to the parent company's shareholders, by the weighted average number of common shares during the period.

30) Operational cash flows

	CONSOLIDATE	D FIGURES	COMPANY FIGURES		
Amounts in Euros	1/1 until 31/12/2015	1/1 until 31/12/2014	1/1 until 31/12/2015	1/1 until 31/12/2014	
Profit/(loss) before tax	12.100.318	-4.908.713	5.468.462	-5.771.136	
Adjustments for:					
Depreciation of tangible assets (note 6)	8.558.223	8.495.308	8.529.797	8.471.171	
Amortization of operating lease rentals	90.682	90.682	90.682	90.682	
Profit from associate companies (note 8)	-1.510.501	-2.136.532	-	-	
(Profit)/Loss from sale of fixed assets (see below)	-	-72.753	-	-76.539	
(Profit) / losses from fixed assets disposal	9	-	-	-	
(Profit)/Loss from the fair market value of financial assets through results	2.856	-	2.856	-	
(Income) from interest (note 26)	-81.381	-122.496	-76.855	-111.597	
Interest expenses (note 26)	8.001.885	3.141.748	7.997.037	3.141.322	
(Income) from Dividends (note 33)	-	-	-705.000	-2.133.193	
Non-effective portion of derivatives (note 12)	-612.922	598.653	-612.922	598.653	
Provisions	-	-143.161	-	-143.161	
Employee benefits due to retirement (note 23)	221.751	185.093	221.751	185.093	
Impairment of inventories (note 10)	3.358.163	1.155.963	3.358.163	1.155.963	
Foreign exchange differences	-244.523	-409.650	-	-	
	29.884.560	5.874.142	24.273.971	5.407.258	
Change in working capital					
(Increase) / decrease of inventories	11.051.567	-34.480.105	9.545.589	-33.308.448	
(Increase) / decrease of receivables	45.248.666	-36.688.999	39.952.441	-29.855.906	
Increase / (decrease) of liabilities other than banks	-48.523.058	38.847.369	-43.086.960	32.321.075	
Increase / (decrease) of provisions	-	-849.263	-	-849.263	
Increase / (decrease) of employee benefits due to retirement	-99.277	-103.892	-99.277	-103.892	
	7.677.898	-33.274.890	6.311.793	-31.796.434	
Cash flow from operating activities	37.562.458	-27.400.748	30.585.764	-26.389.176	



Profits from sale of tangible fixed assets include:

	CONSOLID	ATED FIGURES	COMPANY FIGURES		
Amounts in Euros	1/1 until	1/1 until	1/1 until	1/1 until	
	31/12/2015	31/12/2014	31/12/2015	31/12/2014	
Net book value (note 6)	-	3.644.785	-	3.622.861	
Profit / (Loss) from the sale of fixed assets	-	72.753	-	76.539	
Revenues from sale of fixed assets	-	3.717.538	-	3.699.400	

31) Commitments

Capital commitments

The capex in progress at 31/12/2015 amounting to € 1.684.800 are related to machinery and other fixed assets.

Liabilities from operating leases

The Group leases transportation means and buildings, based on operating leases. These leases have various terms, readjustment clauses and renewal rights. With regard to real estate lease contracts, no special term are stipulated for their rescission. Pursuant to the applicable general provisions, the lessee has the right to rescind the contract, provided a period of two years has lapsed from the date the lease has been concluded and a notice has been served six months prior thereto. Following the lapse of the aforementioned six-month period the lessee is obliged to pay the lessor as indemnification an amount equal to four months of lease, based on the last applicable rent. With regard to transportation means, lease contracts may be terminated at any time without notice, however the lessee must pay an early termination penalty that ranges between 2 to half of the remaining due leasing fees, depending on the company with which the contract has been concluded.

The future total payable leasing fees are illustrated below:

Amounts in Euros	CONSOLIDA	TED FIGURES	COMPANY FIGURES		
AIIIOUIIIS III EUIOS	31/12/2015	31/12/2014	31/12/2015	31/12/2014	
Less than 1 year	280.231	507.581	245.104	404.604	
1-5 years	459.674	1.481.364	459.674	1.447.515	
Over 5 years	-	285.782	-	285.782	
Total	739.905	2.274.727	704.778	2.137.901	

32) Contingent receivables/liabilities

a) The Company has contingent liabilities related to bank guarantees, issued in the framework of its ordinary course of business. The said contingent liabilities are shown below:

Amount in Furno	CONSOLIDA	TED FIGURES	COMPANY FIGURES		
Amount in Euros	31/12/2015	31/12/2014	31/12/2015	31/12/2014	
Guarantees to suppliers	3.269.000	14.253.290	3.269.000	14.253.290	
Total	3.269.000	14.253.290	3.269.000	14.253.290	

b) The cases in court or under arbitration that are pending at the balance sheet date are shown below:

Amounts in Euros	CONSOLIDA	ATED FIGURES	COMPANY FIGURES		
Amounts in Euros	31/12/2015	31/12/2014	31/12/2015	31/12/2014	
Other lawsuits	143.622	143.622	143.622	143.622	
Contractual obligations	-	-	-	-	
Total	143.622	143.622	143.622	143.622	

The Company and the Group, in case of negative result of the above cases, has formed a provision of a total amount of $\in 137.753$ and see note 20 (2014: $\in 137.753$ Group and Company).



The total amount of provisions that have been formed is deemed sufficient and no additional burden is expected to arise (note 20).

c) On 31/12/2015, there were pending lawsuits against third parties. It is impossible to reach a reliable estimation of future financial benefits from a positive outcome of the said cases.

33) Related party transaction

Group is controlled by VIOHALCO SA. incorporated in Belgium that owns 85,88% of the company's shares. The remaining 14,12% of the shares are free floated.

The following transactions are with related parties:

(i) Sales

Amounts in Finan	CONSOLIDA	TED FIGURES	COMPANY FIGURES		
Amounts in Euros	31/12/2015	31/12/2014	31/12/2015	31/12/2014	
Sales of goods					
Subsidiaries	-	-	200.483.698	55.089.779	
Other related parties	8.529.559	6.584.403	8.529.559	6.584.403	
	8.529.559	6.584.403	209.013.257	61.674.182	
Sales of services					
Subsidiaries	-	-	-	-	
Other related parties	645.959	665.009	641.459	657.509	
	645.959	665.009	641.459	657.509	
Sales of fixed assets					
Subsidiaries	-	-	-	-	
Other related parties	-	3.620.000	-	3.620.000	
	-	3.620.000	-	3.620.000	
Dividend income					
Associates	801.440	2.022.388	-	-	
Subsidiaries	-	-	705.000	2.133.193	
Other related parties	-	-	-	-	
	801.440	2.022.388	705.000	2.133.193	

(ii) Purchases

Amounts in Euros	CONSOLIDAT	ED FIGURES	COMPANY FIGURES		
Amounts in Euros	31/12/2015	31/12/2014	31/12/2015	31/12/2014	
Purchase of goods					
Subsidiaries	-	ı	1	-	
Other related parties	6.602.860	20.279.710	6.602.860	1.040.702	
	6.602.860	20.279.710	6.602.860	1.040.702	
Purchase of services					
Subsidiaries	-	1	323.360	214.186	
Other related parties	5.080.230	4.261.563	5.080.230	4.261.563	
	5.080.230	4.261.563	5.403.590	4.475.749	
Purchase of fixed assets					
Subsidiaries	-	-	-	-	
Other related parties	2.173.504	1.806.537	2.173.504	1.806.537	
	2.173.504	1.806.537	2.173.504	1.806.537	
Purchase of equity shares					
Subsidiaries	-	-	-	-	
Other related parties	36.030	-	36.030	-	
	36.030	-	36.030	-	

(iii) Fees to member of the BoD and Management compensation

Amounts in Euros	CONSOLIDAT	ED FIGURES	COMPANY FIGURES		
Amounts in Euros	31/12/2015	31/12/2014	31/12/2015	31/12/2014	
Fees to member of the BoD and Management compensation	773.375	727.406	773.375	727.406	
Employment termination fees	-	42.335	-	42.335	
Total	773.375	769.741	773.375	769.741	



(iv) Balances at year end from sales and purchases of goods, services and fixed assets

Amounts in Euros	CONSOLIDAT	ED FIGURES	COMPANY FIGURES		
Amounts in Euros	31/12/2015	31/12/2014	31/12/2015	31/12/2014	
Receivables from related parties:					
Subsidiaries	-	-	1.069.526	32.066.877	
Other related parties	20.726.561	18.620.235	20.394.995	18.416.650	
Long term liabilities related land contribution in associated company	3.603.024	3.603.024	3.603.024	3.603.024	
Total	24.329.585	22.223.259	25.067.545	54.086.551	
Payables to related parties:					
Subsidiaries	-	-	75.940	1.688.810	
Other related parties	7.250.716	6.908.108	6.636.383	3.704.284	
Total	7.250.716	6.908.108	6.712.323	5.393.094	

Other related parties are subsidiaries of Viohalco Group.

Payables and receivables to and from affiliated entities do not have specific settlement terms and are non-interest bearing.

The amounts payable are related with purchase of goods and services.

It is noted, that in 2014, the Group sold goods amounting to € 9.587.953 (2014: € 6.345.514)) and € 1.447.073 (2014: € 296.227), through its related companies SIDMA S.A. and ANTIMET S.A. (acting as agents), respectively. The said transactions are not shown in the corresponding table. On the other hand, the receivables from the said sales € 5.093.083 (2014: € 2.575.116) and € 686.682 (2014: € 191.680), respectively, at 31/12/2015, are included in the corresponding table with the receivables from related parties, as stipulated by the agreements with the companies in question.

34) Other short-term financing liabilities

Amounts in Euros	Consolidated and Company figures
Balance at 01/01/214	19.597.096
Additions	30.881.711
Repayments of short term financing liabilities	-42.290.900
Balance at 31/12/2014	8.187.907
Additions	38.561.853
Repayments of short term financing liabilities	-46.749.761
Balance at 31/12/2015	-

During 2015 the Company proceeded to a Factoring financing contract and received the amount of € 38.561.853 (2014 € 30.881.711) fully repaid within 2015.

On 31/12/2015 the said liabilities are denominated in Euro and USD, and the period until the cash inflow is non interest bearing.

The interest is calculated based on a floating rate equal to the prevailing factoring rate (3 month Euribor plus spread for the amount in EUR and 3 month Libor plus spread for the amount in USD).

35) Unaudited fiscal years

For FY 2011 and thereafter, Greek Anonymous and Limited companies, whose financial statements must be audited, are under obligation to receive an "annual certificate" as stipulated in the paragraph 5, article 82 of Law N.2238/1994. The certificate is issued once the tax audit has been completed by the same legal financial controller or office performing the annual audit on the financial statements. Upon completion of the audit, the Legal Controller or office issues a "Tax Compliance Report" and forwards it to the Ministry of Economy within 10 days after the general shareholders meeting. The Ministry of Economy will sample 9% of the companies for



further control by its own audit department. This procedure may not last more than 18 months from the date of submission of the "Tax Compliance Report" to the Ministry of Economy.

Company

The company has been audited by the Tax Authorities until the Financial Year 2007.

For FY 2011, 2012, 2013 and 2014 PricewaterhouseCoopers performed the tax audit and a tax audit certificate was issued. There were no significant changes in tax obligations beside those recorded and presented in the Company's and Group's financial statements. For FY 2015 PricewaterhouseCoopers SA is performing the tax audit. On completion of the tax audit, Management do not expect significant changes in tax obligations beside those recorded and presented in the Company's and Group's financial statements.

Foreign subsidiaries and associates

Regarding the foreign subsidiaries and associated companies located abroad, they have not been audited from the tax authorities for the following fiscal years and since, their tax obligations for mentioned fiscal years are not finalized.

COMPANY	Unaudited fiscal years
CPW America Co	2007 - 2015
HUMBEL Ltd	2008 - 2015
WARSAW TUBULAR TRADING SP. ZO.O.	2009 - 2015
ZAO TMK-CPW	2013 - 2015
E.VI.KE.	2010 - 2015

For the unaudited financial years, the possibility of additional or increased tax exists upon the year that the audit will be performed.

Domestic associated companies

DIAVIPETHIV S.A has been audited by the Tax Authorities until the FY 2009.

For FY 2011, 2012, 2013 and 2014 ABACUS S.A. performed the tax audit and a tax audit certificate was issued. There were no significant changes in tax obligations beside those recorded and presented in the Company's and Group's financial statements. For FY 2015 ABACUS AE is performing the tax audit. On completion of the tax audit, Management do not expect significant changes in tax obligations beside those recorded and presented in the Company's and Group's financial statements.

The Group made a provision for additional tax based on the findings of the tax audit on prior years.

36) Auditor's fees

For year 2015, the auditor's fees, related to the Company's annual and mid-year audit of financial statements as well as for the tax certificate, amounted to \in 134.731 (2014: \in 134.377).

37) Post balance sheet events

On January 25th 2016, the Company acquired from the related company SOVEL SA 100% of the share capital of BET SA the total value of which is \in 6.102.984. The effect of the acquisition is not material for the Group.

There are no other post balance sheet events affecting the financial statements of the Group and Company.



E. Independent auditor's report

To the Shareholders of "CORINTH PIPEWORKS"

Report on the Audit of the Separate and Consolidated Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying separate and consolidated financial statements of CORINTH PIPEWORKS and its subsidiaries which comprise the separate and consolidated statement of financial position as of 31 December 2015 and the separate and consolidated statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and cash flow statement for the year then ended and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Management's Responsibility for the Separate and Consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these separate and consolidated financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards, as adopted by the European Union, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of separate and consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these separate and consolidated financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the separate and consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the separate and consolidated financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the separate and consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the separate and consolidated financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the separate and consolidated financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the separate and consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the CORINTH PIPEWORKS and its subsidiaries as at December 31, 2015, and their financial performance and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards, as adopted by the European Union.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

a) Included in the Board of Directors' Report is the corporate governance statement that contains the information that is required by paragraph 3d of article 43a of Codified Law 2190/1920.





b) We verified the conformity and consistency of the information given in the Board of Directors' report with the accompanying separate and consolidated financial statements in accordance with the requirements of articles 43a (par.3a), 108 and 37 of Codified Law 2190/1920.

Athens, 10 March 2016

The Certified Auditor Accountant Dino Michalatos SOEL Reg No 17701

> PwC S.A. 268 Kifissias Avenue 152 32 Chalandri Soel Reg No 113



Data and Information - Group and Company F.



Company's No in the Registry of S.A.: 1343/06/B/66/35 and General Commercial Reg. Number 264701000

Athens Tower, Building B', 2-4 Mesogeion Av., Athens
Financial data and information for the period from January 1, 2015 to December 31, 2015

(published as per L.2190/20, article 135, on companies preparing their annual financial statements, consolidated or not according to IFRS)

The figures and information illustrated below, aim at providing summary general information about the financial position and results of CORINTH PPEWORKS S.A. (the Company) and its GROUP. We advise the reader, before making any investment decision or other transaction concerning the Company, to visit the Company's web site where the condensed interim financial statements together with the report on the review, are uploaded.

Website: wv Date of approval by Board of Directors: Ma	ww.cpw.gr arch 7 2016									
	inistry of Development (depa	artment for limited compa	anies)							
		man, Fikioris Meletios -	Vice Chairman, Va	ssīlakis Adamandios - I	Member, Stavropoi	ulos Ioannis - Member, Galetas Nikolaos - Member, Kyriazis Andre	eas - Member			
	ichalatos Konstantinos RICEWATERHOUSECOOP	ERS, Auditfirm, S. A.								
	nqualified opinion									
STATEMENT	OF FINANCIAL POSITIO	N (consolidated and	company's) Amo	unts in €		STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSI	IVE INCOME (consoli	dated and company	's) Amounts in €	
VIA CINCAT	0111101101121001110	GROL	IP	COMPA	NY	O'MEMENT OF COMMINED END	GROU		COMPA	NY
		31-Dec-2015	31-Dec-2014	31-Dec-2015	31-Dec-2014	1	1 Jan - 31 Dec 2015 1	Jan - 31 Dec 2014	1 Jan - 31 Dec 2015 1	Jan - 31 Dec 2014
ASSETS						Turnover	296.223.582	188.190.375	257.169.631	161.310.383
Tangible fixed assets		183.615.498	155.057.553	183.510.427	154.990.812	Gross profit	69.797.509	19.210.640	61.457.610	16.734.763
Investments in associated companies Investments in subsidiary companies		10.925.002	12.771.781	1.073.950 11.381.209	1.073.950 11.345.179	Profit/(loss) before taxes, financing & investing results Financing and investing results	18.510.321 (6.410.003)	(4.025.993) (882.720)	12.683.644 (7.215.182)	(4.874.604) (896.532)
Deferred tax assets		180.080	11.229	-	-	Profit/(loss) before taxes	12.100.318	(4.908.713)	5.468.462	(5.771.136)
Financial assets		130.636	153.567	130.636	153.567	Taxaton	(4.341.132)	(646.842)	(2.255.377)	(161.650)
Inventories Trade receivables		69.316.312 16.288.079	83.726.044 43.284.112	67.985.707 15.637.833	80.889.459 27.002.215	Profit/(loss) after taxes (A) Altributable to :	7.759.186	(5.555.555)	3.213.085	(5.932.786)
Cash and cash equivalents		19.457.363	9.574.938	12.946.880	8.238.357	Owners of the parent company	7.759.186	(5.555.555)	3.213.085	(5.932.786)
Other assets		39.535.475	57.796.998	40.140.547	68.819.039	Minority interest	-	-	-	-
TOTAL ASSETS		339.448.445	362.376.222	332.807.189	352.512.578	Other comprehensive income after tax (B) Total comprehensive income after tax (A)+(B)	1.863.668 9.622.854	(10.927.089)	4.245.685 7.458.770	(4.634.318)
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES Share capital		96.852.757	96.852.757	96.852.757	96.852.757	Atributable to	9.022.034	(10.402.044)	7.438.770	(10.367.104)
Other equity items		52.588.084	42.965.230	48.190.041	40.731.271	Owners of the parent company	9.622.854	(16.482.644)	7.458.770	(10.567.104)
Total equity of the owners of the parent comp	pany (a)	149.440.841	139.817.987	145.042.798	137.584.028	Minority interest	-		-	
Minority interest (b)		149 440 841	139.817.987	145.042.798	137.584.028	Earnings per share after taxes - basic and reduced	9.622.854	(16.482.644) -0,0447	7.458.770	(10.567.104) -0.0478
Total equity (c)=(a)+(b) Long term loans		76.625.469	76.796.642	76.625.469	76.796.642	Profit/(loss) before taxes, financing & investing	0,0625		0,0259	
Provisions/other long term liabilities		1.361.011	1.372.878	1.361.011	1.372.878	results and depreciation	26.381.908	3.608.374	20.526.807	2.735.624
Deferred tax liabilities Financial items		16.995.159	13.093.993	16.815.599	13.076.382					
Short term loans		495.457 58.986.889	6.726.244 32.311.762	495.457 58.986.889	6.726.244 32.311.762	Additional data and information:				
Other short term liabilities		35.543.619	92.256.716	33.479.966	84.644.642	The companies of the Group with their respective countries of				cial statements:
Total liabilities (d)	(4)	190.007.604	222.558.235	187.764.391	214.928.550	Full consolidation method: CPW America Co	Participation P	ercentage holding	Country	
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES (c) + ((a)	339.448.445	362.376.222	332.807.189	352.512.578	CPW America Co	Indirect Direct	100% 100%	USA CYPRUS	
STATEMENT	FOF CHANGES IN EQUIT	Y (consolidated and	company's) Amo	unts in €		WARSAW TUBULAR TRADING SP.ZO.O.	Direct	100%	POLAND	
		GROL	IP	COMPA		E.VI.KE. SA	Direct	100%	GREECE	
Equity at the beginning of the period (1/1/20)	15 8 01/01/2014	31-Dec-2015	31-Dec-2014	31-Dec-2015	31-Dec-2014	Equity consolidation method ZAO TMK-CPW	Indirect	49,00%	RUSSIA	
respectively)		139.817.987	156.300.631	137.584.028	148.151.131	DIA.VI.PE.THIV. SA	Direct	21,75%	GREECE	
Total comprehensive income after tax (from		9.622.854	(16.482.644)	7.458.770	(10.567.104)	2. The financial statements of the company are consolidated in	n the full consolidation i	method in the financial	statements of S Viohalco	S.A incorporated in
Equity at the end of the period (31/12/2015 a respectively)	and 31/12/2014	149.440.841	139.817.987	145.042.798	137.584.027	Belgium, which participates in the company's share capital with 8				
respectively)						3. At the balance sheet date, there were lawsuits against the	Company (and the Gr	oup) amounting to € 1	137.753. Against the abor	ve mentioned cases
CASH	FLOW STATEMENT (con					provisions have been formed whenever deemed necessary				
		GROU 1 Jan - 31 Dec 2015 1		COMPA 1 Jan - 31 Dec 2015 1	NY Jan - 31 Dec 2014	amounting to €50.000. 4. The encumbrances on the Company's fixed assets amount to	£ 56 760 000 /2014-6	56 760 000)		
						5.In 2010, the Company has made an impairment to a receival			its overdue status. On 3	1/12/2015, the same
Operating activities						amount is valuated € 22.756.820. While Company's judicial activ	ons, both in Greece an	d other jurisdictions, for	r the collection of the afore	ementioned debt are
Profit/(loss) before taxes Adjustments for:		12.100.318	(4.908.713)	5.468.462	(5.771.136)	on-going and while no final judgments have been issued, the Co to € 11.417.597 (2014: € 10.258.936) that has formed in its fi				
Depreciation of tangible fixed assets		8.558.223	8.495.308	8.529.797	8.471.171	amount.	indical salaments. We	ilagement esamates an	iat poisitiai 1033 Will 1101 6	xceed sie inpaired
(Gains) / losses from sales of tangible fixed		-	(72.753)	-	(76.539)	The Court of Cassation in Dubai upheld the appeal of the Comp				
(Gains) / losses of fair value of financial ite results	ems in fair value through	2.856		2.856	-	counterdaim of Company's customer raised in the context of the Company's claim recognized irrevocably, and to refer back the				
Amortization of operating lease rentals		90.682	90.682	90.682	90.682	on assessment of the lawyers handling the legal case before the				
(Gains) / losses from fixed assets disposa	al	9	-	-	-	by Company's customer. Therefore, the Company believes to	that the likelihood of a	n outlow of resources	from the outcome of the	counterdaim of that
Interest income Interest expense		(81.381) 8.001.885	(122.496) 3.141.748	(76.855) 7.997.037	(111.597) 3.141.322	customer versus the Company is remote. In addition the Company to ensure its rights under the decision	n of the Eiret Instance (ourt of Athane issued i	in interim proceedings im	soeed pressufonary
Provisions		0.001.000	(143.161)	1.001.001	(143.161)	seizure and has registered mortgage liens, on third party prop				
Remuneration to retiring personnel		221.751	185.093	221.751	185.093	regarding the collection of the due amount.				
Income from dividends Non-effective portion of derivatives		(612.922)	598.653	(705.000) (612.922)	(2.133.193) 598.653	The company has been audited by the Tax Authorities until presented in note 35 are of the financial statements.	il the Fin.Year 2007. T	he unaudited financial	years concerning the Gro	oup's companies are
Impairment of inventories		3.358.163	1.155.963	3.358.163	1.155.963	Number of employees at the end of the current period: Group	440, Company 430 (3	1/12/2014: Group 416	i, Company 407).	
Profit from associate companies		(1.510.501)	(2.136.532)	-	-	8. Cumulative amounts of sales and purchases, since the be	ginning of the year an	d the balances of reco	eivables and payables of	f the Group and the
Foreign exchange differences Changes in working capital		(244.523)	(409.650)	-	-	Company at the end of the year, resulting from its transactions w	with associated parties, a Group	ccording to the IFRS 2 Company	24, are as follows:	
Decrease / (increase) of inventory		11.051.567	(34.480.105)	9.545.589	(33.308.448)	i) Sales of goods, services and fixed assets, shares	9.175.518 €	209.654.716 €		
Decrease / (increase) of receivables		45.248.666	(36.688.999)	39.952.441	(29.855.906)	 ii) Purchases of goods, services, fixed assets, 	13.892.624 €	14.215.984 €		
Increase/ (decrease) of liabilities (except I	loans)	(48.523.058)	38.847.369	(43.086.960)	32.321.075	iii) Receivables from associated parties	24.329.585 €	25.067.545 €		
Increase / (decrease) of provisions Increase / (decrease) of the liabilities for re	emuneration to refiring	-	(849.263)		(849.263)	iv) Payables to associated parties v) Directors' & Managers' remuneration	7.250.716 € 773.375 €	6.712.323 € 773.375 €		
personnel		(99.277)	(103.892)	(99.277)	(103.892)	vi) Income from dividends	801.440 €	705.000 €		
Interest paid Income tax paid		(7.891.695) (2.330.825)	(2.960.238) (246.509)	(7.886.847)	(2.959.812)	9. In the Income Statement, in the account "Taxation", are included	ded: provision for incon GROU		red tax, which are illustrat COMPAN	led below:
Total cash (used in) generated from op	perating activities (a)	27.339.938	(30.607.495)	22.698.917	(29.584.647)		31/12/2015	31/12/2014	31/12/2015	31/12/2014
	roroung activities (a)	21.333.330	(30.001.433)	22.030.31/	(20.304.04/)	Income tax Deferred tax	-2.092.411 € -2.248.721 €	-142.540 € -504.302 €	250 € -2.255.627 €	0 € -161.650 €
Investing activities Purchases of tangible fixed assets		(37.109.198)	(51.047.399)	(37.049.411)	(51.003.641)	10. The other comprehensive income after tax are :	-2.248.721 € GROU		-2.255.627 € COMPAN	
Sale of tangible fixed assets			3.717.539	-	3.699.400	_	31/12/2015	31/12/2014	31/12/2015	31/12/2014
Sale of financial assets at fair value through p		693.144	-	693.144	-	Translation differences from investment in associates	(2.382.017)	(6.292.770)	-	
Purchase of financial assets at fair value thro	ough profit or loss	(696.000)		(696.000)		Profit/(loss) after taxes arising from change of fair value of cash flow hedge	4.147.812	(4.393.472)	4.147.812	(4.393.471)
Interest received		81.381	122.496	76.855	111.597	Actuarial gains/(losses)	97.873	(240.847)	97.873	(240.847)
Income from dividends Acquisition of subsidiary		801.440 (3.794)	2.022.388	705.000 (36.030)	2.133.193	Other comprehensive income after tax	1.863.668	(10.927.089)	4.245.685	(4.634.318)
			(45.45.45.			11. The amount in the Balance Sheet, related to "Other equity its	ems", includes reserves	from the issuance of s	hares above par amount	ng to €27.427.850.
Total cash (used in) generated from inv	vesting activities (b)	(36.233.027)	(45.184.976)	(36.306.442)	(45.059.451)	12. On 31/12/2015, there were pending lawsuits against third pa	arties. It is impossible to	reach a reliable estim	ation of future financial be	nefits from a positive
Financing activities Proceeds from borrowings		129.639.817	65.546.220	129 639 817	65.546.220	outcome of the said cases. 13. Due to the change of the tax rate from 26% to 29%, an add	ditional tay linkility a	unting to 1 600 202 C -	murrad and afforded 4 -	recults of the oursest
Repayment of borrowings		(103.135.862)	(10.436.775)	(103.135.862)	(10.436.775)	period.	unonanax naomy amou	Inting to 1.050.363 € 0	iccurred and alleded the	results of the current
Other short term financial liabilities		(8.187.907)	(11.409.189)	(8.187.907)	(11.409.189)					
Total cash / (used in) generated from fi	inancing activities (c)	18.316.048	43.700.256	18.316.048	43.700.256					l
Net (decrease) / increase in cash and ca										
(a)+(b)+(c)	•	9.422.959	(32.092.215)	4.708.523	(30.943.842)					
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning		9.574.938	41.069.951	8.238.357	39.182.199					
Translation differences in cash and cash equ		459.465	597.202							l
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of	of the period	19.457.362	9.574.938	12.946.880	8.238.357					
						1				
					Athens, Ma	arch 1, 2016				
THE CHAIRMAN OF THE BOARD OF I	DIRECTORS	AME	MBER OF THE BO	ARD OF DIRECTOR	S	THE GENERAL MANAGER	THE FINANCIAL	DIRECTOR	THE ACCOUNTING	MANAGER
1										

IOANNIS STAVROPOULOS Id.C.No.: K 221209

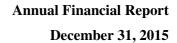
PAVLOS KOYMPIS Id. C. No.: AB 589945 E.C.G. Licence No. 0018936 A Clas



G. Information pursuant to article 10 of law 3401/2005

The company in application of the current legislation, has disseminated and made available to the investment community through its website www.cpw.gr as well as through the Athens Exchange website www.athex.gr, during last fiscal year 2015, the information contained in the following table:

SUBJECT	HERMES Reg. No.	DATE
Financial Statement in PDF format	2015/EXAE/H/1889	10/03/2015
Financial Statement in PDF format	2015/EXAE/H/1891	10/03/2015
Financial Statement	2015/EXAE/H/1880	10/03/2015
Financial Statement	2015/EXAE/H/1881	10/03/2015
Financial Statement	2015/EXAE/H/1913	11/03/2015
Financial Statement	2015/EXAE/H/1914	11/03/2015
Financial Statement in PDF format	2015/EXAE/H/1888	10/03/2015
Financial Statement in PDF format	2015/EXAE/H/1890	10/03/2015
Financial Statement in PDF format	2015/EXAE/H/1915	11/03/2015
Financial Statement in PDF format	2015/EXAE/H/1916	11/03/2015
IR RELEASE FY 14	2015/EXAE/H/1918	11/03/2015
IR RELEASE FY 14	2015/EXAE/H/1886	10/03/2015
Announcement FY14	2015/EXAE/H/1883	10/03/2015
Financial Calendar	2015/EXAE/H/1821	09/03/2015
Financial Calendar 2015 (correction of English translation)	2015/EXAE/H/1929	11/03/2015
NOTICE OF ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING	2015/EXAE/H/4649	30/04/2015
Announcement	2015/EXAE/H/4797	07/05/2015
RESOLUTIONS OF THE ANNUAL ORDINARY GENERAL SHAREHOLDERS MEETING	2015/EXAE/H/5382	22/05/2015
Financial Statement	2015/EXAE/H/5663	27/05/2015
Financial Statement	2015/EXAE/H/5664	27/05/2015
ANNOUNCEMENT FIRST QUARTER 2015 FINANCIAL RESULTS	2015/EXAE/H/5671	27/05/2015
Financial Statement in PDF format	2015/EXAE/H/5676	27/05/2015
Financial Statement in PDF format	2015/EXAE/H/5678	27/05/2015
Financial Statement in PDF format	2015/EXAE/H/5680	27/05/2015
Financial Statement in PDF format	2015/EXAE/H/5683	27/05/2015
Announcement	2015/EXAE/H/5427	25/05/2015
IR RELEASE	2015/EXAE/H/5686	27/05/2015
Announcement	2015/EXAE/H/8107	23/07/2015
Financial Statement	2015/EXAE/H/8838	26/08/2015
Financial Statement	2015/EXAE/H/8841	26/08/2015
Financial Statement in PDF format	2015/EXAE/H/8843	26/08/2015
Financial Statement in PDF format	2015/EXAE/H/8850	26/08/2015
Financial Statement in PDF format	2015/EXAE/H/8844	26/08/2015
Financial Statement in PDF format	2015/EXAE/H/8846	26/08/2015
Announcement	2015/EXAE/H/8842	26/08/2015
TAX CERTIFICATE FOR THE FISCAL YEAR 2014	2015/EXAE/H/11197	03/11/2015
TAP AWARDS CONTRACT TO CORINTH PIPEWORKS FOR ONSHORE LINE PIPE	2015/EXAE/H/11785	20/11/2015
Financial Statement	2015/EXAE/H/12032	25/11/2015
Financial Statement in PDF format	2015/EXAE/H/12038	25/11/2015
Financial Statement in PDF format	2015/EXAE/H/12039	25/11/2015
Financial Statement in PDF format	2015/EXAE/H/12041	25/11/2015
Financial Statement in PDF format	2015/EXAE/H/12042	25/11/2015
IR RELEASE	2015/EXAE/H/12043	25/11/2015
NINE MONTHS 2015 FINANCIAL RESULTS	2015/EXAE/H/12036	25/11/2015
Financial Statement	2015/EXAE/H/12034	25/11/2015
Financial Statement	2015/EXAE/H/12304	27/11/2015





The above "Annual Financial Statements" on December 31, 2015 and the attached notes were approved by the Company's Board of Directors in its meeting on March 7, 2016. The persons responsible for the compilation of the interim financial statements of the parent company and its group on December 31, 2015 and the attached notes and the accuracy of the data contained therein are: Konstantinos Bakouris, Chairman of BoD, Ioannis Stavropoulos, member of the BoD, Papavasiliou Apostolos, General Manager, Ioannis Dimitrios Papadimitriou, Financial Director, Koumpis Pavlos, Accounting Manager.

The Chairman of BoD	A member of the BoD	The General Manager	The Financial Director	Accounting Manager
Konstantinos Bakouris	Ioannis Stavropoulos	Papavasiliou Apostolos	Ioannis Dimitrios Papadimitriou	Koumpis Pavlos
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